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College of Engineering
Department of Civil Engineering**



STOCHASTIC MODELS OF MONTHLY FLOW OF GREATER ZAB RIVER

A Thesis

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BY

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بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

{وَاللَّهُ أَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً لِّقَوْمٍ يَسْمَعُونَ}

صَدَقَ اللَّهُ الْعَظِيمُ

(سورة النحل - الآية 65)

Dedication

- To my teacher who terminated his lifetime to be the lighted to my life way....
- To my family: My dear parents, my brothers, and my sisters
- To my wife and my sons
- To all people who love me and all that I love deeply.....

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Anees Kadhum Idrees Al-Saadi

Abstract

The Generation of synthetic river flow data is important in the planning, design and operation of water resources systems. In this study, two different methods of time series analysis are applied to monthly flow of Greater Zab River, which is one tributaries of Tigris River. Firstly, PARMA model is applied to monthly flow for the period from October 1933 to September 1992. Box-Cox transformation is used for each season in the model as it is considered the best transformation to normalize and standardize the data. Periodic autocorrelation function (PeACF) and periodic partial autocorrelation function (PePACF) are used for identification of the appropriate models for each season. The conditional maximum likelihood method is used to estimate the parameters of the models. Eight models of this type are considered for each season, i.e. (PARMA(1,0), PARMA(2,0), PARMA(0,1) PARMA(0,2) PARMA(1,1) PARMA(2,2) PARMA(1,2) PARMA(2,1)). However, the PARMA (1, 0) model is selected as the best model for each season by using AIC and SIC since this model gives minimum value of AIC and SIC compared with other above models. Portmanteau lack of fit test is used for diagnostic checking. The PARMA (1, 0) model is then used to find the future values for monthly flow for ten years from 1993 to 2002.

Secondly, SARIMA models for the same data of monthly flow of Greater Zab River from 1933 to 1992 are examined. The natural logarithmic method is used to normalize data and then first order simple and seasonal differencing is used. Autocorrelation function (ACF) and partial autocorrelation function (PACF) are used for model identification and the method of unconditional maximum likelihood is used to estimate the parameters of the models. Four models of this type are examined which are SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)₁₂, SARIMA(0,1,2)(0,1,1)₁₂, SARIMA(1,1,0)(1,1,0)₁₂, SARIMA(2,1,0)(1,1,0)₁₂ and SARIMA (0,1,1)(0,1,1)₁₂ since they correspond to the minimum value of AIC and SIC. Portmanteau lack of fit test is used as diagnostic checking. All of these models are used to find the future values of monthly flow for ten years from 1993 to 2002.

The future values of monthly flow as obtained using each of the two methods are compared with the historical values for the period from 1993 to 2002 by using the minimum forecasted error. The results showed that the SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)₁₂ is better than PARMA(1,0) in representing the original data for the Greater Zab river, for this reason we used the SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)₁₂ model to find the future values of monthly flow for ten years from 2003 to 2012.

Supervisors Certificate

We certify that preparation of this thesis entitled "***Stochastic Models of Monthly Flow of Greater Zab River***", was prepared by " ***Anees Kadhum Idrees AL- Saadi***" under our supervision at University of Babylon in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Science in Civil Engineering in field of specialization is ***Water Resources Engineering***.

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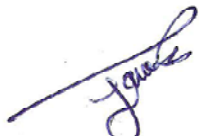
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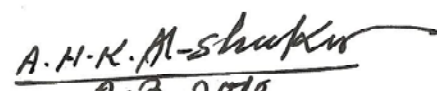
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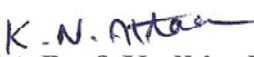
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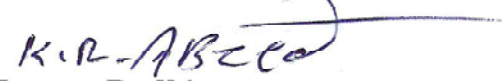
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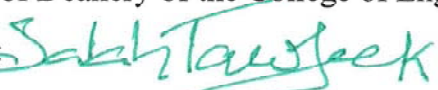
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List of Symbols

Symbol	Definition
ACF	Autocorrelation function
AR(p)	Autoregressive model of order (p)
ARIMA (p,d,q)	Autoregressive integrated moving average model of order (p) , (q) and degree of differencing (d)
a_t	The shock process (independent part of stochastic component) or white noise process.
$a_{r,m}$	Periodic white noise process at year (r) and month (m).
AIC	Akaike information criterion
AIC_m	Periodic Akaike information criterion at season m.
c_k	Autocovariance coefficient at lag k
c_o	Autocovariance coefficient at lag zero
C_k ,	Coefficients of kurtosis (non periodic and periodic)
C_s , $C_s)_m$	Coefficients of skewness (non periodic and periodic)
D	Degree of seasonal differencing (for seasonality removal).
d	Maximum number of differencing necessary to make the time series stationary in the mean.
F_t	Forecasted data at time t.
$F_{i,j}$	Future series at year (i) and month (j)
J_t	Jump component at time t.
k	Number of lags.
M	Maximum lag number.
MARE%	Mean absolute relative error.
MAE	Mean absolute error.
MSE	Mean square error.
N	No. of observations

PARMA (p,q)	Periodic autoregressive moving average model of order (p),(q).
PAR(p)	Periodic autoregressive model of order (p).
PMA(q)	Periodic moving average model of order (q).
p	Order of PAR (p) or PARMA (p, 0) model.
PACF	Partial autocorrelation function
PeACF	Periodic autocorrelation function
PePACF	Periodic partial autocorrelation function
P_t	Periodic or seasonal component at time t.
q	Order of PMA(p) or PARMA(0, q) model
Q_1	Box-Pierce chi-square statistics.
Q_2	Box-Ljung statistics.
Q_3	Li- Mcloed statistics.
r_k	Autocorrelation coefficient at lag k.
$r_{k,m}$	Periodic autocorrelation coefficient at lag k and season m.
$r_k^m(a_{r,m})$	Periodic autocorrelation coefficient of the residual component ($a_{r,m}$).
$r_k(a_t)$	Autocorrelation coefficient of the residual component (at).
SARIMA (p,d,q)	Multiplicative seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average model of order (p), (q) and degree of differencing (d).
S	Seasonal or periodic cycle such as 6, 12, 24 months, etc.
Sd_m	Seasonal standard deviation at season m.
S_a^2	Sampled Variance of residual.
SIC	Schwarz information criterion.
SIC_m	Periodic Schwarz information criterion at season m.
SS	Minimum sum of squares
S_m	Periodic minimum sum of squares at season m.
T_t	Trend component at time t.

$U_{\varepsilon/2}$	Deviate exceeded by a proportion 0.68 or 1.96.
W_t	Stochastic component at time t
$W_{i,j}$	Stochastic component at year i , and month j .
X_t	Time series observation at time t
$X_{r,m}$	Original series at month (m) and year (r)
$\bar{X}_r$	Annual mean at year r
$\bar{X}_m$	Seasonal mean at season m
Y_t	Stationary time series
$Y_{i,j}$	Normality series at month (j) and year (i)
Z_t	Normalized time series.
$\hat{Z}_t(\ell)$	Forecast series at origin time t and lead time ℓ .
$\hat{Z}_{r,m}(\ell)$	Forecast series at year r and month m and lead time ℓ .
$Z_{t+\ell} \pm$	Upper and Lower probability limits
α	Level of significance.
$\phi_{i,m}$	Periodic autoregressive parameter at season m .
$\theta_{j,m}$	Periodic moving average parameter at season m .
$\phi, \Phi, \theta, \Theta$	Parameters of the SARIMA models.
$\phi(\beta)$	Autoregressive operator of order p .
$\theta(\beta)$	Moving average operator of order q .
$\Theta_Q(\beta^S)$	Seasonal autoregressive operator of order Q .
$\Phi_P(\beta^S)$	Seasonal moving average operator of order P .
β^j	Backward shift operator of order j .
β^S	Seasonal backward shift operator of order S .
σ_a	Residual standard deviation.
σ_a^2	Variance of the white noise process (at).
$(\sigma_a^2)_m$	Periodic residuals variance at season m .
σ_j	The standard deviation at season j

μ_j	The mean at season j
$\sigma_{k,m}$	Periodic Autocovariance coefficients at lag k and season m.
$\sigma_{0,m}$	Periodic Autocovariance coefficients at lag zero and season m.
∇^d	Backward difference of order d.
∇_s^D	Seasonal backward difference of order D and season S.
∇_s	Seasonal difference at season s
λ	Power transformation constant
$\chi_\xi^2(k)$	The significant point expected by a proportion ξ of the χ^2 distribution , having k degree of freedom
ℓ	Lead time forecasts.

List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

ACF	Autocorrelation function.
AIC	Akaike information criterion.
AICc	Bias corrected Akaike information criterion.
Apr.	April.
AR	Autoregressive model.
ARI	Autoregressive integrated model.
ARIMA	Autoregressive integrated moving average model.
ARMA	Autoregressive moving average model.
ASCE	American Society for Civil Engineering.
Aug.	August.
BIC	Bayesian information criterion.
Cont.	Continuous.
Dec.	December.
DIR1	Direction 1.
DIR2	Direction 2.
LS	Least square = sum of squares.
FARIMA	Fractionally Differenced Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average model.
Feb.	February.
GA	Genetic Algorithm.
IMA	Integrate moving average model.
Jan.	January.
Jul.	July.
$\ln$	Natural Logarithm.
L.L	Lower Probability Limit.
MA	Moving average model.
MAE	Mean Absolute Error.

MAPE	Mean Absolute Percentage Error.
Mar.	March.
MARE%	Mean absolute relative error
MLE	Maximum Likelihood Estimate.
MPEVII	Mean Percent Error.
MSE	Mean Square Error.
Nov.	November.
Oct.	October.
PACF	Partial autocorrelation function.
PeACF	Periodic autocorrelation function.
PePACF	Periodic Partial autocorrelation function.
PeAR	Periodic Autoregressive.
PeMA	Periodic moving average.
RACF	Residual Autocorrelation function.
RMSE	Root mean square error.
SAR	Seasonal autoregressive model.
SARI	Seasonal autoregressive integrated model.
SARIMA	Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average model.
SARMA	Seasonal autoregressive moving average model.
SBC	Schwarz Bayesian criterion.
SIC	Schwarz information criterion.
Sep.	September.
SIMA	Seasonal Integrated moving average model.
SMA	Seasonal moving average model.
SS	Sum of squares.
U.L	Upper Probability Limit.

Chapter One
INTRODUCTION

1.1 Prelude

Time series analysis and modeling is an important tool in hydrology and water resources. It is used for building mathematical models to generate synthetic hydrologic records, to determine the likelihood of extreme events, to forecast hydrologic events, to detect trends and shifts in hydrologic records, and to fill in missing data and extend records. Synthetic river flow series are useful for determining the dimensions of hydraulic works, for flood and drought studies, for optimal operation of reservoir systems, for determining the risk of failure of dependable capacities of hydroelectric systems, for planning capacity expansion of water supply and irrigation systems, and for many other purposes (Salas *et. al*, 1985; Salas, 1993). For example, hydrologic drought properties (severity and duration) of various return periods are needed to assess the degree to which a water supply system will be able to cope with future droughts and, accordingly, to plan alternative water supply strategies(Tesfaye, 2005).

A model that describes the probability structure of a sequence of observations is called a "*stochastic process*". A time series of N successive observations $Z_t = (Z_1, Z_2, \dots, Z_n)$ is regarded as a sample realization from an infinite population of such samples, which could have been generated by the process. Time series consists of deterministic and nondeterministic part. The Deterministic part is represented by jump, trend, and seasonal components while the nondeterministic part is represented by the stochastic component. This Stochastic component contains a dependent and independent part (Box and Jenkins, 1976). An important

feature of time series is the stationarity. Stationarity of time series means that statistical properties are the same over time, i.e. such a time series fluctuates around a fixed mean value (Caldwell, 2006). The time series is nonseasonal or seasonal and nonstationarity or stationarity, the dependent part of the stochastic component can be represented by stochastic models. In the case nonseasonal and stationarity, stochastic models are represented by autoregressive (AR), moving average (MA), and autoregressive moving average (ARMA) models. Another classes of stochastic models which represent nonseasonal nonstationarity time series are autoregressive integrated (ARI), integrated moving average (IMA), and autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) models. Seasonal and stationarity models can be represented by seasonal autoregressive (SAR), seasonal moving average (SMA), and seasonal autoregressive moving average (SARMA) models ,while seasonal and nonstationarity time series models represent by seasonal autoregressive integrated (SARI), seasonal integrated moving average (SIMA), seasonal autoregressive Integrated moving average (SARIMA) models, periodic autoregressive (PAR), periodic moving average (PMA) and periodic autoregressive moving average models. These models in all types may be for a single site, multisite, univariate, or multivariate stochastic process (Box and Jenkins, 1976).

The statistical characteristics of hydrologic series are important deciding factors in the selection of the type of model. For example, in most cases known in nature, river flows have significant periodic behavior in the mean, standard deviation and skewness. In addition to these periodicities, they show a time correlation structure that may be either constant or periodic. Such serial dependence or autocorrelation in river flow series usually arises from the effect of storage, such as surface, soil, and ground storages, which cause the water to remain in the system through subsequent time periods. The common procedure in modeling such periodic river

flow series is first to standardize or filter the series and then fit an appropriate stationary stochastic model to the reduced series (Salas et al., 1980; Salas, 1993; Chen and Rao, 2002). However, standardizing or filtering most river flow series may not yield stationary residuals due to periodic autocorrelations. In these cases, the resulting model is misspecified (Tiao and Grupe, 1980).

Univariate stochastic models are widely used and in these models variables are separated from each other. Other models are used in the generation of multivariate synthetic sequences, where the sequences may pertain stations, seasons, or combination of stations and seasons which are called multivariate models. Single site models deal with the variables at a certain point (the correlation exists in time only), while multisite models deal with the correlations in both time and space. (Matalas, 1967, quoted Al-Ta'ee, 2009).

1.2 Objectives of the Present Study

The main objectives of the present study are:

1. Applying periodic autoregressive moving average (PARMA) model and Fitting Box-Jenkins multiplicative seasonal models (SARIMA) to represent monthly flow data for Zab River.
2. Comparing the result of the two models which are mentioned above and select the best model for forecasting ten years from 2003 to 2012. These forecasted values are computed based on the 95 percent probability limits.

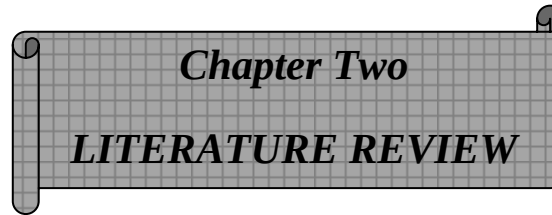
1.3 Organization of the Thesis

The present thesis consists of seven chapters:

- Chapter One (Introduction) includes a general introduction, objectives of time-series analysis, characteristics of hydrological time series, description

of the study area and data, objectives of the present study and organization of the research.

- Chapter Two (Review of Literature) presents a brief description of previous studies on stochastic models.
- Chapter Three (Theoretical Background for stochastic method) is devoted to define components of time series, stationarity and normality of time series. Autocorrelation and periodic autocorrelation analysis, removal of periodic or seasonal component, building PARMA and SARIMA models and methods of forecasting are also described.
- Chapter Four (Application of PARMA Model and Fitting SARIMA model) applies PARMA models and Fitting SARIMA model, the monthly flow data of the Greater Zab river is normalized and standardized
- Chapter five (Forecasting) uses $PARMA_{12}(1, 0)$ model and SARIMA model to forecast future values of flow.
- Chapter six presents Conclusions and Recommendations.



Chapter Two

LITERATURE REVIEW

2. Introduction

Time series analysis is a major tool in forecasting of hydrological elements. Some of available reviews of stochastic models in various regions of world as well as Iraq are presented here in historical sequence as shown in the following subsections.

2.1 Studies on Time Series from Other Countries

Lohani and Wang, (1987) used AR(1) model to represent 12 monthly water quality parameters taken at three stations on Chung Kang river in Taiwan. Five years of data (1976–1980) were used for basic analysis and the data in the sixth year (1981) were used for the comparison of the results forecasted from the time series model. Different types of transformation were used such as square root, logarithmic, and power transformation. Autocorrelation function (ACF) and partial autocorrelation function (PACF) were used for model identification. Maximum likelihood estimate (MLE) was used to estimate the model parameters. Akaik information criterion (AIC) was used as diagnostic checking. It was found that the AR(1) model was the suitable model for these data.

Mcleod, et. al., (1987) combined river flow forecasts by taking two case studies, the usefulness of combination techniques for improving forecasts was examined. In the first study, a transfer function–noise (TFN) model, a periodic autoregressive (PAR) model, and a conceptual model were employed to forecast quarter-monthly river flows. In the second study, PAR models and seasonal autoregressive Integrated

moving average (SARIMA) models were used to forecast monthly river flow. Combining the individual forecasts from these two statistical time series models did not result in significantly better forecasts. The PAR model appeared to be a more suitable model for monthly river flows.

Jayawardena and Lai, (1989) used AR(1) model, AR(2) model, and a higher order autoregressive moving average (ARMA (5, 8)) model to represent 21 years (1965-1985) of mean monthly water quality data in the Guangzhou reach of the Pearl River in the southern China. Eighteen years of data was used for model development while the model performance was compared with the data for the remaining three years. The turning point test and Kendall's rank correlation test were used for the detection of the trend component and it was removed by fitting a regression equations. The autocorrelation and spectral analysis were used for detection the periodicity. The stochastic component of the series was obtained by subtracting the periodic mean and it was standardized by dividing the periodic standard deviations. The comparison between observed and generated series were found to be satisfactory.

Bell, (1993) compared seasonal ARIMA models as presented in Box and Jenkins (1970) with ARIMA component (structural) models as presented in Harvey (1989). Both models were augmented as appropriate with the same regression variables to account for calendar effects, level shifts, and additive outliers. The comparison showed that all ARIMA component (structural) models tended to provide a poor fit to the sort of time series seasonally adjusted by the Census Bureau.

Smadi, (1994) compared three estimation methods, namely the method of moments, method of conditional LS, and method of conditional ML, theoretically and also through a simulation study for three different PAR models and investigated their behaviors for various cases. He showed that all methods produce estimates which are close to

the actual values of the parameters and conditional LS estimates and conditional ML estimates of the PAR parameters are same; and also identical to moment estimates except for some initial seasons in which some observations are lost. Finally, he concluded that the conditional LS estimates are superior to moment estimation in terms of bias and mean squared error.

Ula and Smadi, (1997) showed that periodic covariance stationarity conditions for univariate and multivariate PARMA processes could be reduced to eigenvalue problems which are analytically easier to deal with. The ω -span lumping over all ω periods and the p -span lumping of the p th order PAR process over p periods are investigated respectively and it is shown that the p span lumping provides the periodic stationarity conditions in an analytically simpler form as compared to the ω -span lumping in case of $p < \omega$. Whatever the AR order p^* of the lumped vector is, the stationarity conditions can be reduced to an eigenvalue problem.

Ooms and Franses, (1998) proposed a new periodic model where long memory characteristics at yearly lags, so called seasonal long memory, varied from month to month to the Fraser river in Netherlands. The model specification was motivated by examining sample periodic autocorrelation functions for monthly river flows at long yearly lags. Based on simple time series plots and periodic sample autocorrelations, they documented that monthly river flow data displayed long memory. In addition to pronounced seasonality. Gaussian Maximum Likelihood month by month was used to estimate the model.

Anderson, et.al., (1999) developed the innovations algorithm for periodically stationary processes and showed how to obtain estimates for the parameters of the PARMA model.

Basawa and Lund, (1999) studied the asymptotic properties of parameter estimates for casual and invertible PARMA models and derived a general limit result for PARMA parameter estimates with a moving average component.

Lund and Basawa, (1999) studied analysis problems with periodically correlated (PC) time series. Frequency domain test to detect periodicities in the autocovariance structure of an observed series was presented. A PARMA model was introduced as useful class of PC time series models. Comparisons to seasonal Box-Jenkins models was made. Moment, Maximum likelihood and estimation equation techniques of estimation was considered. Limit distributions of parameter estimates was discussed.

Trajkovic, (1999) used three models to represent 15 years (1961-1975) of monthly reference crop evapotranspiration in the area of Nis, Yugoslavia. Ten years (1961-1970) were used for basic analysis and the other five years (1971-1975) were used for the comparison of the results obtaining from three models. These models were (i) two simple mathematical models (yearly differencing (YD) model and monthly average (MAV) model) and (ii) SARIMA model of order $(0, 0, 0) \times (1, 1, 1)_{12}$. The application of YD and MAV models was successful because of the domination of seasonal component in the evapotranspiration time series. The minimum value of each mean square error (MSE), maximum absolute error (MXE), mean absolute error (MAE), and mean percent error (MPEVII) for July was used for the comparison between the results from the three models from 1971 to 1975. Then, SARIMA found a very effective and reliable prediction model.

Ahmad, et. al., (2001) used three different approaches of stochastic modelling: (i) multiplicative ARIMA model, (ii) deseasonalized model using Fourier series technique, and (iii) set of Thomas–Fiering model for

various months to model 10 years (1981-1990) of monthly mean water quality data consisting of six water quality parameters at ten typical locations along the river Ganges in India. The multiplicative ARIMA models having both nonseasonal and seasonal components were, in general, identified as appropriate models. In the deseasonalize modeling approach, the lower order ARIMA models were found appropriate for the stochastic components. The set of Thomas– Fiering models were formed for each month for all water quality parameters. These models were used to forecast the future values. The error estimates of forecasts, which were computed by root mean square error (RMSE) and mean absolute percentage error (MAPE), from the three approaches were compared to identify the most suitable approach for the reliable forecast. The deseasonalize modeling approach was recommended for forecasting of water quality parameters.

Lehmann and Rode, (2001) studied the analysis of weekly data samples from the river Elbe at Magdeburg in German for 13 years period from 1984 to 1996 to investigate the changes in metabolism and water quality in this river since the German reunification in 1990. Autoregressive component models and ARIMA models were used to reveal the improvement of water quality due to reduction of waste water emissions since 1990 and to determine the long term and seasonal behavior of important water quality variables. ARIMA model was identified by ACF and PACF plots. The maximum likelihood parameter estimation procedure was used to estimate the ARIMA model parameters and the diagnostic check was done. The trend and seasonal behavior of almost water quality indicators differed significantly in the periods before and after 1990.

Ula and Smadi, (2003) studied the identification of periodic moving-average (PMA) models by using periodic autocorrelation function

(PeACF) and considered the identification of PAR models by using periodic partial autocorrelation function (PePACF).

Kihoro, et. al., (2004) compared the performance of artificial neural networks (ANN) model and seasonal ARIMA model in forecasting of seasonal monthly time series. Three data sets were used for this study: (i) 12 years of monthly totals in thousands of international airline passengers from January 1949 to December 1960, (ii) 13 years monthly totals in thousands of world tourists visiting Kenya from January 1971 to December 1983, and (iii) 20 years of monthly mean air temperature at Nottingham Castle from January 1920 to December 1939. For each data set a seasonal ARIMA model was fitted to the first N-12 values after appropriate transformation of the raw data (natural log for airline data, divided by range for tourists data, and none for air temperature data). The best model was found by inspecting Akaik information criterion (AIC), bias corrected Akaik information criterion (AICc), and Bayesian information criterion (BIC) for the minimum. Box-Ljung statistics (Qc) was used to check the diagonosis of models

Kurunc, et .al., (2005) evaluated the forecasting performance of two modeling methods, ARIMA and Thomas–Fiering method, for selected water quality constituents and stream flow of the Yesilirmak River at Durucasu monitoring station in Turkey. For this purpose 18 years (1984–2001) of monthly mean water data and monthly stream flow were used to obtain the best model. 13 years (1984–1996) were used for analysis and 5 years (1997-2001) were used for the comparison of observed to generated data. The model with the minimum Schwarz Bayesian criterion (SBC) value was selected as the best model. The results of forecast accuracy were measured by root mean square error (RMSE) and mean absolute error (MAE) for two approaches. Thomas–

Fiering model presented more reliable forecasting of water quality constituents and streamflow than ARIMA model.

Mahpol, (2005) introduced new approach in making a forecast by combining the Box-Jenkins methodology for SARIMA model and Genetic Algorithm (GA). Data used in this study were collected from the year 1996 until year 2003 that had been classified into total monthly electricity generated in kWh unit. This study proposed the possibility of using GA's approach as one of the unique forecasting method. It also represented a preliminary work in this research and practices of GA.

Tesfaye, (2005) studied the modeling of the periodic hydrological time series in general and river flows in particular. The innovations algorithm was used to obtain estimates of certain model parameters. Asymptotic distribution for the innovations estimates and model parameter were used with general technique for identifying the periodic autoregressive moving average (PARMA) models. Monthly river flow data for Fraser River in British Columbia and the Salt River Arizona were used in a detailed simulation study to test the effectiveness of the innovation estimation procedures and asymptotic as a method for PARMA model identification, to illustrate residual modeling procedure and to prove the ability to generate realistic synthetic river flow. The asymptotic distribution of the discrete Fourier transform of the innovation estimates and PARMA model parameters was developed to obtain a parsimonious model. The applicability of these methods was demonstrated by using weakly river flow data for the Fraser River.

Yurekli, et. al., (2005) tested the residuals from the ARIMA models fitted to monthly stream flow data by alternative methods for three gauging stations located on the Cekerek Stream watershed in Turkey. Independence analysis of the residuals was examined by using the Ljung-

Box Q statistic, runs test, and turning point test. The selected parsimony model for each data set among the ARIMA models fulfilled the diagnostic checks considering the Schwarz Bayesian criterion (SBC). The simple linear regression approach was applied to explain the association between the observed and predicted monthly data sequences. The results from the regression analysis supported the existence of a statistically significant linear relationship between the observed and predicted data.

Nochai and Nochai, (2006) used Box-Jenkins technique to develop model for three types of oil palm price of Thailand in three types as farm price, wholesale price, and pure oil price for the period of five years (2000–2004). Ljung-Box Q statistic was used to check the diagnosis of model. Finding of the appropriate ARIMA model for forecasting in three types of oil palm price was done according to the minimum of mean absolute percentage error (MAPE). ARIMA model for forecasting farm price of oil palm was found ARIMA (2, 1, 0), ARIMA model for forecasting wholesale price of oil palm was found ARIMA (1, 0, 1) or ARMA(1, 1), and ARIMA model for forecasting pure oil price of oil palm was found ARIMA (3, 0, 0) or AR(3).

Sabry, et. al., (2007) used Box and Jenkins technique to predict daily traffic volume of 14 years (1990–2003) of average annual, average monthly, and average weekly daily traffic volume on a street in both directions (DIR1 and DIR2) for Tanta–Mansoura, Egypt. Years from 1990 to 2002 were used in building model. The resulting models were used to forecast traffic volumes for year 2003. The forecasted traffic volumes were then compared with the actual traffic volumes in 2003. The best estimated model for forecasting average annual daily traffic volume had been found the ARIMA (1, 0, 0) model for DIR1 and ARIMA (3, 0, 0) model for both DIR2 and TOTAL. The best estimated model for forecasting average monthly daily traffic volume had been found

SARIMA (3, 0, 0)×(3, 0, 0)₁₂ model for DIR1, SARIMA (3, 0, 0)×(2, 0, 0)₁₂ model for DIR2, and SARIMA (2, 0, 0)×(2, 0, 0)₁₂ model for TOTAL. While in forecasting average weekly daily traffic volume, it had been found that the best estimate model is the SARIMA (2, 0, 0)×(2, 0, 0)₅₂ model for each DIR1, DIR2, and TOTAL. SARIMA model was considered the best in forecasting short terms such as average monthly and average weekly daily traffic but was not accurate in forecasting long periods such as average annual daily traffic.

Gautier, (2007) used periodic models, where the parameters vary periodically with time, estimation of PARMA models was considered. Least squares were used to estimate of parameters. PARMA model was fitted with intercepts to the observed series can be asymptotically more efficient than fitting a PARMA model without intercepts to the mean-corrected series. Applications of PARMA models to a real series dealing with French motorway traffic. A comparison with seasonal ARIMA models was also presented.

2.2 Previous Applications of Time Series to Data from Iraq

Shaker, (1986) used singlesite AR(1) model, ARIMA(1, 0, 1) model, and multisite autoregressive model (Matalas model) for four flow stations on the Tigris river in Iraq. These models were used for daily stream flow of Tigris river at Mosul, Fatha, Baghdad, and Kut station for the period from 1936 to 1982. T-test was used for detecting nonhomogeneity and split sample method was used for removing it. The homogeneous series was normalized using a power transformation. The periodicity was detected by the correlogram technique and removed by harmonic analysis. The ARIMA (1, 0, 1) model was found to be the most attractive one and the comparison between generated and observed data was found to be satisfactory.

Al-Husseini, (2000) used AR(1) model, MA(1) model, and ARMA(1, 1) model as univariate models and first order multivariate model (Matalas model) to fit stochastic component of eight years (1992-1998) of monthly mean water quality parameter at Hilla station, middle Euphrates region of Iraq. Nonhomogeneity in mean and standard deviation was detected by t- testing and removing through using split sample method. Periodicity was detected by correlogram technique and removed by Fourier analysis. The ACF and PACF were used for model identifications. Univariate stochastic model was proved good in forecasting the concentrations of all parameters except hardness which was represented by Matalas model. The comparison was found to be satisfactory.

Mahmood, (2000) applied AR(1) model, AR(2) model, and ARIMA(1, 1, 1) model to analyze monthly time series of water quality data for 10 years (1991–1998) which included ten parameters on the Euphrates river at kufa city, Iraq. Eight years were used for basic analysis and the other two years were used for the comparison of the results. Common log was used in the series normalization and ACF and PACF were used for model identification. The seasonal component was not existed in these types of observations. The comparison was found to be satisfactory.

Al-Tikriti, (2001) used singlesite AR(1) model to model seven parameters of average weekly water quality data for 14 years (1984–1997) in discharges at two stations on Euphrates river (Hindiya and Samawa station) in Iraq. Ten years of data (1984–1993) were used for building the stochastic model and the last four years (1994–1997) were used for the checking of model acceptability. Nonhomogeneity was removed by using split sample method. The periodicity was detected by

correlogram technique and removed by harmonic analysis. The single site autoregressive model with first order (AR(1)) was found convenient for the parameter in the two stations while multisite model was not used because of the weak correlation between the two stations. The comparison of the statistical parameters of these records and with generated series was found to be acceptable.

Al-Mousawi, (2003) applied two stochastic singlesite autoregressive models with first order (AR(1)) and multisite model with first order (AR(1) Matalas model) to model eight hydrochemical parameters of monthly water quality data (raw water and water supply) for 15 years (1987–2001) in discharges at four stations (Hindya, Hilla, Hssien, and Hashimiya) on Hilla river (branch of Euphrates river in Iraq). Twelve years of data (1987-1998) were used for basic analysis and model building and the remaining three years (1999- 2001) were used to check the models acceptability. Nonhomogeneity was detected by suitable statistical tests and removed by split sample method. Power transformation was used to transform data to normal distribution. Periodicity was detected by correlogram technique and removed by harmonic analysis. Multisile model was used to study the cross correlations between the stations. This model was found to be adequate to describe the process. The singlesite first order autoregressive model (AR(1)) was found to be adequate for all stations. The comparison of the statistical parameters of observed and generated series was found to be satisfactory.

Abed, (2007) used two stochastic methods, ARMA models and SARIMA models (Box-Jenkins seasonal models), in analyzing seven parameters of monthly water quality data for 13 years (1992–2004) in discharges at three stations (Hindya, Kufa, and Diwaniya station) on the middle Euphrates region of Iraq. Ten years of data (1992-2001) were

used for basic analysis and the last three years (2002-2004) were used for comparison between observed data and forecasted data in each method to choose the suitable method. The guide of the choice from these two methods is the minimum mean absolute relative error (MARE). In building ARMA models, the split sample method was used to test nonhomogeneity of mean and standard deviation and linear regression equation for both annual means and standard deviation was used to remove nonhomogeneity (trend component). Different types of transformations were used such as Box-Cox, square root, and logarithmic transformation. Autocorrelation analysis was used to test periodicity or seasonality of data and harmonic method was used to removed seasonality. ACF and PACF were used for model identification and the conditional likelihood function was used to choose the best model according to minimum sum of squares. Akaik information criterion (AIC), Portmanteau lack of fit, and residual autocorrelation function (RACF) were used as diagnostic checking. In building Box-Jenkins seasonal (SARIMA) model, the natural logarithm (ln) was used to normalize data. First order simple and first order seasonal differencing was used. ACF and PACF were used for model identification and the unconditional likelihood function was used to choose the best model according to minimum sum of squares. Portmanteau lack of fit test was used as diagnostic checking.

Al-Ta'ee, (2009) used three methods of analysis, to record rainfall and evaporation from Hilla and other seven neighbouring meteorological observing stations. Firstly, Thiessen's polygon method was used to calculate monthly mean rainfall for Babylon Governorate. The same polygons were used to calculate monthly mean evaporation for Babylon. Secondly, the Penman method was modified using Hilla record of evaporation to calibrate the three equations that were used by Penman.

New equations which were applicable to Hilla were different from those originally suggested by Penman for England that was presented so that computed evaporation was very close to the observed one. Thirdly, a Box-Jenkins seasonal model (SARIMA model) was applied to Hilla records of monthly evaporation and monthly rainfall which consists of twenty-nine years of records from 1978 to 2006. The natural logarithm ($\ln$) was used to normalize data. Then, first order simple and seasonal differencing was used. Autocorrelation function (ACF) and partial autocorrelation function (PACF) was used for model identification. Unconditional likelihood function was used to choose the best model corresponding to minimum sum of squares. Portmanteau lack of fit test was used as diagnostic checking.

Chapter Three
STOCHASTIC METHODS

3.1 Components of Time Series

Time series as a sequence of observations ordered by a time parameter, time series may be measured continuously or discretely, if the set is continuous, the time series is said to be continuous. If the set is discrete, the time series is said to be discrete. (Yaffee and McGee, 1999). If future values of a time series are exactly determined by some mathematical function, the time series is said to be deterministic. If the future values can be described only in terms of probability distribution, the time series is said to be nondeterministic or simply a statistical time series (Box and Jenkins, 1976).

Time series may consist of four components depending on the type of variable and the average time interval. These components may exist in monthly time series, which may be formulated by:

$$X_t = J_t + T_t + P_t + W_t, \dots\dots\dots(3-1)$$

where X_t is the time series observations at time t ($= 1, 2, 3, \dots, N$), J_t is the Jump component, T_t is the trend component, P_t is the periodic or seasonal component, W_t is the stochastic component, and N is the number of Observations. These components are shown in Figure 3.1.

When the components are nonlinearly related, the relationship (Equation 3-1) can often be made linear by taking logarithms (Jayawardena and Lai, 1989). Jump, trend, and periodic components represent the deterministic part of the process

while the stochastic component represents the nondeterministic part. Therefore, the first three components should be detected and identified by suitable formulations and decomposed from the stochastic component.

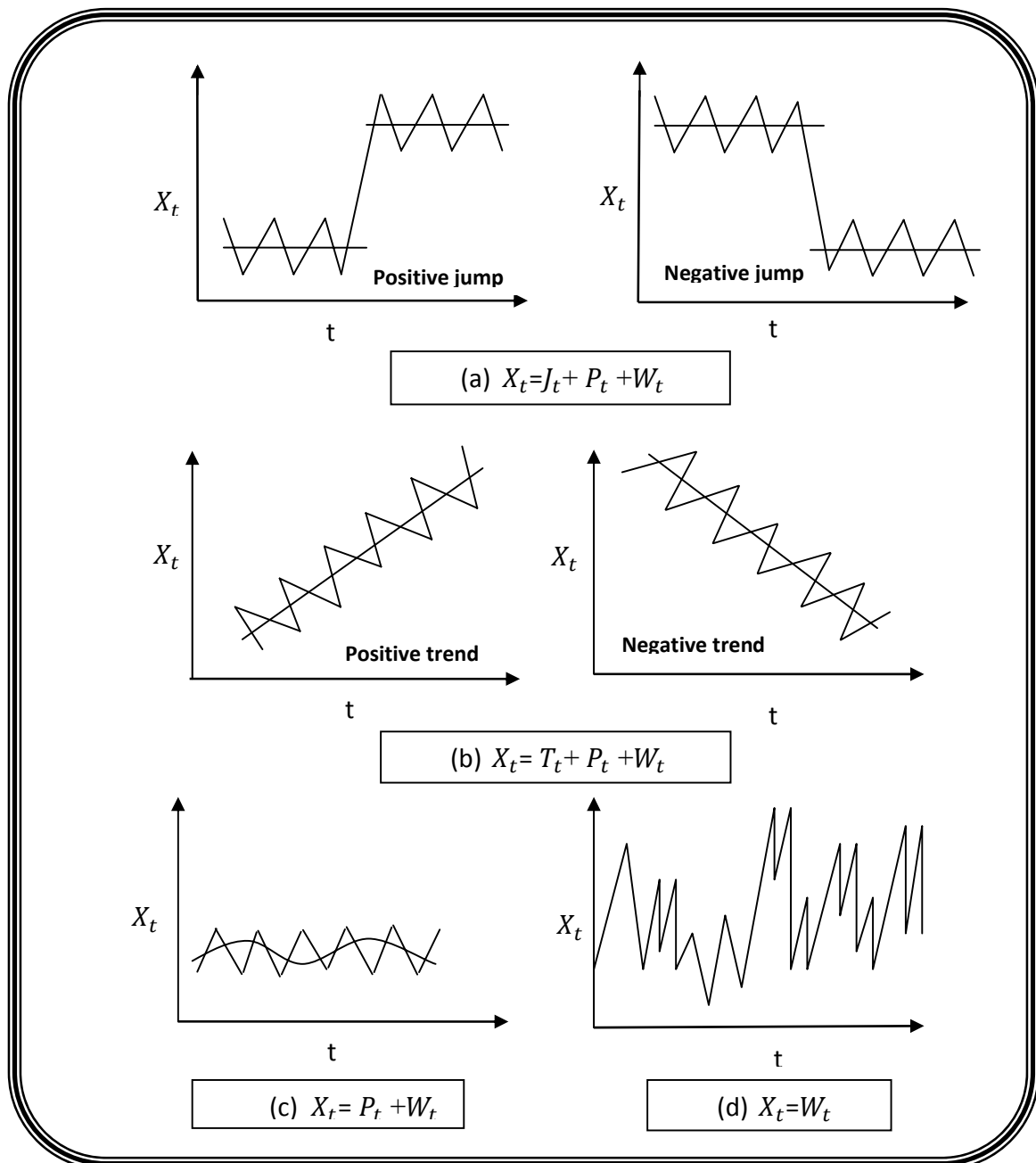


Figure 3.1: Components of Hydrological Time Series (Shaker,1985)

3.2 Stationarity

The property stationarity of a random process is related to the mean value and variance of observation data, both of which should be constant over time and the covariance between the observations X_t and X_{t-d} should only depend on the distance between the two observations and does not change over time (Palit and Popovic, 2005). This implies that no trend or jump exists in the series. Hence, the classification of a time series as stationary or nonstationary is not merely for descriptive purpose. Available statistical methods are designed to analyze stationary time series. Therefore, if the time series is defined to be nonstationary, it must be transformed into stationary (Matalas, 1967). The nonstationarity will frequently be apparent in the time series plot of the series. (Cryer and Chan, 2008).

Testing of nonstationarity can be made by autocorrelation analysis. If autocorrelation function starts high and declines slowly, then the series is nonstationary. Therefore, the differencing must be done as suggested by Box and Jenkins (Batchelor, 2004; Haghparast, 2007).

In Box and Jenkins model the differencing technique is used to make the mean of time series as constant as possible and its degree of the regressive equation equal to zero. Thus, the stationary time series is obtained by taking appropriate number of differences for the original time series (X_t) as follows:

$$Y_t = \nabla X_t = X_t - X_{t-1}, \dots \quad (3-2)$$

or

$$Y_t = X_t - \beta X_t \\ = (1-\beta)X_t, \dots \quad (3-3)$$

where ∇ is the backward difference of order one, Y_t is stationary time series and β is the backward shift operator of order one. Generally,

$$\beta^j X_t = X_{t-j}$$

where β^j is the backward shift operator of order j .

The second order difference gives the following new time series:

$$\begin{aligned} Y_t &= \nabla^2 X_t = \nabla(\nabla X_t) \\ &= \nabla(X_t - X_{t-1}) = \nabla X_t - \nabla X_{t-1} \\ &= X_t - X_{t-1} - X_{t-1} + X_{t-2} = X_t - 2X_{t-1} + X_{t-2} \\ &= (1 - 2\beta + \beta^2) X_t \\ &= (1 - \beta)^2 X_t, \dots\dots\dots (3-4) \end{aligned}$$

In general, if (d) differences are taken from the original time series, the new time series can be written as follows:

$$Y_t = \nabla^d X_t = (1 - \beta)^d X_t, \dots\dots\dots (3-5)$$

where (d) is the maximum number of differencing necessary to make the time series stationary in the mean (Box and Jenkins, 1976).

3.3 Normality

The time series observation of a given phenomenon required a certain type of transformation (Hipel et. al., 1977). Before transforming data to normal distribution, the coefficients of skewness (C_s) and Coefficients of kurtosis (C_k) must be determined from the following equations:

$$(Cs)_m = \frac{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=1}^N (X_{r,m} - \bar{X}_m)^3}{(Sd_m)^3}, \dots \dots \dots (3-6)$$

$$(C_k)_m = \frac{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=1}^N (X_{r,m} - \bar{X}_m)^4}{(Sd_m)^4}, \dots \dots \dots (3-7)$$

Where $(Cs)_m$ and $(C_k)_m$ are coefficients of skewness and Coefficients of kurtosis respectively, $X_{r,m}$ is origin time series for r year and m month, $\bar{X}_m$ seasonal mean, Sd_m seasonal standard deviation and N number of years.

The purpose of transformation is to remove non normality in the residuals of the time series. (Hipel and McLeod, 1994)

It is often better to transform the data to the normal distribution to utilize its simple properties, its familiarity to most engineers, and to obtain satisfactory fit to data (Hipel and McLeod, 1994).

The other reason for transforming the date includes stabilizing the variance and improving the normality assumption of the white noise series.

Several transformation may be used to normalize the data but the most common and useful class of transforms for stabilizing the variance is known as the Box - Cox transformation (Chandra et. al, 1978). The transformation as follows:

$$\begin{bmatrix} Y_{i,j} = (X_{i,j}^\lambda - 1) / \lambda & \lambda \neq 0 \\ Y_{i,j} = \log X_{i,j} & \lambda = 0 \end{bmatrix}, \dots \dots \dots (3-8)$$

Where $Y_{i,j}$ is the transformed series. $X_{i,j}$ is the origin time series .

λ is the constant of transformation.

The relationships between λ and C_s is being some form of second degree polynomial as

$$\lambda = B_0 + B_1 C_s + B_2 C_s^2 \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-9)$$

The value of (λ) is found by choosing random ten values of (λ) between (0) and (1) and computing the corresponding (C_s) values for the series after transforming it by equation (3-8). Then by fitting equation (3-9) to these ten points, the value of (λ) is found as equal to (B_0) corresponding to $C_s = 0$. For normally distributed data the ($C_s \approx 0$) and ($C_k \approx 3$).

A square root transformation is also applied by using the following equation.

$$Y_{i,j} = \sqrt{X_{i,j}} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-10)$$

where $Y_{i,j}$ & $X_{i,j}$ are defined above.

The best procedure which displays the value of skewness coefficient ($C_s \approx 0$) and kurtosis coefficient ($C_k \approx 3$). The normality was tested by plotting observed cumulative probability against expected cumulative probability where

$$p(x) = \frac{R}{N+1} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-11)$$

where $p(x)$ is the observed cumulative probability of the value (x) of transformed parameter, R is the rank of (x) in ascending order and N is the number of tested data.

3.4 Autocorrelation and Periodic Autocorrelation

The sample autocorrelation coefficients measure the statistical correlation between observation (series and itself) at different time lags. The autocorrelation

coefficient between observations at lag k for any random variable X_t is given by the following equation (Chatfield, 1982):

$$r_k = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{n-k} (X_t - \bar{X})(X_{t+k} - \bar{X})}{\sum_{t=1}^n (X_t - \bar{X})^2}, \dots \dots \dots (3-12)$$

Where r_k is the autocorrelation coefficient at lag k , k is the number of lag, and $\bar{X}$ is the overall mean of the observations which is computed as follows:

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n X_t \dots \dots \dots (3-13)$$

The autocorrelation coefficients are usually calculated by computing the series of autocovariance coefficients, c_k , which is given as follows:

$$c_k = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n-k} (X_t - \bar{X})(X_{t+k} - \bar{X}) \dots \dots \dots (3-14)$$

where c_k is the autocovariance coefficient at lag k .

Then, the autocorrelation coefficients are computed as follows:

$$r_k = \frac{c_k}{c_0} \dots \dots \dots (3-15)$$

where c_0 is the autocovariance coefficient at lag zero.

The periodic autocorrelation coefficients may be computed as follows:

$$(r_{k,m}) = \frac{\sigma_{k,m}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{0,m}\sigma_{0,m-k}}} \dots \dots \dots (3-16)$$

$$\sigma_{k,m} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=1}^N (Y_{r,m} - \bar{Y}_m)(Y_{r,m-k} - \bar{Y}_{m-k}) \dots \dots \dots (3-17)$$

when $m - k < 1$ the terms, $r=1$, $Y_{r,m-k}$, $\bar{Y}_{m-k}$, σ_{m-k} replaced by

$r=2$, $Y_{r-1,m-k+s}$, $\bar{Y}_{m-k+s}$, σ_{m-k+s} (Sveinsson et. al, 2007).

3.5 Removal of Periodic or Seasonal Component

The time series has seasonal behavior or seasonal component when it has periodic fluctuations over time (Haghaparast, 2007). This time period is named seasonal cycle (S) which may be day, month, season, or year. When a time series has monthly data, seasonal pattern usually repeats itself every year, which means

$S=12$. The seasonal factor is found in series with a periodic behavior and it is very common in monthly series (Cortez et. al., 2004). Cyclic behavior may appear in more than one statistical parameter such as mean, standard deviation, skewness, kurtosis, and serial correlation coefficients.

It is easy to discover the seasonal periods from the graph of the stationary time series. If the time series is nonstationary, the discovery of the seasonal periods will not be easy.

Detection of periodicity or seasonality of any time series can be made by autocorrelation analysis. If the series is periodic, the plot of autocorrelation coefficient with different time lags will be periodic also otherwise it is not (Chatfield, 1982).

A time series with seasonal variation may be considered stationary if the theoretical autocorrelation function and theoretical partial autocorrelation function are zero after a lag $k = 2S + 2$. The sample autocorrelation and sample partial autocorrelation function already do not meet the above condition; therefore, the time series can be considered stationary when the ACF and PACF cut off at lags less than $2S + 2$ (Trajkovic, 1999). The removal of the periodicity or seasonality of any time series can be made by two methods as follows.

3.5.1 Removal by Seasonal Differencing Method

To remove the seasonal component from homogeneous time series (Y_t) when the Box-Jenkins seasonal models are used, one or more of the seasonal differences must be taken as follows (Box and Jenkins, 1976):

$$W_t = \nabla_s^D Y_t, \dots\dots\dots(3-18)$$

Where ∇_s^D is the seasonal backward difference of order D and season S, D is the degree of seasonal differencing (for seasonality removal), and S is the seasonal or periodic cycle such as 6, 12, 24 months, etc.

Then, for D = 1 and S=12 the following equation is obtained:

$$\begin{aligned} W_t &= \nabla_{12} Y_t = Y_t - Y_{t-12} \\ &= Y_t - \beta^{12} Y_t \\ &= (1 - \beta^{12}) Y_t, \dots\dots\dots (3-19) \end{aligned}$$

Where β^{12} is the seasonal backward shift operator of order 12 . Then,

$$\beta^{12} Y_t = Y_{t-12}, \dots\dots\dots (3-20)$$

In general, if D seasonal differences are taken from the original homogeneous time series, the stochastic component can be written as follows:

$$W_t = \nabla_s^D Y_t = (1 - \beta^s)^D Y_t, \dots\dots\dots (3-21)$$

Where β^s is the seasonal backward shift operator of order s.

3.5.2 Removal by Nonparametric Method

Before fitting PARMA model the nonparametric method is practical method may be used to remove the periodic component from a time series.

Removing periodicity in the original series is necessary and can be employed for monthly sequences to deseasonalize the series by subtracting estimated monthly mean and dividing by the estimated monthly standard deviation for the series as follows (Hipel and McLeod, 1994) :

$$W_{i,j} = \frac{Y_{i,j} - \hat{\mu}_i}{\hat{\sigma}_i}, \dots\dots\dots (3-22)$$

Where $W_{i,j}$ is the stochastic component at year i, and month j. $Y_{i,j}$ is the normality series.

$\hat{\mu}_j, \hat{\sigma}_j$ are the mean and standard deviation for month (j) respectively computed by:-

$$\hat{\mu}_j = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Y_{i,j} \quad , \quad \dots\dots\dots(3-23)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_j = \left[\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_{i,j} - \hat{\mu}_j)^2 \right]^{1/2} \quad \dots\dots\dots(3-24)$$

Where n is the number of years.

3.6 Stochastic Component

Stochastic component is the remaining part after the separation of periodic component by seasonal differencing in seasonal models from homogenous (free from jump and trend components) time series. It is termed as the dependent stochastic component in the presses and denote as $W_{i,j}$. The stochastic component contains dependent and independent part. The dependent part may be represented by one of the time series models that is known as the Box-Jenkins seasonal SARIMA (p, d, q) models or PARMA (p, q) models, where p and q is the order of the autoregressive and moving average models respectively and d is the degree of differencing. These models may be for Singlesite, Multisite, Univariate, or Multivariate stochastic process. The independent part can only be described by some probability distribution functions.

3.7 PARMA_s (p,q) Model

Many seasonal time series cannot be filtered, standardized or differenced to achieve second-order stationarity because the series exhibits a strong seasonal behavior such that the entire correlation structure of the series depends on the season; hence such homogeneity assumption sometimes fails (Tiao and Grupe,

1980). For instance, in a river where high runoffs occur in the spring and low flows occur in the summer, the streamflow correlations between spring months may be different from the correlations between summer months (Vecchia, 1985). A more realistic family of models characterizing those kinds of seasonal time series is the Periodic Autoregressive Moving Average (PARMA) models. A model of this type assume that season-to-season correlations are the same for a given lag. (Salas, 1993 quoted in Sveinsson, et.al., 2007)

This type of process is important when dealing with hydrologic data that are defined at time intervals smaller than a year such as seasons, months, weeks, and days. For instance, monthly stream-flow data are generally characterized by periodic statistical properties, such as periodic mean and variance, periodic skewness, and periodic covariance (Salas, et.al. 2005). The PARMA models consists of having separate ARMA model for each season of the year in which the model orders and parameters are allowed to vary among seasons. (Hipel and McLeod, 1994).

These models are applied to single time series in one point and are classified as flows:

3.7.1 Periodic Autoregressive Model (PAR(p) or PARMA(p, 0))

Let us consider the original periodic series $X_{r,m}$, where r denotes the year ($r=1,2,\dots,n$) and n is number of years, m is season ($m=1,2,\dots,s$) and s is the number of time intervals in the year where ($s=12$ for monthly data, 52 for weekly data and 365 for daily data). Assuming that the distribution of the series is skewed, an appropriated transformation can be used to transform $X_{r,m}$ to the normality series $Y_{r,m}$. Then $W_{r,m}$ is series transformation to standardization from $Y_{r,m}$ normality series as the flowing: (Hipel and McLeod, 1994).

$$W_{r,m} = \frac{Y_{r,m} - \mu_m}{\sigma_m}, \dots\dots\dots(3-25)$$

where: $Y_{r,m}$ is series transform to normality from origin series $X_{r,m}$, $W_{r,m}$ is series transform to standardization from normality series $Y_{r,m}$ and μ_m , σ_m are the periodic mean and periodic standard deviation for series $Y_{r,m}$.

In this model the current season value of the dependent stochastic process ($W_{r,m}$) is expressed as a finite linear aggregate of previous season values of the ($W_{r,m}$) and a shock process ($a_{r,m}$) for same year. The PAR (p) model is represented in the flowing form.

$$W_{r,m} = \sum_{i=1}^p \phi_{i,m} \cdot W_{r,m-i} + a_{r,m}, \dots\dots\dots(3-26)$$

where: $\phi_{1,m}, \dots, \phi_{p,m}$ are periodic autoregressive model parameters for each season, p is the order of the model for each season, r is year, m is season and $W_{r,m}$ is the value of stochastic series at time (r,m). (Valenca et. Al., 2005).

By utilizing the backward shift operator β , where $\beta^k W_{r,m} = W_{r,m-k}$ the model in (3-26) can be written as

$$\phi_m(\beta) W_{r,m} = a_{r,m}, m=1,2,\dots,s, \dots\dots\dots(3-27)$$

where:

$$\phi_m(\beta) = 1 - \phi_{1,m} \beta - \phi_{2,m} \beta^2 - \dots - \phi_{p,m} \beta^p, \dots\dots\dots(3-28)$$

This model contains $(p + 2)$ unknown parameters, μ_m , $\phi_{1,m}$, $\phi_{2,m}, \dots, \phi_{p,m}$, $(\sigma_a^2)_m$ which in practice have to be estimated from the data. Where μ_m is the periodic mean of the stochastic series ($W_{r,m}$) and the additional parameter (σ_a^2) is the periodic variance of the white noise process ($a_{r,m}$).

3.7.2 Periodic Moving Average Model (PMA(q) or PARMA(0, q))

In this model each value of $W_{r,m}$ is assumed to arise from the effect of the previous season values of the independent stochastic component ($a_{r,m}$) rather than the dependent stochastic component ($W_{r,m}$) for same year. The following equation is written to this model.

$$W_{r,m} = a_{r,m} - \sum_{j=1}^q \theta_{j,m} \cdot a_{r,m-j} \quad \dots\dots\dots (3-29)$$

where: q is the order of the model for each season m , and $(\theta_{1,m}, \dots, \theta_{q,m})$ are periodic moving average model parameters for each season.

By utilizing the backward shift operator β , the model in (3-29) can be written as

$$W_{r,m} = \theta_m(\beta) a_{r,m} \quad , m=1,2,\dots,s \quad \dots\dots\dots (3-30)$$

Where:

$$\theta_m(\beta) = 1 - \theta_{1,m} \beta - \theta_{2,m} \beta^2 - \dots\dots\dots - \theta_{q,m} \beta^q \quad \dots\dots\dots (3-31)$$

This model contains $(q + 2)$ unknown parameters, μ_m , $\theta_{1,m}$, $\theta_{2,m}, \dots, \theta_{q,m}$, $(\sigma_a^2)_m$ which in practice have to be estimated from the data. Where μ_m is the periodic mean of the stochastic series ($W_{r,m}$) and the additional parameter (σ_a^2) is the periodic variance of the white noise process ($a_{r,m}$).

3.7.3 Mixed Model (PARMA_s(p, q)) Periodic Autoregressive Moving Average Model

A useful class of model for time series is formed from a linear combination of PAR(p) and PMA(q) model. A mixed periodic autoregressive moving average model contains PAR (p) term and PMA (q) term that is abbreviated to an PARMA_s

(p, q) model of order (p, q) (Hipel and McLeod, 1994). It is given by the following equation:

$$W_{r,m} = \sum_{i=1}^p \phi_{i,m} \cdot W_{r,m-i} - \sum_{j=1}^q \theta_{j,m} \cdot a_{r,m-j} + a_{r,m} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-32)$$

Where $\phi_{i,m}$ and $\theta_{j,m}$ are time varying autoregressive and moving average coefficients, respectively, and $a_{r,m}$, is an independent and identically distributed normal random variable. R represents year, m is season and s number of season equal 12 for monthly data in this study.

If the backward shift operator (β) is used, Equation (3-32) may be written in the Following form:

$$\phi_m(\beta) W_{r,m} = \theta_m(\beta) a_{r,m} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-33)$$

This model contains (P+q+2) unknown parameters, $\{\mu_m, \phi_{1,m}, \phi_{2,m}, \dots, \phi_{P,m}, \theta_{1,m}, \theta_{2,m}, \dots, \theta_{q,m}, (\sigma_a^2)_m\}$ which in practice have to be estimated from the data.

3.8 Building of PARMA Model

The general method of forecasting does not assume any particular pattern for the historical data of the series. It uses an iterative approach of identifying a possible useful model from a general class of models. Then, the chosen model is checked against the historical data to see if it accurately describes the series. The model is appropriate if the residuals between the forecasting and the historical data points are small (close to zero), randomly distributed, and independent. If the specified model is not satisfactory, the process is repeated until a satisfactory model is found (Chatfield, 1982).

The three stages that are used in building of statistical models are: (1) Model Identification, (2) Model Estimation (estimation of model parameters), and (3) Model Diagnostic Checking (model verification). (Box and Jenkins, 1976, Chatfield, 2000). Before forecasting future time series by using PARMA models, these three stages of model building are completed as follows:

3.8.1 Model Identification

Model identification is the identification of a possible model based on an available realization, i.e., determining the type of the model with appropriate orders. Parameter estimation is the estimation of the model parameters. At this stage, the orders of the model may be further reduced by significance tests on parameters. Diagnostic checks are directed to the residuals of the fitted model to verify the assumptions on the white noise terms such as independence and normality. If verifications fail, model identification stage is to be repeated leading to a new possible model. (Akgun, 2003).

For PARMA models, the periodic autocorrelation function (PeACF) and the periodic partial autocorrelation function (PePACF) serve as useful indicators of the correlation or of the dependence between the values of the series so that they play an important role in model identification (Hipel and McLeod, 1994, Shao, and lund, 2004). see appendix (A-2 and A-3) details about (PeACF & PePACF). The choice of orders of the PMA and PAR parts requires a detailed analysis of these functions, respectively, whose shape and value determine the order of the model.

3.8.2 Estimation of Model Parameters

When an appropriate model is proposed for the periodic process using identification procedures, next stage is to estimate the model parameters. Estimation and likelihood evaluation methods for PARMA processes remain complicated, when the number of seasons, s , is large, estimation becomes harder,

since this large number of seasons results increase in the number of parameters to be estimated. (Akgun, 2003).

The method of moments, least squares estimation method and maximum likelihood estimation method are widely used parameter estimation methods in hydrological time series analysis as well. The method of moments is one of the most common in time series context but it has serious disadvantages for some situations. Although method of moments can produce good estimators in the case of pure AR processes, they lead to unsatisfactory or even infeasible estimates when the model involves an MA component that estimation becomes difficult because a number of non-linear equations arise which are to be solved simultaneously. Similarly, for PAR processes, method of moments is straightforward and satisfactory, but same problems arise for PARMA and PMA processes. In this study used the Least Squares (LS) method is generally a more efficient parameter estimation method. In this method, the parameters $\phi_{i,m}$ and $\theta_{j,m}$ are estimated by minimizing conditional sum of squares of the residuals defined by (Sveinsson, et.al, 2007).

$$SS = \sum_{r=1}^n (S_m) \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-34)$$

$$(S_m) = \sum_{m=1}^s (a_{r,m}^2) \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-35)$$

Where $s=12$ is the number of seasons and n is the number of years of data for r year and m season. For the PARMA (p,q) model, the residuals are defined as

$$a_{r,m} = W_{r,m} - \sum_{i=1}^p \phi_{i,m} \cdot W_{r,m-i} - \sum_{j=1}^q \theta_{j,m} \cdot a_{r,m-j} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-36)$$

Once the $\phi_{i,m}$ and $\theta_{j,m}$ are determined the seasonal residuals variance (σ_a^2) can be estimated by

$$(\sigma_a^2)_m = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{r=1}^n (a_{r,m}^2) \quad \dots \dots \dots (3-37)$$

It can be seen from (3.35) that, each season m has its own sum of squares of errors S_m and those sum up to the conditional sum of squares SS . Thus, it is

apparent that, for any season m , minimizing SS with respect to ϕ , θ coefficients in order to obtain least squares estimates (LSE) is equivalent to minimizing S_m for each season separately.

3.8.3 Model Diagnostic Checking

After identification of model and estimation of parameters, the fitted model must be tested to determine whether the model complies with the model assumptions and whether the model is capable of reproducing the historical statistical properties of the data at hand.

The PeACF and PePACF are often used to get an idea of the order of the PARMA (p,q) model to fit. An alternative is to use information criteria for selecting the best-fit model. The two information criteria available in this study are the corrected Akaike information criterion (AIC) and the Schwarz information criterion (SIC) often referred to as the Bayesian information criterion.

The AIC is given by (Sveinsson, et.al, 2007).

$$AIC_m = n \ln (\sigma_a^2)_m + n + \frac{2(k+1)n}{n-k-2}, \dots\dots\dots(3-38)$$

Where n is the size of the sample used for fitting, m is season, k is the number of parameters excluding constant terms ($k = p + q$ for the PARMA (p,q) model), and $(\sigma_a^2)_m$ is the maximum likelihood estimate of the seasonal residual variance (biased). The AIC statistic is efficient but not consistent and is good for small samples but tends to overfit for large samples and large k .

The SIC is given by (Sveinsson, et.al, 2007).

$$SIC_m = n \ln (\sigma_a^2)_m + n + k \ln n, \dots\dots\dots(3-39)$$

Where n , k and $(\sigma_a^2)_m$ are defined in the same way as for the AIC statistic. In general the SIC is good for large samples, but tends to underfit for small samples.

Diagnostic checking is concerned with the goodness of- fit of a model, and, if the fit is poor, suggests a necessary modification, which means that the whole

process of model identification, estimation and diagnostic checking must be repeated. The analysis on residuals resulting from the fitted model is one approach for diagnostic checking. The following statistical tests may be used in this study to check residuals of fitted model; if residuals are random (independent) or not, if residuals are white noise or not and if residuals are normally distributed or not.

(1)Port Manteau Lack of Fit Test

It is a test of the residual independency and uses the lag k residual autocorrelation for the m -th season is given by

$$r_k^m(a_{r,m}) = \frac{\sum_{r=1}^n a_{r,m} a_{r,m-k}}{\sqrt{\sum_{r=1}^n (a_{r,m})^2 \sum_{r=1}^n (a_{r,m-k})^2}} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-40)$$

The Port Manteau Lack (Q-statistic) test defined by following equation (Hipel and McLeod, 1994).

$$Q_M^m = n \sum_{k=1}^M (r_{k,m})^2 \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-41)$$

The Port Manteau Lack (Q-statistic) test modified by Li and Hui 1988 as the following equation (Li, 2004).

$$Q_M^m = \frac{(r_{k,m})^2}{\sqrt{\text{var}(r_{k,m}(a_{r,m}))}} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-42)$$

$$\text{var}(r_{k,m}(a_{r,m})) = (n - ((k - m + s) / s)) / n^2 \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-43)$$

The $a_{r,m}$ is independent If $Q < \chi_{\alpha, (M - p_m)}^2$. Where $k=1, \dots, \frac{n}{4}$, n is size of sample, α is the level of significant, p_m , q_m is the number of model parameters for season m , and the expression $(M - q_m - p_m)$ represents the degree of freedom, and $S=12$ number of season. And M is the maximum lag number that is considered about $n / 4$ (Box and Jenkins, 1976).

(2)Residual Autocorrelation Function (RACF) Test

The test for whiteness of the residuals is carried out to determine whether the residuals $a_{r,m}$ are white noise, i.e., PARMA (0,0), or not. An appropriate procedure is to check the residual, to be sure they are random (white noise series) by checking the autocorrelations of residuals to be sure they are not significantly different from zero or within 95% confidence limits. That a series is said to be white noise if its PeACF and PePACF values all fall inside $\pm 1.96/\sqrt{n}$ limits .

(3)The Normality of Residuals Test

The normality of residuals, which provides stronger conclusions on the model, is tested through plot the histogram of the residuals and normal probability plot. All these tests for residual autocorrelation function and the normality of residuals are performed through using the Software SPSS (Statistical Package for Social Science).

3.9 Forecasting by PARMA_s (p,q) Model

An observation $Z_{r,m}$ for r year and m season my expressed directly in terms of difference equation by

$$\phi_m(\beta) Z_{r,m} = \theta_m(\beta) a_{r,m} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (3-44)$$

The approach for calculating minimum mean square error forecasting by PARMA model at origin r,m for lead time ℓ , is the conditional expectation $Z_{r,m+\ell}$ of at time r,m . When $\hat{Z}_{r,m}(\ell)$ is as a function of ℓ for fixed r, m , it will be called the forecast function for origin r, m . Taking the conditional expectation for equation (3-58) to obtain when ℓ is lead time for forecast (Hipel and McLeod, 1994).

$$\begin{aligned}
[Z_{r,m+\ell}] = \hat{Z}_{r,m}(\ell) = & \phi_{1,m+\ell} [Z_{r,m+\ell-1}] + \phi_{2,m+\ell} [Z_{r,m+\ell-2}] + \dots + \phi_{p,m+\ell} \\
& [Z_{r,m+\ell-p}] + [a_{r,m+\ell}] - \theta_{1,m+\ell} [a_{r,m+\ell-1}] - \theta_{2,m+\ell} [a_{r,m+\ell-2}] - \dots - \theta_{q,m+\ell} \\
& [a_{r,m+\ell-q}] , \dots \dots \dots (3-45)
\end{aligned}$$

By following the four roles listed below, equation (3-59) can be employed for calculating the forecasted for $Z_{r,m}$ and lead time $\ell = 1, 2, \dots$

- 1- $E_t [Z_{r,m-\ell}] = Z_{r,m-\ell} \quad , \ell = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
- 2- $E_t [Z_{r,m+\ell}] = \hat{Z}_{r,m}(\ell) \quad , \ell = 1, 2, \dots$
- 3- $E_t [a_{r,m-\ell}] = a_{r,m-\ell} \quad , \ell = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
- 4- $E_t [a_{r,m+\ell}] = 0 \quad , \ell = 1, 2, \dots$

After calculating the forecasting, value must transform the result to inverse standardization and then inverse normalization.

To obtain probability limits for these forecasts at lead time ℓ and also to allow new forecasts to be calculated by a process of updating the old for each season, an approximate $1-\varepsilon$ probability limits $Z_{r,m+\ell}(+)$ and $Z_{r,m+\ell}(-)$ for $Z_{r,m+\ell}$ will be given by

$$Z_{r,m+\ell}(\pm) = \hat{Z}_{r,m}(\ell) \pm u_{\varepsilon/2} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{j=1}^{\ell-1} \Psi_j^2 \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}} (\sigma_a)_m , \dots \dots \dots (3-46)$$

Where r, m is the origin season time , ℓ is lead time , $Z_{r,m+\ell}(\pm)$ is the upper and lower probability limits for each season, $\hat{Z}_{r,m}(\ell)$ is forecast series , $(\sigma_a)_m$ is residual standard deviation , $u_{\varepsilon/2}$ is the deviate exceeded by a proportion $u_{\varepsilon/2}=0.68$, or 1.96 where the probability limits of the future value lies in interval 50 % or 95% respectively.

The ψ weights may be computed from the following equation

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \Psi_1 &= \phi_1 - \theta_1 \\ \Psi_2 &= \phi_1 \Psi_1 + \phi_2 - \theta_2 \\ &\vdots \\ \Psi_j &= \phi_1 \Psi_{j-1} + \dots + \phi_p \Psi_{j-p} - \theta_j \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots\dots (3-47)$$

Where $\Psi_0=1$, $\Psi_j=0$ if $j < 0$, and $\theta_j=0$ if $j > q$

In order to evaluate the accuracy of the forecasting and to compare the forecasting ability of the two modeling procedures by following equation

- 1- The minimum mean absolute relative error (MARE) is represented by
(Kurunc ,et. al., 2005)

$$\text{MARE}\% = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n \left| \frac{X_t - F_t}{X_t} \right| * 100 \dots\dots\dots (3-48)$$

- 2- The minimum mean absolute error (MAE) is represented by

$$\text{MAE} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n |X_t - F_t| \dots\dots\dots (3-49)$$

- 3-The minimum mean square error (MSE) is represented by

$$\text{MSE} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n |X_t - F_t|^2 \dots\dots\dots (3-50)$$

Where X_t is the observed data at time t , F_t is the forecasted data at time t and n is the number of observation. The best model is the one that gives minimum value from equations above.

3.10 SARIMA Models

Box-Jenkins approach was developed for handling most time series of data analysis. This approach is about to match one Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) model based on the historical data that currently available in making forecast. For stationary time series, ARIMA models can be the Autoregressive (AR), Moving Average (MA), or the combination of these two models known as Autoregressive Moving Average (ARMA). If the data is nonstationary, a simple modification of the ARMA model known as integrated (I) processes will be performed to produce an ARI, IMA, or ARIMA model. If there is seasonality in the data, the models become Seasonal Autoregressive (SAR), Seasonal Moving Average (SMA), or Seasonal Autoregressive Moving Average (SARMA) for stationary time series while for nonstationary time series, the models become SARI, SIMA, or SARIMA (Mahpol, 2005).

Box and Jenkins (1970) have generalized the autoregressive integrated moving average, ARIMA (p, d, q), model to deal with seasonality and define a general multiplicative seasonal model. This model is multiplicative of an ARIMA (p, d, q) $\times$ ARIMA (P, D, Q)_s. Thus, in addition to the nonseasonal parameters, seasonal parameters for a specified lag need to be estimated (Sabry et. al., 2007). See appendix A for derived these models. The general equation of this model is as follows :(Brockwell and Davis, 2002).

$$\phi_p(\beta) \Phi_P(\beta^s) W_t = \theta_q(\beta) \Theta_Q(\beta^s) a_t, \dots\dots\dots (3-51)$$

Where ϕ_p , Φ_P , θ_q and Θ_Q are polynomials of order p, P, q, and Q respectively and a_t is purely random process with mean zero and variance σ_a^2 . According to Box and Jenkins (1970) the parameters value for seasonal ARIMA models (ϕ_p , Φ_P , θ_q and Θ_Q) are restricted to lie between -1 and $+1$ (Mahpol, 2005). The values of W_t are derived from the normalized series (the more suitable transformation is natural

log transformation) by differencing to remove both trend and seasonal component by the following equation for monthly series:

$$W_t = \nabla^d \nabla_{12}^D Z_t, \dots \dots \dots (3-52)$$

Where Z_t is the normalized time series ($=\ln X_t$), d is the degree of simple differencing (for trend removal), and D is the degree of seasonal differencing (for seasonality removal). Then, If $d=D=1$, Equation 3-24 is written as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} W_t &= \nabla \nabla_{12} Z_t = \nabla_{12} Z_t - \nabla_{12} Z_{t-1} \\ &= (Z_t - Z_{t-12}) - (Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-13}) \\ &= Z_t - Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-12} + Z_{t-13}, \dots \dots \dots (3-53) \end{aligned}$$

3.11 Building of SARIMA Models

Three stages that are used in building of statistical models are: (1) Model Identification, (2) Model Estimation (estimation of model parameters), and (3) Model Diagnostic Checking (Box and Jenkins, 1976). Before forecasting future time series by using the Box-Jenkins seasonal models, these three stages of model building are completed as follows:

3.11.1 Model Identification

Identification means using of the data and any information on how the series was generated to suggest a subclass of parsimonious models. Therefore, the concept of model parsimony is followed in the model identification, i.e. a model with the smallest possible number of parameters is preferable (katsamaki et. al., 1998, quoted in Al-Tikriti, 2001). Identification of model includes the use of the autocorrelation function (ACF) and the partial autocorrelation function (PACF) of the dependent stochastic series (W_t). The plot of ACF and PACF of the W_t with time lags (k) is known the correlogram. In plotting correlogram, we can plot approximate 95% confidence limits at $-1/N \pm 2/\sqrt{N}$, which are often further

approximated to $\pm 2/\sqrt{N}$. The observed values of autocorrelation coefficients which fall outside these limits are significantly different from zero at the 5% level. The same thing is done for the observed partial autocorrelation coefficients, i.e. all values fall outside the above limits are significantly different from zero at the 5% level (Chatfield, 1982).

For stationary series, the correlogram can be used to indicate if a SIAR $(p, d) \times (P, D)_s$, SIMA $(d, q) \times (D, Q)_s$, or SARIMA $(p, d, q) \times (P, D, Q)_s$ are appropriate and also to indicate the order of such a process. The ACF of seasonal autoregressive model tails off at lag p and P , where P takes periodic cycles values (for monthly data equal to 12, 24, 36,...), while its PACF has a cut off at lag p and P . Conversely, the ACF of seasonal moving average model has a cut off at lag q and Q , where P takes periodic cycles values (for monthly data equal to 12, 24, 36,...), while its PACF tails off at lag q and Q . If both ACF and PACF tail off, a mixed seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average model is suggested.

3.11.2 Model Estimation

The identification process leads to a tentative formulation for the model and needs to obtain an efficient estimate of the parameters (Box and Jenkins, 1976). The conditional and unconditional sum of squares of independent stochastic components (a_t) are used in iterative procedures in the exact Estimation of model parameters. The minimum sum of squares determines the maximum likelihood estimate of model parameters. The calculation of the unconditional sum of squares of ARIMA model was explained by Box and Jenkins (1976) who showed that the difference between the conditional and unconditional sum of squares is usually very small. Therefore, the unconditional sum of squares method is used to estimate the parameters of SARIMA models.

Best estimates of model parameters in the least squares sense are those which minimize the sum of squared errors ($\sum a_t^2$). If the distribution of the a_t 's is normal, the least squares estimates are the close approximation to determine the maximum likelihood estimates of model parameters. The likelihood function actually involves a factor other than $\sum a_t^2$ which is a function of the parameters but its influence is small (Naylor et. al., 1972, quated in Al-Ta'ee, 2009).

3.11.3 Model Diagnostic Checking (Model validation)

After identifying and estimation of model parameters, Akaike information criteria (AIC) test and the Schwarz information criterion (SIC) also often referred to as the Bayesian information criterion. It has been used to select the best Box & Jenkins seasonal model from the various models. AIC (p,q) is used to test the parsimonious model (the best fitted model) The most parsimonious model is the one that gives minimum AIC or SIC value, defined as

$$AIC = n \ln \sigma_a^2 + 2(p+q) , \dots\dots\dots (3-54)$$

$$SIC = \ln \{ \sigma_a^2 / n \} + (p+d+q) \ln (n)/n , \dots\dots\dots (3-55)$$

Where σ_a is the maximum likelihood estimate of the residual variance, n is sample size and (p,d,q) the number of parameters. The Portmanteau Lack of Fit Test may be used to select the best fitted model for Box-Jenkins seasonal model.

The Box-Pierce (1970) method is based on the calculation of ACF residuals. If the model is adequate at describing the behavior of the time series, the residuals are not correlated. The Portmanteau lack of fit test investigates the first maximum lag (M) for ACF values of the residuals using Box-Pierce chi square statistics which is given in the following expression (Trajkovic, 1999):

$$Q = (n-d-DS) \sum_{k=1}^M r_k^2(a_t) , \dots\dots\dots (3-56)$$

Where n is number of years, d is normal differencing, D seasonal differencing and S equal 12, the expression $(n-d-DS)$ represents number of terms in the differenced series, $r_k(a_t)$ is the autocorrelation coefficient of the residual component (a_t) at lag k , and M is the maximum lag number that is considered about $2\sqrt{n}$. (Li, 2004) SARIMA model is considered adequate if $Q < \chi^2_{\alpha, (M-np)}$. Where α is the level of significant, np is the number of model parameters, and the expression $(M-np)$ represents the degree of freedom.

Ljung and Box (1978) suggested the use of the modified Q statistic as following (Anderson, et.al., 1982).

$$Q = n(n+2) \sum_{k=1}^M \{r_k^2(a_t)/(n-k)\} \quad \dots\dots\dots(3-57)$$

Li and Mcloed 1981 recommended the modification Q statistic as following (Li, 2004)

$$Q^* = Q + \frac{M(M+1)}{2n} \quad \dots\dots\dots(3-58)$$

$$\text{Where } Q = n \sum_{k=1}^M r_k^2(a_t) \quad \dots\dots\dots(3-59)$$

The test of normal distribution for residual as explained in the previous section.

3.12 Forecasting by SARIMA Models

We shall be concerned with the forecasting a value $Z_{t+\ell}$, $\ell \geq 1$ when we are currently standing at time t . This forecasting is said to be made at origin t and lead time ℓ (Box and Jenkins, 1976). To obtain this forecast which denoted by $\hat{Z}_t(\ell)$, the following form is written down for the case of seasonal ARIMA $(p, d, q) \times (P, D, Q)$ s model as follows:

$$\nabla \nabla_s Z_{t+\ell} \phi_p(\beta) \Phi_P(\beta^S) = \theta_q(\beta) \Theta_Q(\beta^S) a_{t+\ell} \quad \dots\dots\dots(3-60)$$

Where t is the origin time and ℓ is the lead time forecasts.

To obtain probability limits for these forecasts at lead time ℓ and also to allow new forecasts to be calculated by a process of updating the old, the following equation gives the upper and the lower probability limits for forecasts at lead time ℓ (Box and Jenkins, 1976):

$$Z_{t+\ell} (\pm) = \hat{Z}_t(\ell) \pm u_{\varepsilon/2} \left\{ 1 + \sum_{j=1}^{\ell-1} \Psi_j^2 \right\}^{1/2} \sigma_a \quad \dots\dots\dots (3-61)$$

Where $Z_{t+\ell} \pm$ is the upper and lower probability limits, $\hat{Z}_t(\ell)$ is the forecasted Series at origin time t and lead time ℓ , σ_a is the residual standard deviation (an estimated S_a^2 (sampled variance) may be obtained from the time series and may be substituted for (σ_a^2) , and $u_{\varepsilon/2}$ is the deviate exceeded by a proportion $u_{\varepsilon/2} = 0.68$ or 1.96 where the probability limits of the future value lies in interval 50 % or 95% respectively.

For seasonal models, suppose there is moving average operator of order one in the following form:

$$(1-\theta\beta)(1-\Theta\beta^{12}) = (\nabla + \lambda\beta)(\nabla_{12} + \Lambda\beta^{12}) \quad \dots\dots\dots (3-62)$$

where $\lambda=1-\theta$, $\Lambda=1-\Theta$, and $\nabla_{12}=1-\beta^{12}$. Hence, the model of order $(0, 1, 1) \times (0, 1, 1)_{12}$ may be written in the following form:

$$\nabla \nabla_{12} Z_t = (\nabla + \lambda\beta)(\nabla_{12} + \Lambda\beta^{12}) a_t \quad \dots\dots\dots (3-63)$$

Writing Ψ_j as, $\Psi_{r,m}$ where $r=1, 2, 3, \dots$ and $m=1, 2, 3, \dots, 12$ refers respectively to years and months. then,

$$\Psi_{r,m} = \lambda (1+r\Lambda) + \delta \Lambda \quad \dots\dots\dots (3-64)$$

where $\delta = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{when } m = 12n \text{ where } n \text{ is the integer number } (1, 2, 3, \dots) \\ 0 & \text{when } m \neq 12 \end{cases}$

Thus, the Ψ weights for this process are as follows:

$$\Psi_0 = 1 \quad , \dots\dots\dots (3-65)$$

$$\Psi_1 = \Psi_2 = \dots = \Psi_{11} = \lambda \quad \quad \quad \Psi_{12} = \lambda + \Lambda \quad , \dots\dots\dots (3-66)$$

$$\Psi_{13} = \Psi_{14} = \dots = \Psi_{23} = \lambda (1 + \Lambda) \quad \quad \quad \Psi_{24} = \lambda (1 + \Lambda) + \Lambda \quad , \dots\dots\dots (3-67)$$

$$\Psi_{25} = \Psi_{26} = \dots = \Psi_{35} = \lambda (1 + 2\Lambda) \quad \quad \quad \Psi_{36} = \lambda (1 + 2\Lambda) + \Lambda \quad , \dots\dots\dots (3-68)$$

and so on.

Chapter Four

APPLICATION OF PARMA MODEL AND SARIMA MODEL

4.1 Objectives of time-series analysis

Suppose we have data on one or more time series. How do we go about analyzing them? The special feature of time-series data is that successive observations are usually not independent and so the analysis must take into account the order in which the observations are collected. Effectively each observation on the measured variable is a bivariate observation with time as the second variable.

The main objectives of time-series analysis are (Chatfield, 2000):

(a) Description. To describe the data using summary statistics and/or graphical methods. A time plot of the data is particularly valuable.

(b) Modeling. To find a suitable statistical model to describe the data generating process. A univariate model for a given variable is based only on past values of that variable, while a multivariate model for a given variable may be based, not only on past values of that variable, but also on present and past values of other (predictor) variables. In the latter case, the variation in one series may help to explain the variation in another series. Of course, all models are approximations and model building is an art as much as a science.

(c) Forecasting. To estimate the future values of the series. Most authors use the terms ‘forecasting’ and ‘prediction’ interchangeably and we follow this convention. There is a clear distinction between steady-state forecasting, where we expect the future to be much like the past, and What-if forecasting where a multivariate model is used to explore the effect of changing policy variables.

(d) Control. Good forecasts enable the analyst to take action so as to control a given process, whether it is an industrial process, or an economy or whatever. This is linked to What-if forecasting.

4.2 Characteristics of Hydrological Time Series

The structure of hydrological time series consists of mainly one or more of these three basic structural properties and components (Salas, 1993, Tesfaye, 2005):

1. Over year trends and other deterministic changes (such as shifts in the parameters).

In general, natural and human induced factors may produce gradual and instantaneous trends and shift in hydrological time series. Intermittency in the processes, mainly consisting of the hydrology of intermittent sequences of zero and non-zero values.

2. Seasonal or periodic changes of days, weeks or months within the annual cycle.

Periodicity means that the statistical characteristic changes periodically within the year. For example, in hydrologic data concerning river flows, we expect high runoff periods in the spring and low flow periods in the summer. Thus, the river flow correlations between spring months may be different from the correlations between summer months.

3. Stochasticity or random variations.

The special feature of time series analysis is the fact that successive observations are usually not independent and that the analysis must take into account the time order of the observation. When successive observations are dependent future value may be predicted from past observations. If a time series can be predicted exactly, it is said to be deterministic. But most time series are stochastic in that the future is only partly determined by past values. For stochastic series exact predictions

are impossible and must be replaced by the idea that future values have a probability distribution which is conditioned by knowledge of past values, (Chatfield, 1982).

4.3 Description of the Study Area and Data

The Greater Zab River is one of the tributaries of Tigris River. It rises in the mountains of Kurdistan and flows south and southwest through southeastern Turkey and northern Iraq see Table 4.1, joining the Tigris south of Mosul city near vestiges Nimrud and flow through the region mountain chain and undulant. Greater Zab River is considered an important tributary of Tigris river so that provides Tigris river with about 33% from the water. See Figure 4.1. (Rosovsky, et. al., 1999).

Table 4.1: Length and basin area within riparian states for greater Zab River.

Riparian states	Basin area		%	Length of river		%
	Miles squares	Kilometers squares		Miles	Kilometers	
Turkey	2737	7089	35	137	221	27.5
Iraq	1274	3300	65	362	583	72.5

We use monthly river flow data for the greater Zab River in this study, The monthly discharge for Zab River from (October 1933 to September 2002) about 70 year are given in table B.1 in appendix B. which collected from Eski-Kelek gauging station on mainstream greater Zab River (planning report on Bekhme dam project, 1986. quoted from Hussein, 2006). The maximum monthly mean discharge for 70 years was in month April about ($1002 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$) and the minimum monthly mean discharge for 70 years was in month September about ($126 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$). The maximum annual mean discharge was in year 1969 about ($749 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$) and the minimum annual mean discharge was in year 1989 about ($117 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$).

This flow data river from year (1933-1992) is used for basic analysis and ten years (1993-2002) are used for comparison with the series of generation by using the time series models.

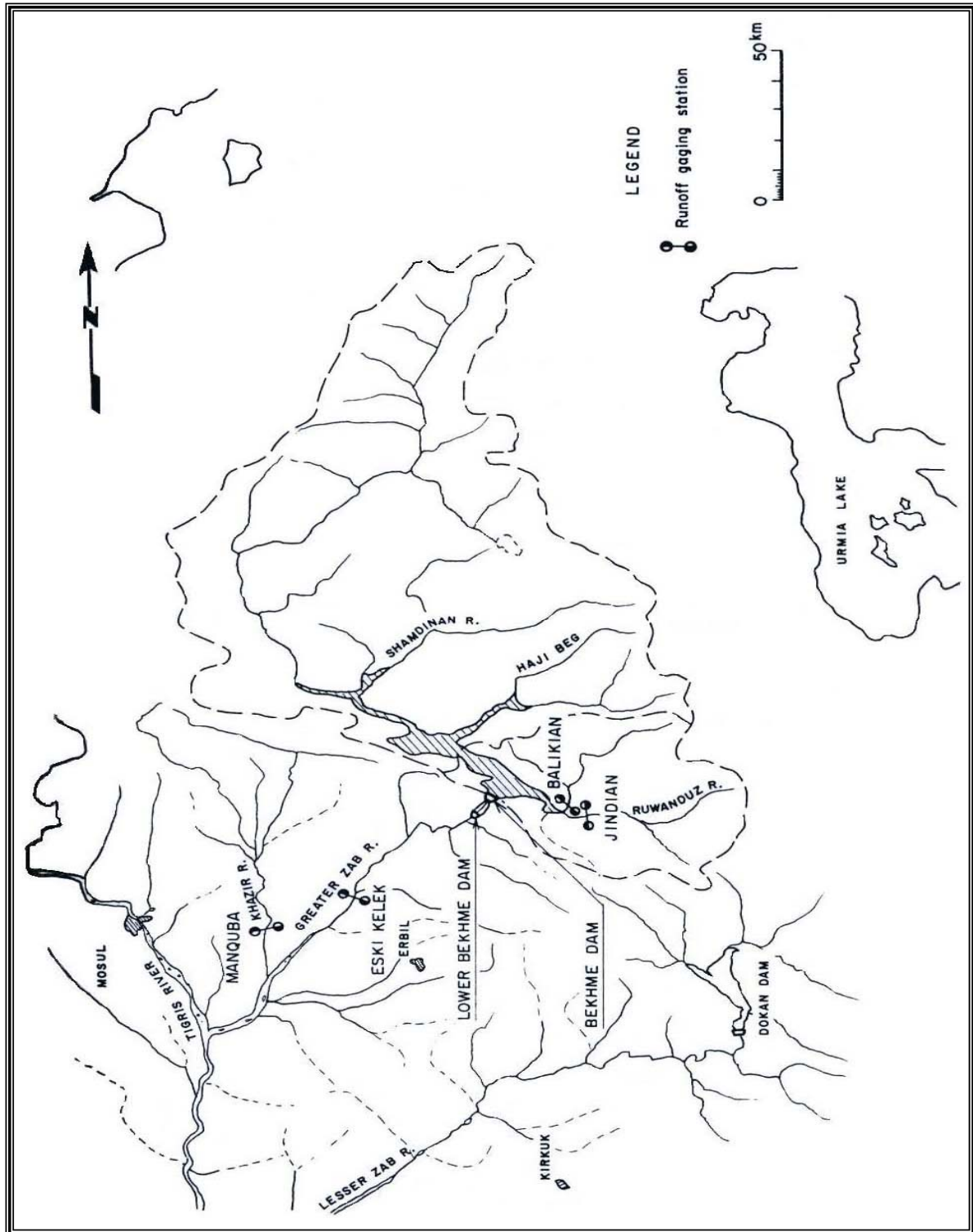


Figure 4.1: Map of studying area

4.4 Application $\text{PARMA}_{12}(\text{p},\text{q})$ Model

The series which is considered in this study consists of average monthly flow in ($\text{m}^3/\text{sec.}$) values for the Greater Zab River. The series contains 70 years of data from October 1933 to September 2002 and the numbers of observations are 840. We use in this study 60 years of data for building of *PARMA* model from October 1933 to September 1992 and the number of observations are 720. The rest of the series which corresponds to 10 years from 1993 to 2002 are used for verification of the *PARMA* model. In this series season 1 corresponds to October and season 12 corresponds to September. The observations are recorded monthly and the period (s) is equal to 12. The original time series is plotted as shown in Figure 4.2. Hence, the periodic behavior is apparent of monthly flow. The sample mean, standard deviation and autocorrelations at lag 1 and lag 2 are given in Table 4.2 (see also Figure 4.3). The nonstationarity of the series is apparent since the mean, standard deviation and correlation functions vary significantly from month to month. For example, the confidence intervals for the means are non-overlapping, indicating statically significant difference. Removing the periodicity in mean and variance will not yield a stationary series. Therefore, a periodically stationary time series model is appropriate Tesfaye (2005).

Before the building of *PARMA* model, historical season series are transformed to the normal distribution. The periodic component can be detected by plotting the autocorrelation coefficients of the normalized data against the lags. After converting the data to the normal distribution, standardization is applied to the series, and the remaining series is used for building the stochastic models.

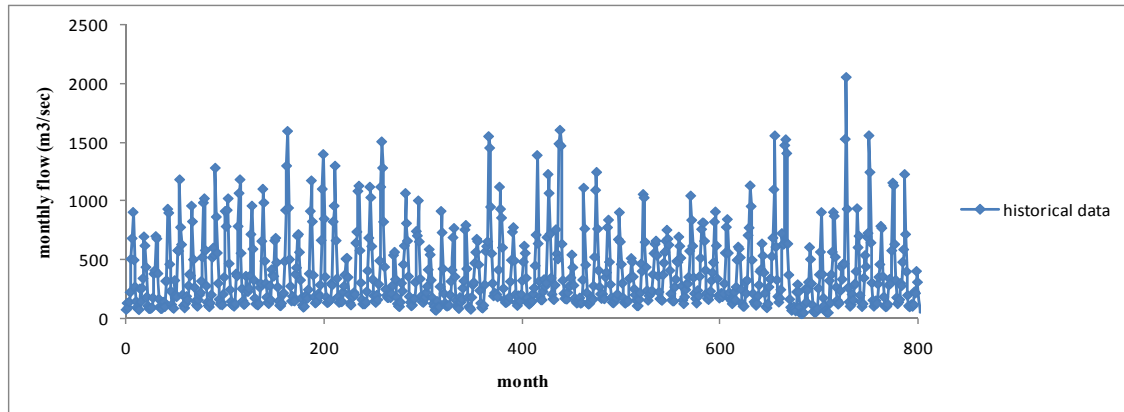


Figure 4.2 : Historical Monthly Flow for Greater Zab River

Table 4.2: Sample mean, standard deviation and autocorrelation at lag 1 and 2 of historical monthly flow series for the Greater Zab River from 1933-2002.

season	Month	Parameter			
		$\hat{\mu}$	$\hat{\sigma}$	$\hat{\rho}(1)$	$\hat{\rho}(2)$
1	OCT.	128.085	42.53	0.779	0.76
2	NOV.	173.314	75.245	0.436	0.329
3	DEC.	232.514	135.463	0.46	0.221
4	JAN.	277.228	130.743	0.613	0.338
5	FEB.	405.214	169.058	0.649	0.449
6	MAR.	608.157	278.297	0.563	0.576
7	APR.	1001.714	340.004	0.645	0.546
8	MAY	964.385	389.334	0.782	0.55
9	JUN.	574.285	203.849	0.839	0.713
10	JUL.	288.4	108.673	0.858	0.688
11	AUG.	163.785	56.173	0.944	0.787
12	SEP.	125.414	37.623	0.931	0.82

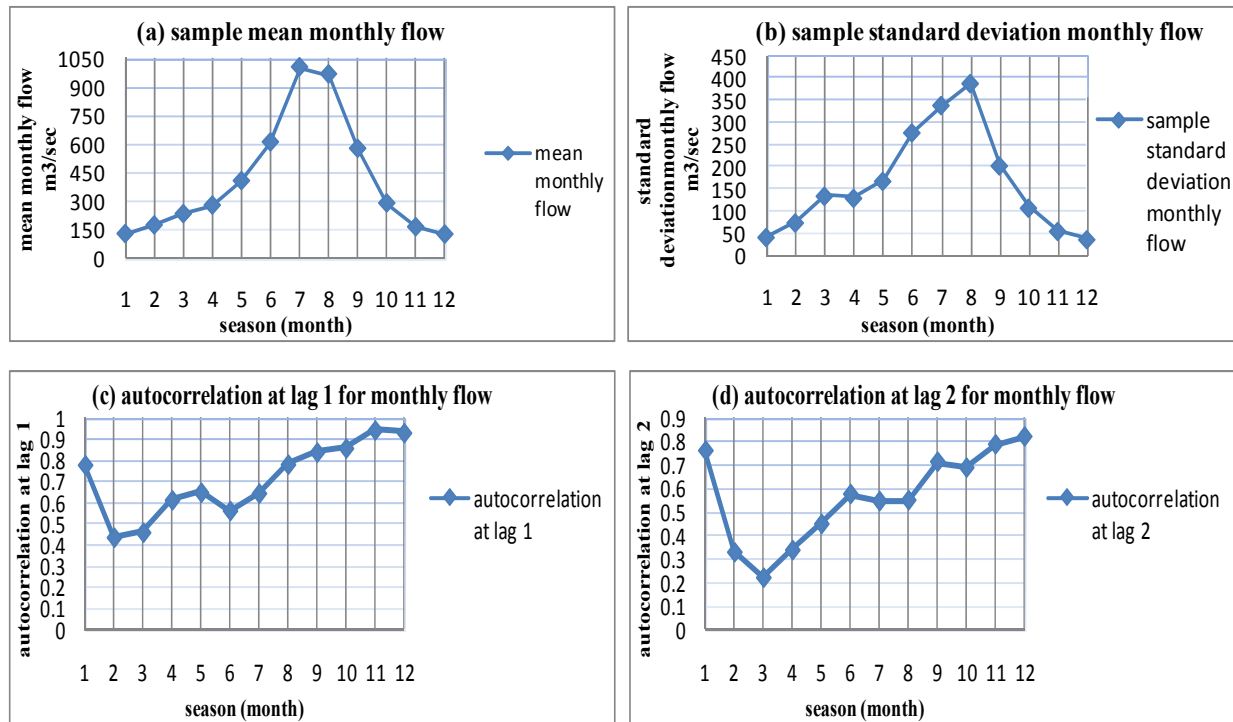


Figure 4.3 : Sample mean, standard deviation and autocorrelation at lag 1 and 2 of historical monthly flow series for the Greater Zab River from 1933-2002.

The procedure which is used for data analysis is shown schematically in Figure 4.4 and can be summarized by the following steps:

1. Use a suitable transformation like (Box-Cox, square root, or log transformation) to normalize the data.
2. Plot the correlogram of monthly means and standard deviations of normalized data to detect the periodicity.
3. Standardize the remaining series by subtracting mean and dividing by standard deviation.
4. Identify models by plotting the periodic autocorrelation function (PeACF) and periodic partial autocorrelation function (PePACF) of the series.
5. Estimation of model parameter by using the general least squares algorithm for the conditional model.

6. Apply diagnostic checks test independency and normality of the residuals.
7. Forecast and verify the models.

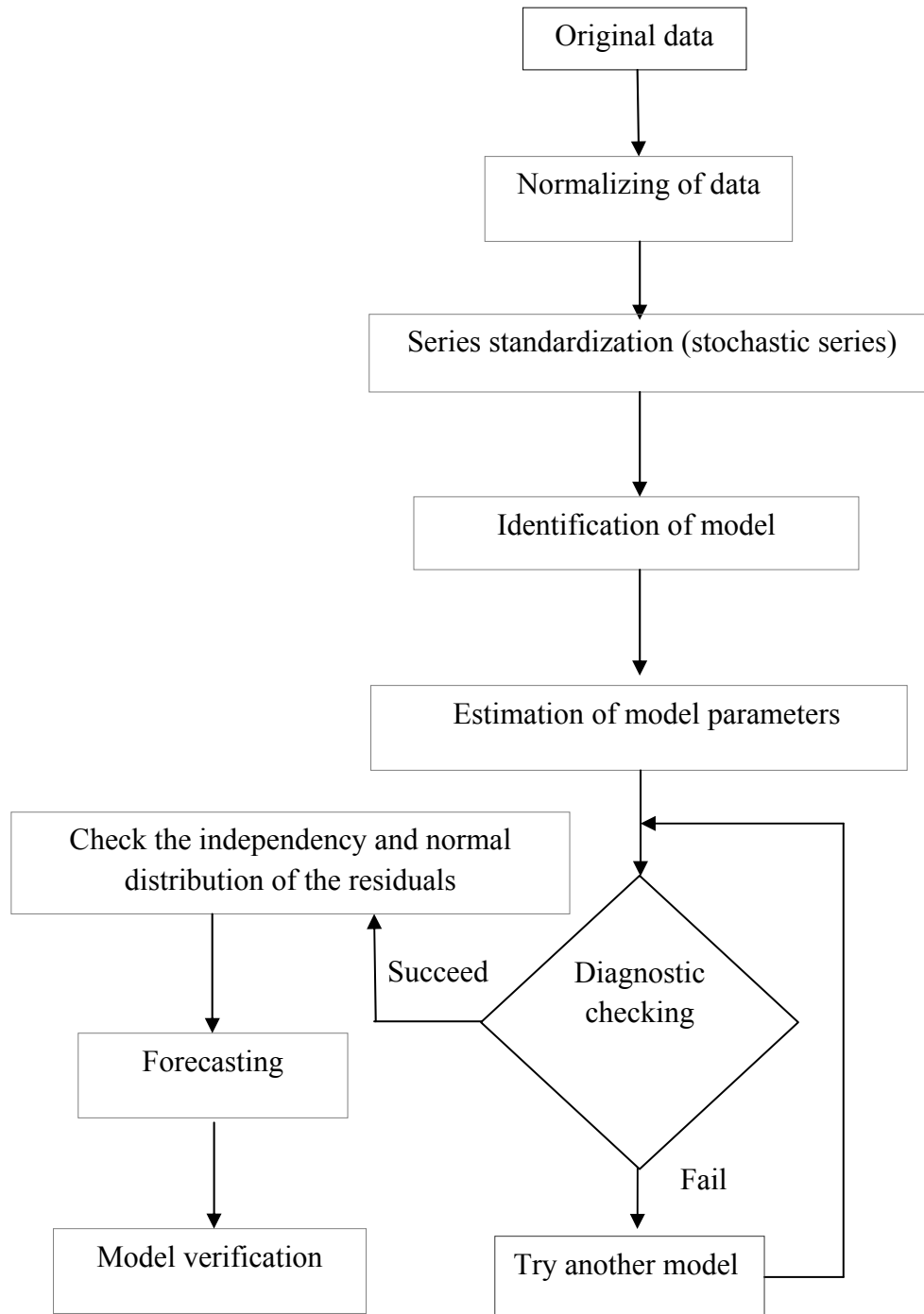


Figure 4.4: Steps of PARMA Model for each season.

4.5 Transforming Data to Normal Distribution

Before transformation data to normal distribution, the coefficients of skewness (C_s) and Coefficients of kurtosis (C_k) must be determined by equation (3-6 and 3-7). Table 4.3 shows the values of the four moments for each season of the original data series of monthly flow for Greater Zab river for period from 1933-1992, and this table indicates that the series is not normal because $C_s \neq 0$ and $C_k \neq 3$. Several transformations are used to normalize the data but the most common and useful class of transforms for stabilizing the variance is known as the Box - Cox transformation (Chandra et. al, 1978), as mentioned in section (3.3) and applied the equation (3-8 and 3-9), we choose variant values of λ between 0 and 1 which give normally distributed data when ($C_s \approx 0$) and ($C_k \approx 3$).

Table 4.3: The values of the statistical characteristics of historical monthly flow for Greater Zab River of period 1933-1992.

season	month	parameter			
		mean	standard deviation	C_s	C_k
1	Oct.	130.833	43.835	0.132	2.513
2	Nov.	174.417	71.91	0.862	3.7
3	Dec.	226.783	129.96	3.1	14.46
4	Jan.	272.433	130.61	1.299	4.51
5	Feb.	409.283	168.26	0.895	4.498
6	Mar.	624.733	287.61	1.637	6.318
7	Apr.	988.517	311.21	0.602	3.116
8	May	969.667	345.37	0.469	2.64
9	Jun.	583.817	186.57	0.142	3.411
10	Jul.	300.033	106.92	0.327	3.299
11	Aug.	169.983	55.953	0.301	3.41
12	Sep.	129.967	37.65	0.029	3.136

Table 4.4 shows values of mean, Sd, C_s and C_k of each season corresponding to different values of λ . For normally distributed data the ($C_s \approx 0$) and ($C_k \approx 3$). Table 4.5 shows values of mean, Sd, $C_s \approx 0$ and ($C_k \approx 3$) of each season corresponding to best values of λ . Figure 4.5 show skewnees test of normality.

Table 4.4: Values of mean, Sd, C_s and C_k of each season corresponding to different values of λ

season	λ	mean	Sd	C_s	C_k
1	0.1	6.1878	0.6	-0.674	3.221
	0.2	8.1202	0.9594	-0.575	3.055
	0.3	10.864	1.5371	-0.479	2.914
	0.4	14.806	2.4674	-0.385	2.796
	0.5	20.53	3.9683	-0.293	2.7
	0.6	28.923	6.3937	-0.203	2.626
	0.7	41.341	10.32	-0.116	2.571
	0.8	59.867	16.685	-0.031	2.535
	0.9	87.708	27.023	0.051	2.516
	1	129.83	43.835	0.132	2.513
2	0.1	6.626	0.7072	-0.323	3.447
	0.2	8.8462	1.1683	-0.174	3.303
	0.3	12.069	1.9361	-0.029	3.21
	0.4	16.808	3.2181	0.111	3.164
	0.5	23.863	5.3648	0.247	3.162
	0.6	34.48	8.9686	0.378	3.201
	0.7	50.62	15.034	0.505	3.277
	0.8	75.383	25.268	0.628	3.387
	0.9	113.69	42.575	0.746	3.529
	1	173.42	71.91	0.862	3.7
3	0.1	7.0375	0.741	1.056	5.577
	0.2	9.5413	1.2926	1.279	6.228
	0.3	13.247	2.2646	1.507	6.986
	0.4	18.812	3.9853	1.738	7.847
	0.5	27.283	7.0454	1.972	8.802
	0.6	40.339	12.511	2.205	9.838
	0.7	60.694	22.317	2.437	10.94
	0.8	92.768	39.981	2.665	12.09
	0.9	143.81	71.935	2.887	13.27
	1	225.78	129.96	3.1	14.46

Table 4.4:Cont.

season	λ	mean	Sd	Cs	C _k
4	0.1	7.3581	0.7839	0.243	2.937
	0.2	10.096	1.3688	0.369	2.984
	0.3	14.207	2.397	0.492	3.067
	0.4	20.476	4.2095	0.614	3.186
	0.5	30.168	7.4129	0.733	3.338
	0.6	45.345	13.09	0.85	3.52
	0.7	69.387	23.175	0.966	3.731
	0.8	107.87	41.139	1.079	3.967
	0.9	170.06	73.211	1.19	4.228
	1	271.43	130.61	1.299	4.51
5	0.1	8.098	0.8149	-0.893	5.53
	0.2	11.41	1.4466	-0.64	4.899
	0.3	16.545	2.5817	-0.403	4.432
	0.4	24.639	4.6305	-0.182	4.114
	0.5	37.592	8.344	0.025	3.927
	0.6	58.603	15.101	0.218	3.857
	0.7	93.098	27.442	0.401	3.89
	0.8	150.34	50.055	0.573	4.014
	0.9	246.24	91.623	0.737	4.219
	1	408.28	168.26	0.895	4.498
6	0.1	8.8828	0.7854	0.466	3.126
	0.2	12.859	1.4981	0.585	3.325
	0.3	19.227	2.8645	0.707	3.562
	0.4	29.618	5.4911	0.833	3.838
	0.5	46.863	10.553	0.961	4.154
	0.6	75.908	20.334	1.092	4.51
	0.7	125.48	39.282	1.226	4.906
	0.8	211.1	76.082	1.362	5.341
	0.9	360.52	147.74	1.499	5.812
	1	623.73	287.61	1.637	6.318
7	0.1	9.8397	0.6383	-0.267	3.512
	0.2	14.701	1.2613	-0.151	3.309
	0.3	22.778	2.4969	-0.041	3.158
	0.4	36.472	4.9515	0.063	3.054
	0.5	60.107	9.8357	0.162	2.99
	0.6	101.54	19.569	0.257	2.961
	0.7	175.14	38.994	0.348	2.962
	0.8	307.42	77.816	0.435	2.991
	0.9	547.59	155.51	0.52	3.043
	1	987.52	311.21	0.602	3.116
8	0.1	9.7713	0.7451	-0.459	3.569
	0.2	14.573	1.4611	-0.327	3.284
	0.3	22.538	2.8721	-0.204	3.063
	0.4	36.023	5.6587	-0.089	2.896
	0.5	59.268	11.174	0.018	2.774
	0.6	99.969	22.109	0.119	2.692
	0.7	172.21	43.834	0.214	2.642
	0.8	301.96	87.07	0.303	2.619
	0.9	537.44	173.26	0.388	2.62
	1	968.67	345.37	0.469	2.64

Table 4.4:Cont.

season	λ	mean	Sd	Cs	Ck
9	0.1	8.8015	0.7119	-1.47	7.317
	0.2	12.7	1.3023	-1.232	6.349
	0.3	18.914	2.3926	-1.012	5.559
	0.4	28.999	4.4136	-0.808	4.927
	0.5	45.629	8.1725	-0.619	4.433
	0.6	73.437	15.186	-0.445	4.057
	0.7	120.52	28.31	-0.283	3.781
	0.8	201.09	52.934	-0.132	3.591
	0.9	340.29	99.251	0.009	3.471
	1	582.82	186.57	0.142	3.411
10	0.1	7.5688	0.737	-1.388	7.375
	0.2	10.46	1.2584	-1.109	6.167
	0.3	14.836	2.1606	-0.859	5.237
	0.4	21.56	3.7286	-0.635	4.538
	0.5	32.035	6.4641	-0.435	4.031
	0.6	48.553	11.253	-0.255	3.679
	0.7	74.893	19.662	-0.091	3.452
	0.8	117.31	34.472	0.059	3.325
	0.9	186.21	60.624	0.198	3.279
	1	299.03	106.92	0.327	3.299
11	0.1	6.6182	0.6228	-1.127	5.763
	0.2	8.8276	1.0137	-0.93	5.151
	0.3	12.028	1.656	-0.743	4.651
	0.4	16.723	2.7144	-0.567	4.251
	0.5	23.691	4.4634	-0.402	3.941
	0.6	34.141	7.3615	-0.245	3.711
	0.7	49.963	12.176	-0.097	3.551
	0.8	74.129	20.193	0.042	3.453
	0.9	111.32	33.574	0.175	3.408
	1	168.98	55.953	0.301	3.41
12	0.1	6.1983	0.5326	-1.115	5.274
	0.2	8.1334	0.8473	-0.964	4.83
	0.3	10.879	1.3512	-0.82	4.447
	0.4	14.82	2.1598	-0.682	4.121
	0.5	20.536	3.4602	-0.549	3.847
	0.6	28.907	5.5554	-0.423	3.623
	0.7	41.272	8.9379	-0.302	3.443
	0.8	59.682	14.408	-0.187	3.305
	0.9	87.291	23.27	-0.077	3.204
	1	128.97	37.65	0.029	3.136

Table 4.5: Values of mean, Sd, $C_s \approx 0$ and ($C_k \approx 3$) of each season corresponding to best values of λ for converting data to normally distribution.

Season	Month	λ	mean	Sd	C_s	C_k
1	Oct	0.837	68.864	19.94	-0.0005	2.526
2	Nov	0.321	12.917	2.1536	0.0006	3.1967
3	Dec	-0.405	2.1786	0.0476	0.0363	3.8937
4	Jan	-0.088	4.3574	0.2771	-0.0003	2.9587
5	Feb	0.488	35.691	7.7729	0.0006	3.9431
6	Mar	-0.317	2.7293	0.0546	0.00424	2.6859
7	Apr	0.339	27.267	3.2604	0.00032	3.1125
8	May	0.483	54.357	9.9517	0.00023	2.792
9	Jun	0.893	327.85	94.97	-0.0005	3.4771
10	Jul	0.759	97.427	27.373	-0.0011	3.3661
11	Aug	0.769	65.505	17.258	-0.0002	3.4772
12	Sep	0.972	115.51	32.899	-0.0004	3.1518

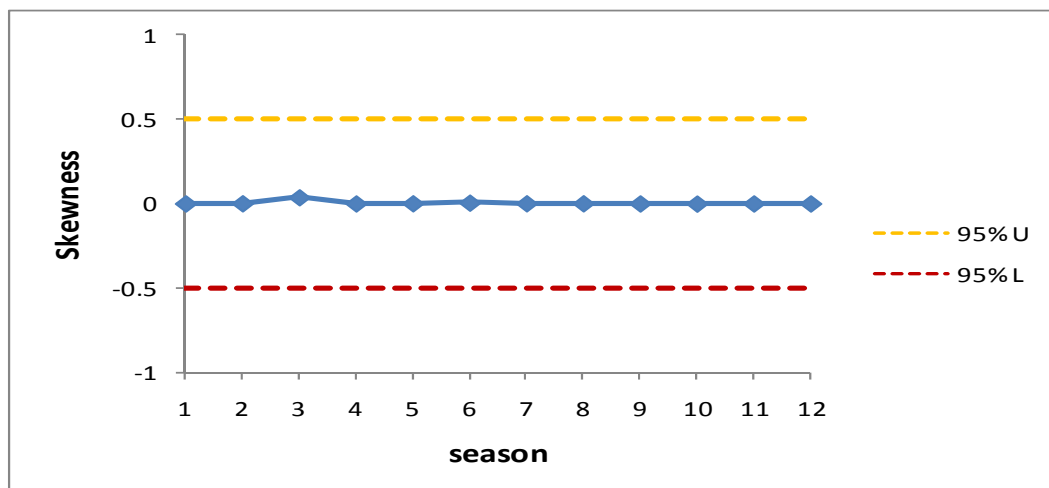


Figure 4.5: Skewness test of normality series of each season

Table 4.6 shows a comparison between transformation procedures. The best procedure which displays the value of skewness coefficient ($C_s \approx 0$) and kurtosis coefficient ($C_k \approx 3$) is the Box-Cox transformation for each season. The normality was tested by plotting observed cumulative probability against expected cumulative probability. The resulting plots are shown in Figure 4.6. All these figures show good agreement.

Table 4.6: Comparison C_s & C_k of among the three Transformation procedures for monthly flow Greater Zab river.

Transform Season	C_s			C_k		
	Box-Cox	Log	Square root	Box-Cox	Log	Square root
1	-0.0005	-0.7752	-0.2929	2.526	3.4123	2.7002
2	0.0006	-0.4768	0.24672	3.1967	3.6434	3.1622
3	0.0363	0.83977	1.97159	3.8937	5.0353	8.8021
4	-0.0003	0.11455	0.73308	2.9587	2.9302	3.3382
5	0.0006	-1.1613	0.02468	3.9431	6.3424	3.9272
6	0.00424	0.35026	0.96121	2.6859	2.9651	4.1542
7	0.00032	-0.3905	0.16234	3.1125	3.7743	2.9897
8	0.00023	-0.6001	0.018	2.792	3.9276	2.7743
9	-0.0005	-1.7253	-0.6194	3.4771	8.4831	4.4329
10	-0.0011	-1.6987	-0.4349	3.3661	8.9007	4.0313
11	-0.0002	-1.3357	-0.4016	3.4772	6.4977	3.9413
12	-0.0004	-1.2714	-0.5493	3.1518	5.7811	3.8472

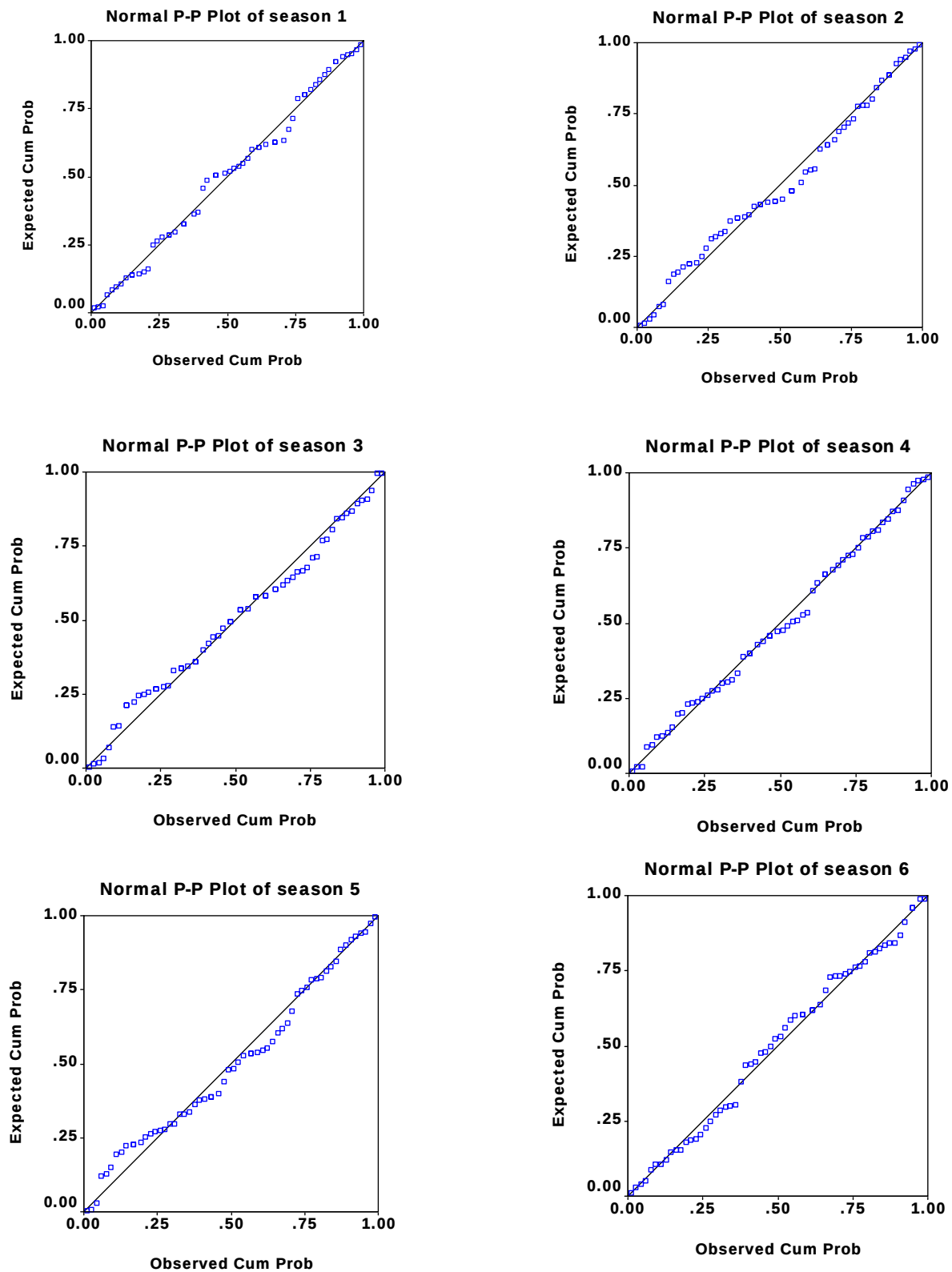


Figure 4.6: Normal distribution test for data convert by Box-Cox transform

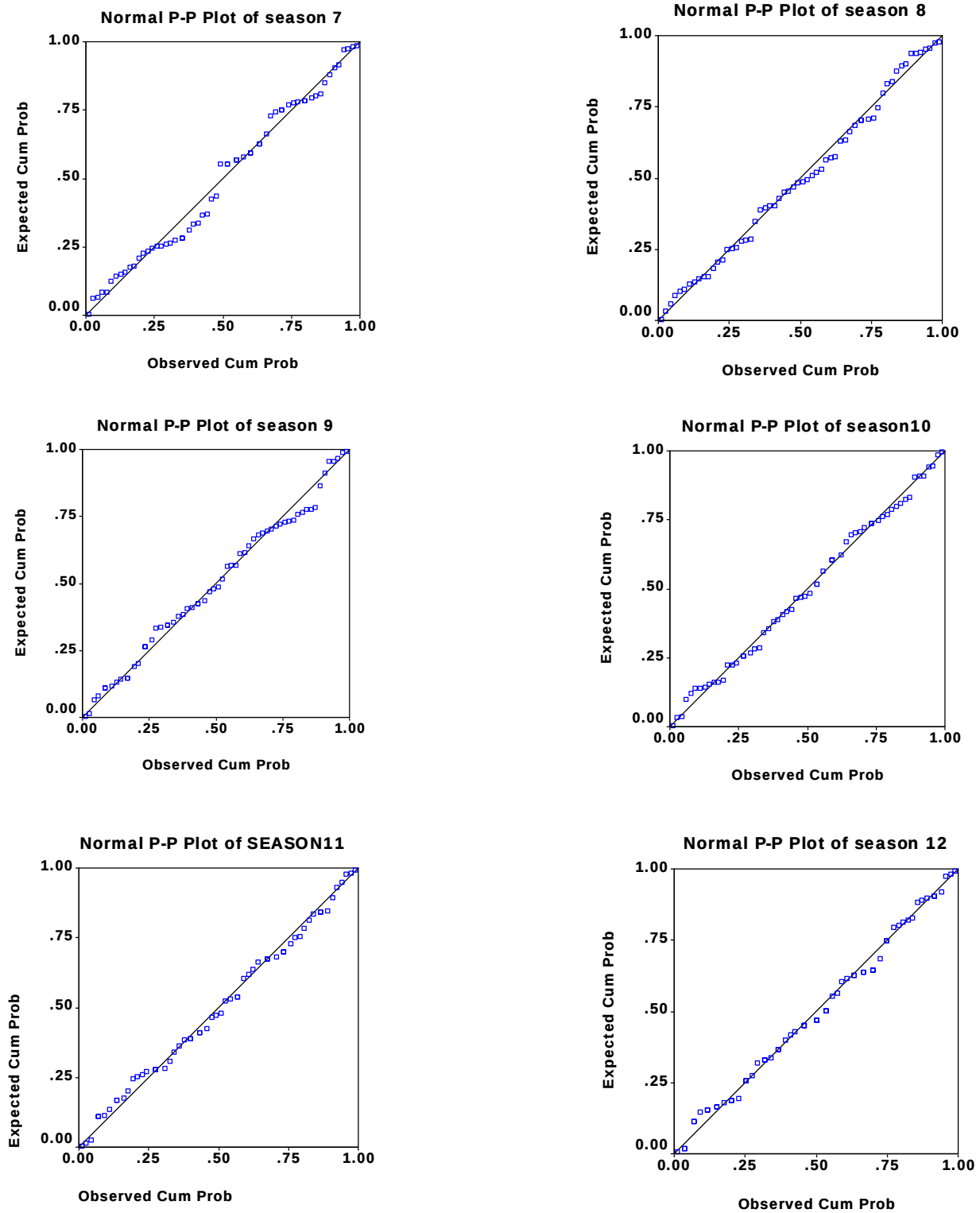


Figure 4.6: Cont.

4.6 Transforming Data to standardization

Generally, plotting normalized monthly flow data shows seasonal patterns which may be due to the influence of the annual cyclic pattern of the hydrological inputs to the river (Kurunc et. al., 2005). If a time series contains a seasonal fluctuation then the correlogram which is a plot of autocorrelation coefficient (r_k) against the lag (k) will also exhibit an oscillation at the same frequency (Chatfield, 1982), then the periodicity can be detected by the correlogram. The correlogram of normalized data for monthly flow Greater Zab River are shown in Figure 4.7. This figure indicates that the periodicity is found in the series because the correlogram is periodic too.

Removal of periodicity from data is done by equation (3-22). This method is referred to as the non-parametric method of cyclic standardization (Srikanthan and McMahon, 1982) and the result series is called the standardized series. Figure 4.8 shows correlogram series before and after standardization data.

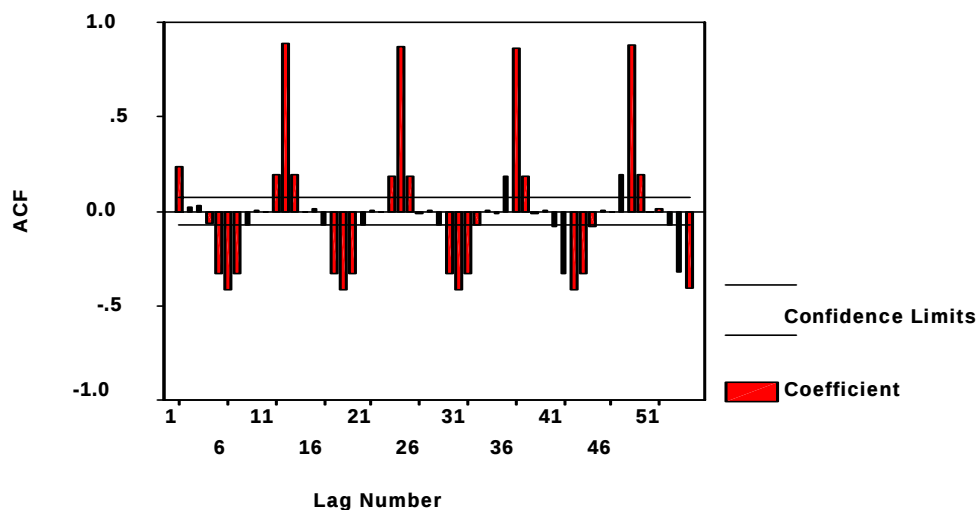


Figure 4.7: Correlogram of normalized series explain the periodicity in series of monthly flow Greater Zab river

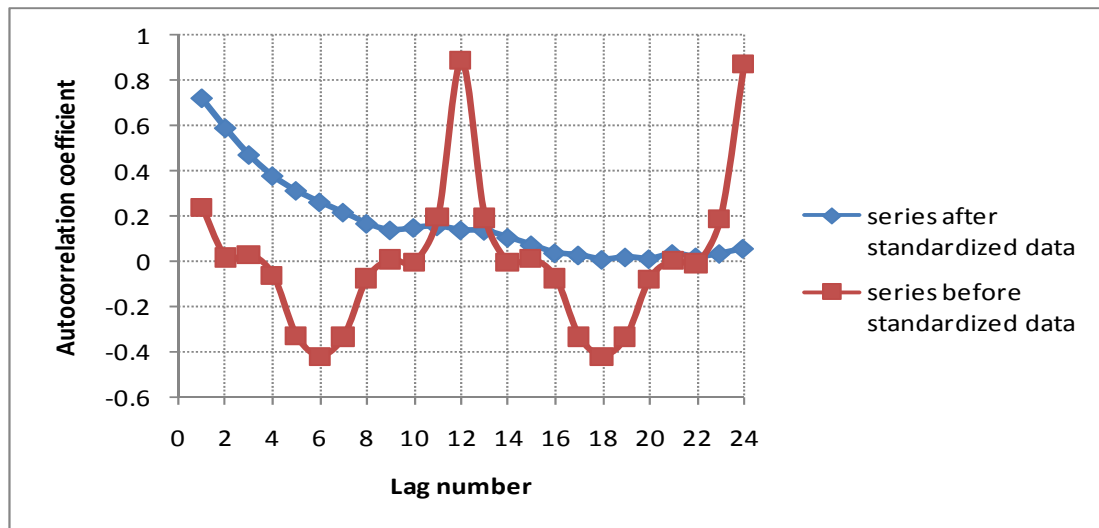


Figure 4.8: Correlogram series before and after standardization

4.7 Stochastic Model

This section contains three steps of model building, identification, estimation of model parameters and diagnostic checks. These stages are made after normalization and standardization.

4.7.1 Model Identification

As explained in section (3.8) periodic autocorrelation function (PeACF) and periodic partial autocorrelation function (PePACF) are an important guide to the properties of a time series because they often provide insight into the probability model which generated the data.

The sample PeACF and sample PePACF graphs for each 12 seasons are shown in Figures 4.9, which in turn show the behavior of the periodic autocorrelation function (PeACF) and periodic partial autocorrelation function (PePACF) of monthly flow for Greater Zab river with 95% confidence limits. The values are drawn versus time lag. In practice, maximum lag is taken as one fourth of the number of years, however, this value here is, $N / 4 = 60 / 4 = 15$, For example if its suggested model is

PAR(1) because the (PeACF)) tails off while its (PePACF) has a cut off after lag (1). In this study eight suggested models are PAR(1), PAR(2), PMA(1), PMA(2), PARMA(1,1), PARMA(2,2), PARMA(1,2), PARMA(2,1) and further estimation will be presented in next section.

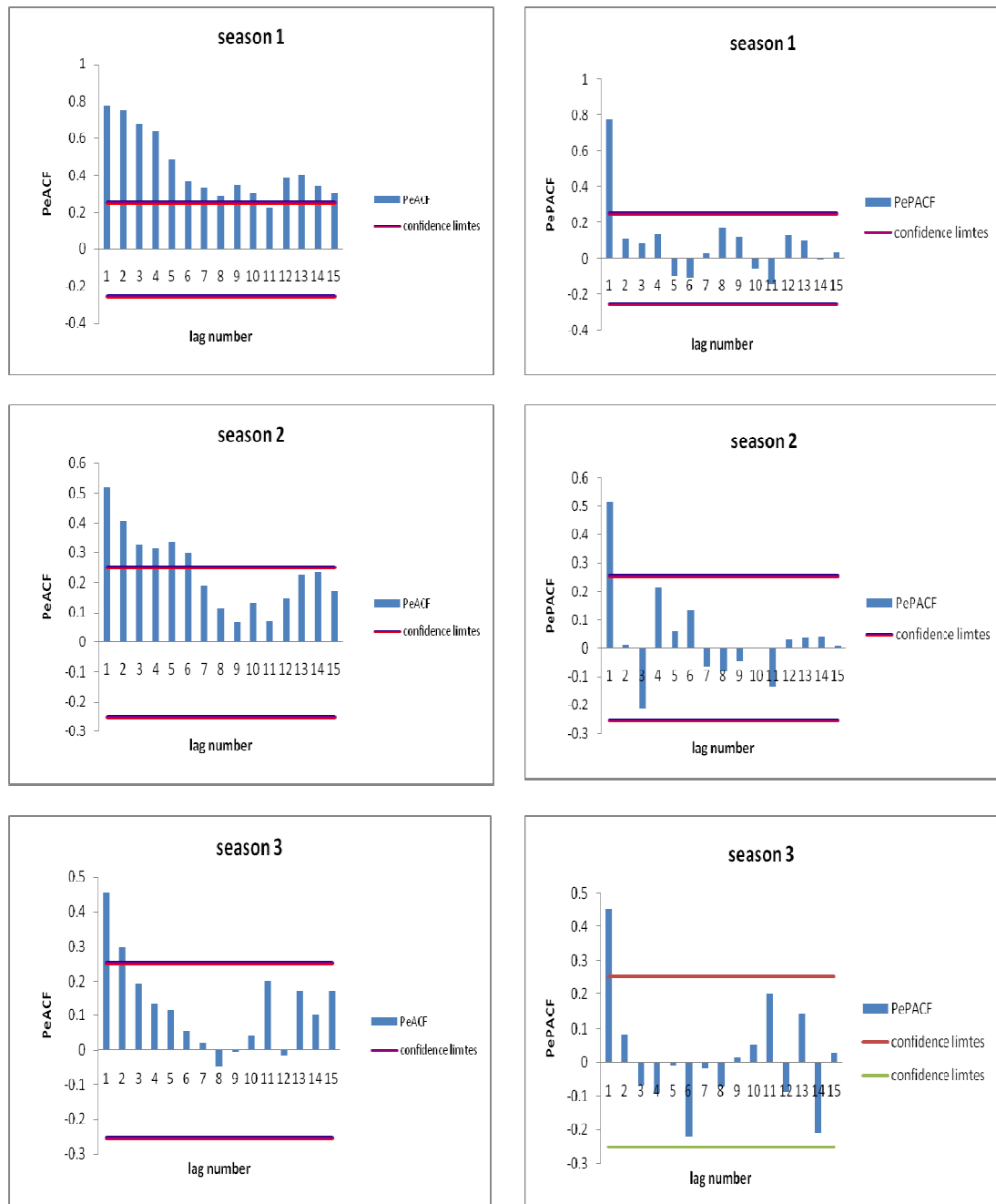


Figure 4.9: Periodic autocorrelation function and periodic partial autocorrelation function for each season of monthly flow Zab River

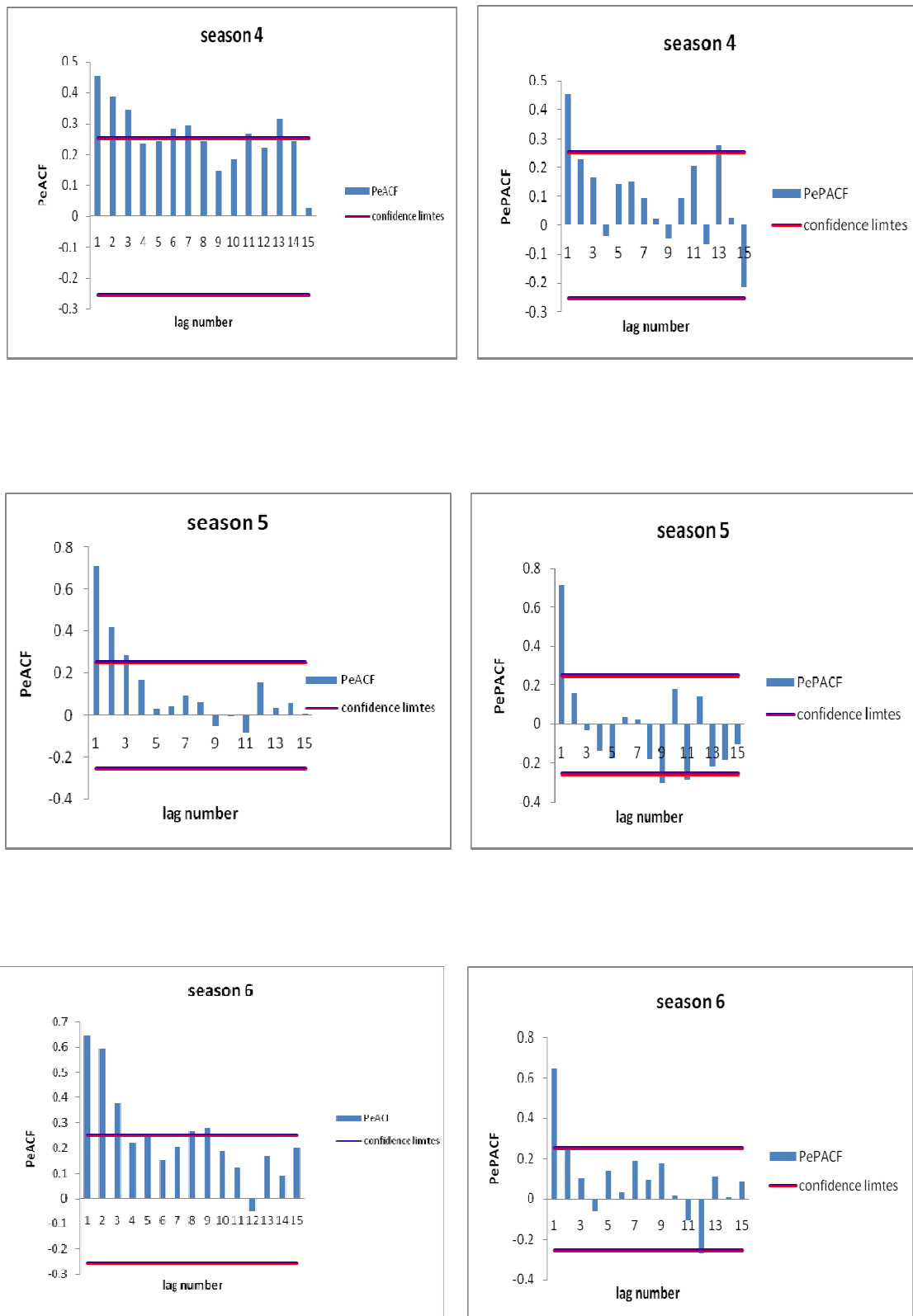


Figure 4.9: Cont.

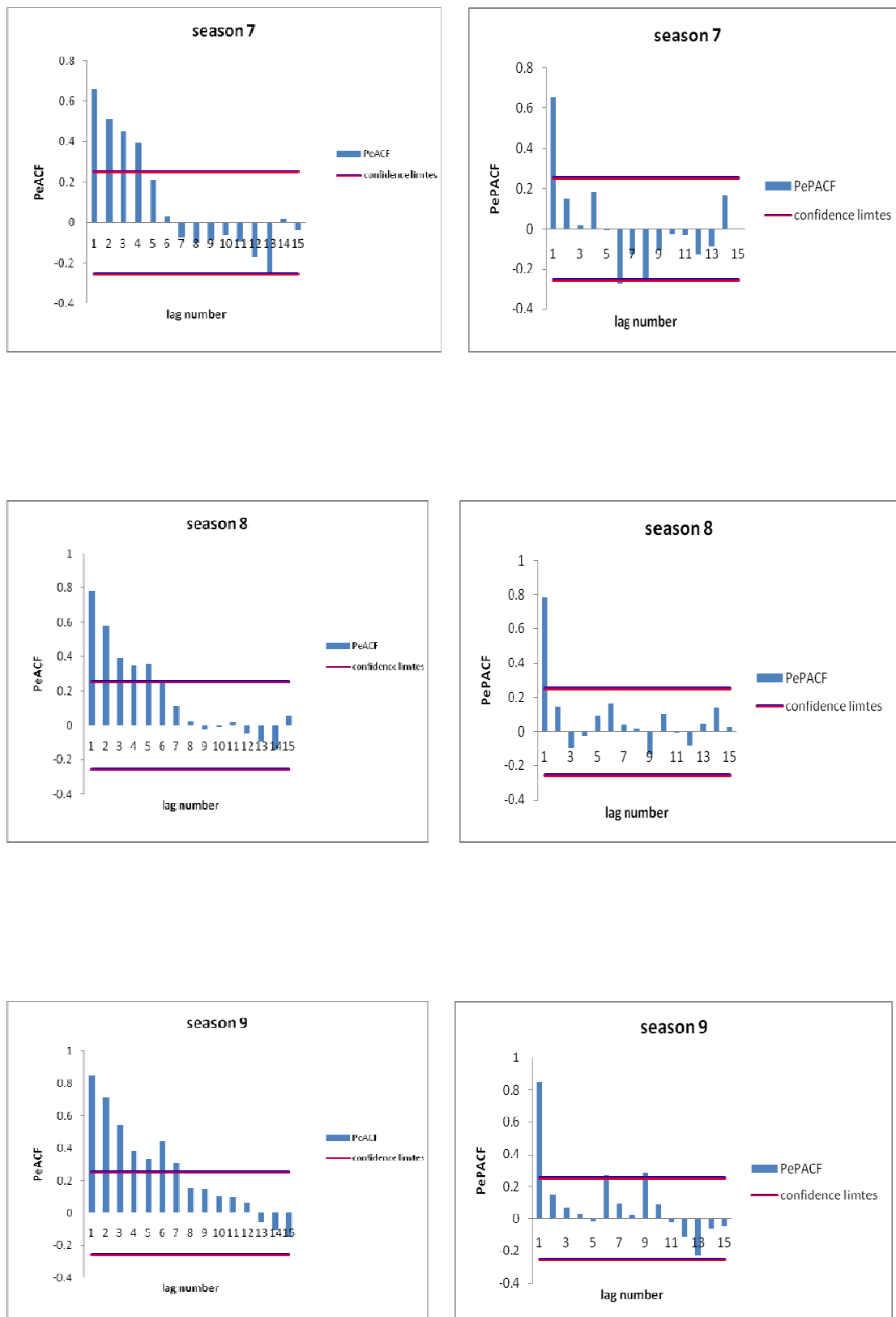


Figure 4.9: Cont.

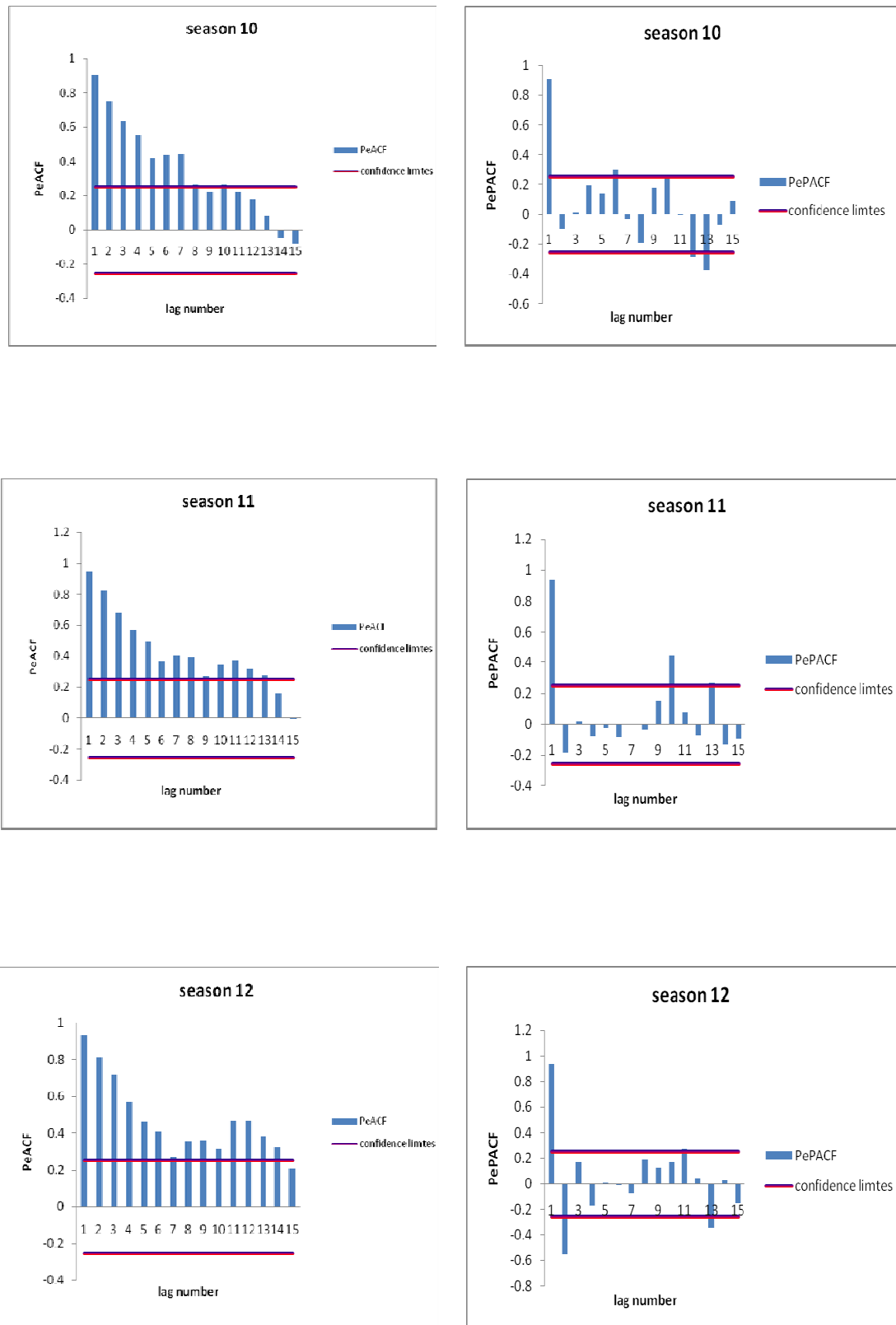


Figure 4.9: Cont.

4.7.2 Estimation of Model Parameters

The identification process has led to a tentative formulation for the model, then, it is needed to obtain efficient estimates of the model parameters. Conditional sum of squares method explained in chapter 3 is used in estimation of model parameter by using computer program. The process is started by using equation (3-36), initial values of (ϕ, θ) between (1, -1) are used. The value (0.01) is added to the values $(\phi \& \theta)$ of the last iteration, the process is repeated with the next iteration until getting the minimum sum of squares $S(\phi, \theta)$.

As an example, the calculation of min. sum of squared for season one of monthly flow of greater Zab River is shown in Table 4.7 for PAR(1) or PARMA(1,0) model and other tables for seasons are given in appendix (B)(tables from (B.2) to (B.12)). Table 4.8 shows the results of estimation of parameters for suggested models of each season.

Table 4.7: Calculated min sum of square for season one with PARMA(1,0) model and $\phi_{1,1} = 0.77$

year	$W_{r,1}$	$W_{r,12}$	$\phi_{1,1}W_{r,12}$	$a_{r,1}$	$a^2_{r,1}$	year	$W_{r,1}$	$W_{r,12}$	$\phi_{1,1}W_{r,12}$	$a_{r,1}$	$a^2_{r,1}$
0		0				31	-0.98789	1.93828	-0.75359	-0.2343	0.0549
1	-1.30412	-0.86624	0	-1.30412	1.70073	32	2.1889	0.294091	1.502167	0.686722	0.47159
2	-1.13281	-1.21165	-0.67133	-0.46147	0.21296	33	0.2996	-0.46928	0.227921	0.071683	0.00514
3	-1.08431	-1.21165	-0.93903	-0.14528	0.02111	34	1.67254	-0.12647	-0.3637	2.036233	4.14624
4	-1.08431	-0.97237	-0.93903	-0.14528	0.02111	35	0.34385	0.922473	-0.09802	0.441863	0.19524
5	-1.03601	-1.05205	-0.75359	-0.28242	0.07976	36	0.80268	1.183521	0.714917	0.087756	0.0077
6	0.07684	-0.33731	-0.81534	0.892189	0.796	37	0.84586	1.313887	0.917229	-0.07137	0.00509
7	-0.56238	-0.44288	-0.26141	-0.30097	0.09058	38	0.99636	0.136545	1.018263	-0.0219	0.00048
8	-0.67929	-0.17914	-0.34323	-0.33606	0.11294	39	0.27745	-0.12647	0.105823	0.171622	0.02945
9	0.32174	-0.2582	-0.13884	0.460575	0.21213	40	0.05442	2.43112	-0.09802	0.152436	0.02324
10	-0.33123	-0.20549	-0.2001	-0.13112	0.01719	41	1.06056	0.346564	1.884118	-0.82356	0.67826
11	0.00949	-0.07382	-0.15925	0.168746	0.02848	42	0.16626	0.346564	0.268587	-0.10232	0.01047
12	-0.10333	0.32033	-0.05721	-0.04612	0.00213	43	0.09924	0.896344	0.268587	-0.16935	0.02868
13	0.03197	-0.41647	0.248256	-0.21629	0.04678	44	-0.44638	0.844074	0.694667	-1.14105	1.30199
14	-0.44638	0.660982	-0.32277	-0.12361	0.01528	45	1.6308	1.23568	0.654157	0.976643	0.95383
15	1.56808	-0.89276	0.512261	1.055814	1.11474	46	0.91048	0.948598	0.957652	-0.04717	0.00223
16	-0.58569	0.162816	-0.69189	0.106199	0.01128	47	0.5636	0.005108	0.735163	-0.17157	0.02944
17	0.32174	0.267847	0.126183	0.195555	0.03824	48	1.42112	1.313887	0.003958	1.417162	2.00835
18	0.32174	0.32033	0.207581	0.114156	0.01303	49	0.12161	1.261753	1.018263	-0.89666	0.804
19	0.45402	-0.33731	0.248256	0.205764	0.04234	50	0.84586	1.392058	0.977859	-0.132	0.01742
20	1.42112	-0.07382	-0.26141	1.682535	2.83092	51	1.85954	0.817931	1.078845	0.780689	0.60947
21	-0.03555	0.660982	-0.05721	0.02166	0.00047	52	0.00949	-0.65433	0.633897	-0.62441	0.38989
22	0.25526	2.094047	0.512261	-0.257	0.06605	53	-0.56238	0.005108	-0.50711	-0.05528	0.00306
23	1.25211	-0.60143	1.622887	-0.37078	0.13748	54	-0.35419	-1.02549	0.003958	-0.35815	0.12827
24	-0.63242	0.372793	-0.4661	-0.16631	0.02766	55	0.00949	0.372793	-0.79475	0.804245	0.64681
25	-0.44638	0.477658	0.288915	-0.73529	0.54066	56	1.14589	-0.89276	0.288915	0.856969	0.7344
26	0.27745	-0.65433	0.370185	-0.09274	0.0086	57	-1.50319	-2.53007	-0.69189	-0.8113	0.65821
27	-1.37834	-0.44288	-0.50711	-0.87123	0.75905	58	-2.04646	-2.12294	-1.9608	-0.08565	0.00734
28	-0.53911	-0.91929	-0.34323	-0.19588	0.03837	59	-1.96667	-2.12294	-1.64528	-0.32139	0.10329
29	-1.06014	-1.02549	-0.71245	-0.34769	0.12089	60	-2.07325	-0.12647	-1.64528	-0.42797	0.18315
30	-1.25492	-0.97237	-0.79475	-0.46016	0.21175						SS= 23.55631

Table 4.8: Final estimation of model parameter for each season of suggested models

season	Suggested model	PAR parameter		PMA parameter		SS	σ_a^2
		ϕ_1	ϕ_2	θ_1	θ_2		
1	PAR(1)	0.775				23.556	0.393
	PAR(2)	0.592	0.195			23.667	0.394
	PMA(1)			-0.728		44.567	0.742
	PMA(2)			-0.759	-0.894	32.796	0.546
	PARMA(1,1)	0.787		0.146		23.86	0.397
	PARMA(2,2)	1.726	-0.776	1.101	0.815	23.663	0.394
	PARMA(1,2)	0.830		0.203	0.228	23.788	0.396
	PARMA(2,1)	0.533	0.25	-0.088		23.654	0.394
2	PAR(1)	0.516				43.274	0.721
	PAR(2)	0.502	0.017			44.038	0.734
	PMA(1)			-0.466		50.295	0.838
	PMA(2)			-0.485	-0.437	47.588	0.793
	PARMA(1,1)	0.507		-0.019		44.04	0.734
	PARMA(2,2)	1.892	-1.155	1.381	-1.086	44.965	0.749
	PARMA(1,2)	0.434007		-0.092	-0.831	45.631	0.761
	PARMA(2,1)	-1.529	1.592	-2.058		45.75	0.763
3	PAR(1)	0.452				46.933	0.782
	PAR(2)	0.395	0.067			48.697	0.811
	PMA(1)			-0.429		50.708	0.845
	PMA(2)			-0.398	-0.352	48.346	0.805
	PARMA(1,1)	0.528		0.134		48.685	0.811
	PARMA(2,2)	0.62	-0.115	0.248	-0.171	48.019	0.800
	PARMA(1,2)	0.494		0.128	-0.111	48.18	0.803
	PARMA(2,1)	0.716	-0.098	0.33		48.559	0.809

Table 4.8: Cont.

season	Suggested model	ϕ_1	ϕ_2	θ_1	θ_2	SS	σ_a^2
4	PAR(1)	0.455				46.813	0.78
	PAR(2)	0.399	0.208			47.54	0.792
	PMA(1)			-0.443		50.041	0.834
	PMA(2)			-0.399	-0.315	47.568	0.792
	PARMA(1,1)	0.918		0.529		48.082	0.801
	PARMA(2,2)	0.211	0.48	-0.176	0.287	47.739	0.796
	PARMA(1,2)	1.019		0.633	0.086	47.885	0.798
	PARMA(2,1)	0.604	0.12	0.206		48.526	0.809
5	PAR(1)	0.711				29.158	0.486
	PAR(2)	0.658	0.102			29.442	0.490
	PMA(1)			-0.665		37.836	0.630
	PMA(2)			-0.677	-0.345	32.387	0.539
	PARMA(1,1)	0.82		0.156		29.615	0.493
	PARMA(2,2)	-0.889	1.492	-1.568	0.792	27.759	0.462
	PARMA(1,2)	0.731		0.066	-0.077	29.466	0.491
	PARMA(2,1)	0.586	0.136	-0.074		29.43	0.490
6	PAR(1)	0.646				34.398	0.573
	PAR(2)	0.428	0.283			34.886	0.581
	PMA(1)			-0.564		47.946	0.799
	PMA(2)			-0.435	-0.528	40.548	0.675
	PARMA(1,1)	0.84		0.428		35.53	0.592
	PARMA(2,2)	0.032	0.797	-0.407	0.329	34.605	0.577
	PARMA(1,2)	1.019		0.617	0.184	34.763	0.579
	PARMA(2,1)	2.071	-0.88	1.67		34.56	0.576

Table 4.8:Cont.

season	Suggested model	ϕ_1	ϕ_2	θ_1	θ_2	SS	σ_a^2
7	PAR(1)	0.66				33.309	0.555
	PAR(2)	0.569	0.153			33.566	0.559
	PMA(1)			-0.612		42.023	0.700
	PMA(2)			-0.634	-0.422	37.884	0.631
	PARMA(1,1)	0.8		0.24		33.554	0.559
	PARMA(2,2)	-0.122	0.79	-0.701	0.433	34.194	0.569
	PARMA(1,2)	0.804		0.263	-0.023	34.283	0.571
	PARMA(2,1)	0.891	-0.049	0.358		34.136	0.569
8	PAR(1)	0.784				22.758	0.379
	PAR(2)	0.709	0.113			22.923	0.382
	PMA(1)			-0.725		37.9	0.631
	PMA(2)			-0.709	-0.603	26.135	0.435
	PARMA(1,1)	0.858		0.137		22.866	0.381
	PARMA(2,2)	0.187	0.48	-0.555	0.037	23.259	0.387
	PARMA(1,2)	0.788		0.068	-0.108	23.611	0.394
	PARMA(2,1)	0.365	0.341	-0.356		23.567	0.393
9	PAR(1)	0.849				16.438	0.274
	PAR(2)	0.752	0.124			16.962	0.283
	PMA(1)			-0.802		35.569	0.592
	PMA(2)			-0.785	-0.621	29.253	0.487
	PARMA(1,1)	0.911		0.164		17.337	0.289
	PARMA(2,2)	1.489	-0.497	0.765	-0.084	17.86	0.298
	PARMA(1,2)	0.924		0.171	0.027	17.369	0.289
	PARMA(2,1)	0.668	0.189	-0.085		17.358	0.289

Table 4.8: Cont.

season	model	ϕ_1	ϕ_2	θ_1	θ_2	SS	σ_a^2
10	PAR(1)	0.908				10.384	0.173
	PAR(2)	0.976	-0.079			10.455	0.174
	PMA(1)			-0.899		31.196	0.519
	PMA(2)			-0.934	-0.658	23.116	0.385
	PARMA(1,1)	0.884		-0.085		10.476	0.174
	PARMA(2,2)	0.624	0.254	-0.353	0.097	10.411	0.173
	PARMA(1,2)	0.898		-0.069	0.034	10.46	0.174
	PARMA(2,1)	1.05	-0.143	0.077		10.453	0.174
11	PAR(1)	0.941				6.728	0.112
	PAR(2)	1.076	-0.148			7.6106	0.127
	PMA(1)			-0.987		29.588	0.493
	PMA(2)			-0.987	-0.848	16.401	0.273
	PARMA(1,1)	0.912		-0.162		7.6137	0.127
	PARMA(2,2)	-1.897	2.491	-2.993	-0.223	7.1219	0.119
	PARMA(1,2)	0.907		-0.171	-0.016	7.6016	0.127
	PARMA(2,1)	0.894	0.016	-0.183		7.6069	0.127
12	PAR(1)	0.933				7.603	0.127
	PAR(2)	1.483	-0.584			7.999	0.133
	PMA(1)			-1.02		29.159	0.486
	PMA(2)			-1.081	-0.842	24.413	0.406
	PARMA(1,1)	0.861		-0.652		8.2293	0.137
	PARMA(2,2)	1.666	-0.726	0.159	0.172	8.2182	0.137
	PARMA(1,2)	0.871		-0.641	0.043	8.2344	0.137
	PARMA(2,1)	0.591	0.255	-0.923		8.2043	0.137

4.7.3 Diagnostic Checking

After exact estimation, Akaik information criterion (AIC) and the Schwarz information criterion (SIC) as explained in sec. (3.8) are used to select the best model from a group of suggested models for each season. The best model is the one that gives minimum (AIC) and (SIC). (AIC) and (SIC) values are summarized in Table 4.9. However, the adequacy of model fitting is also checked by statistical tests are used in this study to check residuals of fitted model for independent, white noise ($a_{r,m}$) and normally distributed of residuals.

Table 4.9: AIC and SIC values of suggested models for each season

model		PAR(1)	PAR(2)	PMA(1)	PMA(2)	PARMA(1,1)	PARMA(2,2)	PARMA(1,2)	PARMA(2,1)
season	test								
1	AIC	8.173*	10.5	46.306	30.12	10.999	15.226	13.146	12.843
	SIC	8.057*	12.304	46.189	31.88	12.759	20.493	16.702	16.398
2	AIC	44.583*	47.873	53.606	52.512	47.873	53.77	52.339	52.497
	SIC	44.467*	49.633	53.49	54.272	49.633	59.036	55.895	56.053
3	AIC	49.456*	53.859	54.105	53.413	53.859	57.722	55.563	56.009
	SIC	49.34*	55.619	53.989	55.173	55.619	62.988	59.118	59.565
4	AIC	49.302*	52.436	53.319	52.436	53.114	57.421	55.188	56.009
	SIC	49.186*	54.197	53.203	54.197	54.875	62.688	58.744	59.565
5	AIC	20.917*	23.627	36.488	29.346	23.993	24.779	26.048	25.926
	SIC	20.801*	25.387	36.372	31.106	25.753	30.045	29.604	29.482
6	AIC	30.798*	33.848	50.746	42.846	34.973	38.116	35.94	35.628
	SIC	30.682*	35.608	50.63	44.606	36.733	43.382	39.495	39.184
7	AIC	28.883*	31.532	42.81	38.801	31.532	37.278	35.105	34.894
	SIC	28.767*	33.292	42.693	40.561	33.292	42.544	38.661	38.45
8	AIC	5.997*	8.688	36.583	16.484	8.531	14.151	12.843	12.69
	SIC	5.881*	10.448	36.467	18.244	10.291	19.417	16.398	16.246
9	AIC	-13.467*	-9.309	32.755	23.259	-8.051	-1.528	-5.752	-5.752
	SIC	-13.583*	-7.549	32.639	25.019	-6.291	3.737	-2.196	-2.196
10	AIC	-41.057*	-38.493	24.859	9.157	-38.493	-34.156	-36.194	-36.194
	SIC	-41.173*	-36.733	24.743	10.917	-36.733	-28.89	-32.638	-32.638
11	AIC	-67.144*	-57.385	21.775	-11.468	-57.385	-56.606	-55.086	-55.086
	SIC	-67.261*	-55.625	21.659	-9.708	-55.625	-51.34	-51.531	-51.531
12	AIC	-59.603*	-54.615	20.917	12.344	-52.837	-48.155	-50.539	-50.539
	SIC	-59.719*	-52.855	20.801	14.104	-51.077	-42.889	-46.983	-46.983

*Min. AIC & SIC

From the result in Table 4.9, it's found that the minimum (AIC and SIC) value is the PAR_{12} (1) or $PARMA_{12}$ (1, 0) model from group of suggested models for each season, so that checking this model to diagnostic checking.

Table 4.10 shows the Porte Manteau lack of fit test. The table shows that all models are succeeded for each season because the calculated (Q) by using equations (3-41, 3-42) with $M=15$ is less than the χ^2 -table with degree of freedom ($M-p-q$).

Table 4.10: Diagnostic check results with 95% confidence limits and ($M-p-q$) degree of freedom, where $M=15$.

season	χ^2 -table	Q1-calculated	Q2-calculated	Result test
1	23.6848	0.17598	0.000404	succeeded
2	23.6848	0.44971	0.000659	succeeded
3	23.6848	1.89288	0.001836	succeeded
4	23.6848	1.77854	0.001616	succeeded
5	23.6848	2.35188	0.002026	succeeded
6	23.6848	1.61311	0.001349	succeeded
7	23.6848	4.35021	0.017104	succeeded
8	23.6848	5.66478	0.005076	succeeded
9	23.6848	7.15965	0.011645	succeeded
10	23.6848	11.0418	0.028054	succeeded
11	23.6848	7.76376	0.052976	succeeded
12	23.6848	6.84814	0.068697	succeeded

The second test is the independency of the resulting ($a_{r,m}$) series for each season. The correlogram of these series are computed for lag ($M=15$) as shown in Figure 4.10. The result shows that the most of computed lags lie inside the tolerance interval ($\pm 1.96/\sqrt{n}$, at 95% confidence limits). Hence, the selected models can be considered as

appropriate models because their capability of removing the dependency from data.

The third test for the normality of residuals, which provides stronger conclusions about the model. Figure 4.11 shows plot of the histogram and normal probability of the residuals which indicate that transform (Box-Cox) is good fit for the residual. The final $PAR_{12}(1)$ or $PARMA_{12}(1, 0)$ models for each season and model equation which have minimum AIC and succeeded in the above tests are shown in Table 4.11.

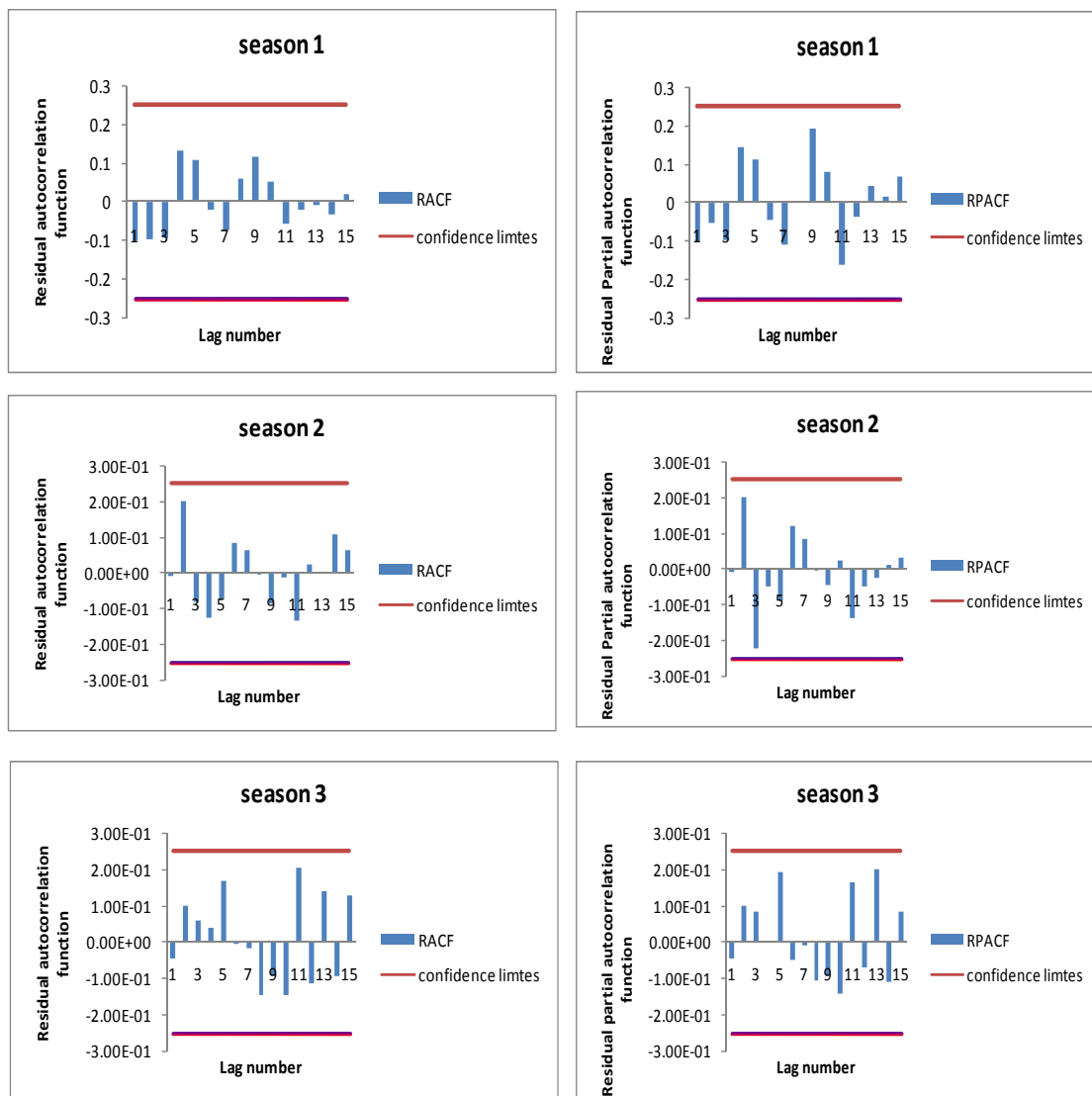


Figure 4.10:ACF & PACF for $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model residual ,showing the 95% confidence limits $\pm 1.96/\sqrt{n}$

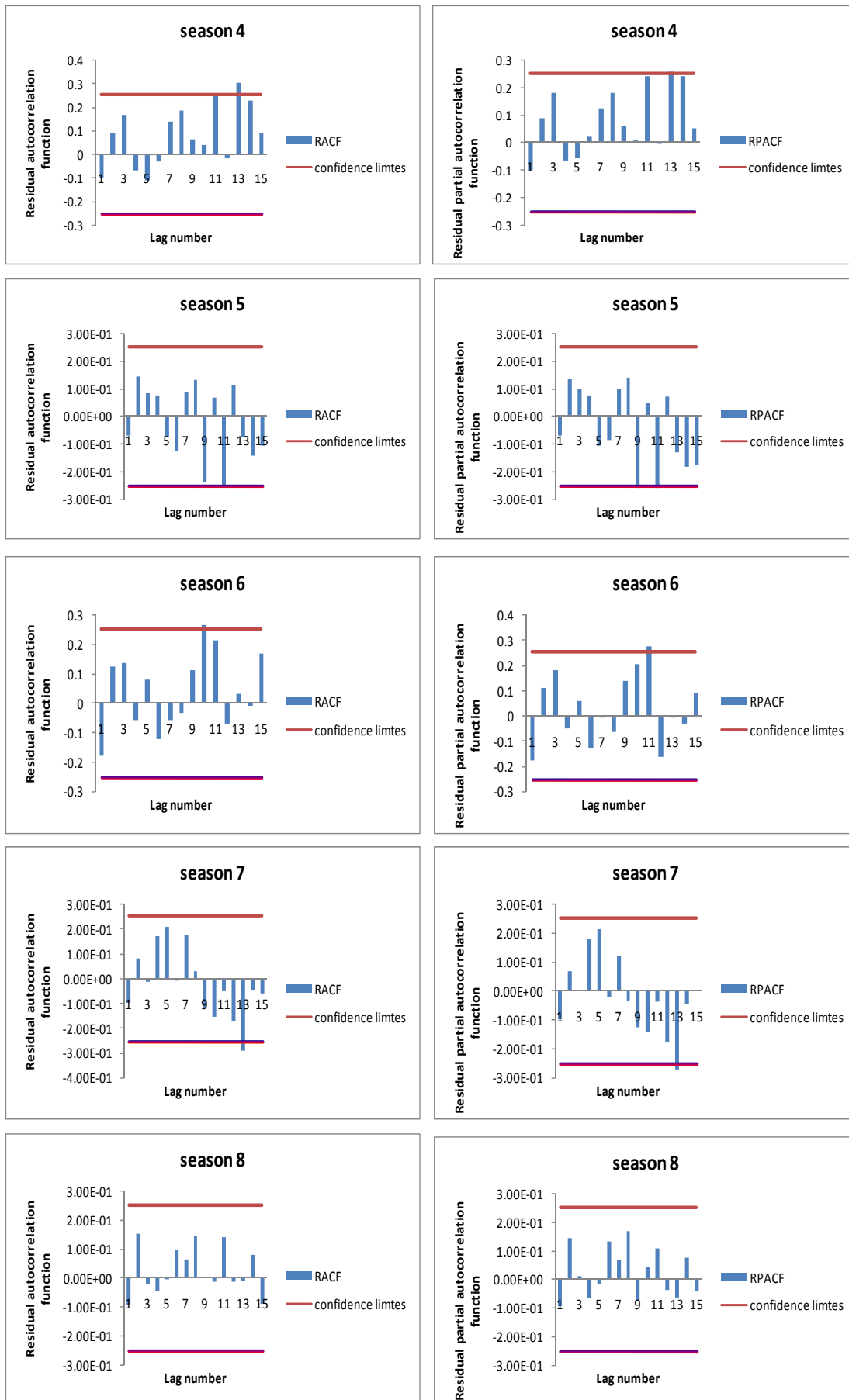


Figure 4.10:Cont.

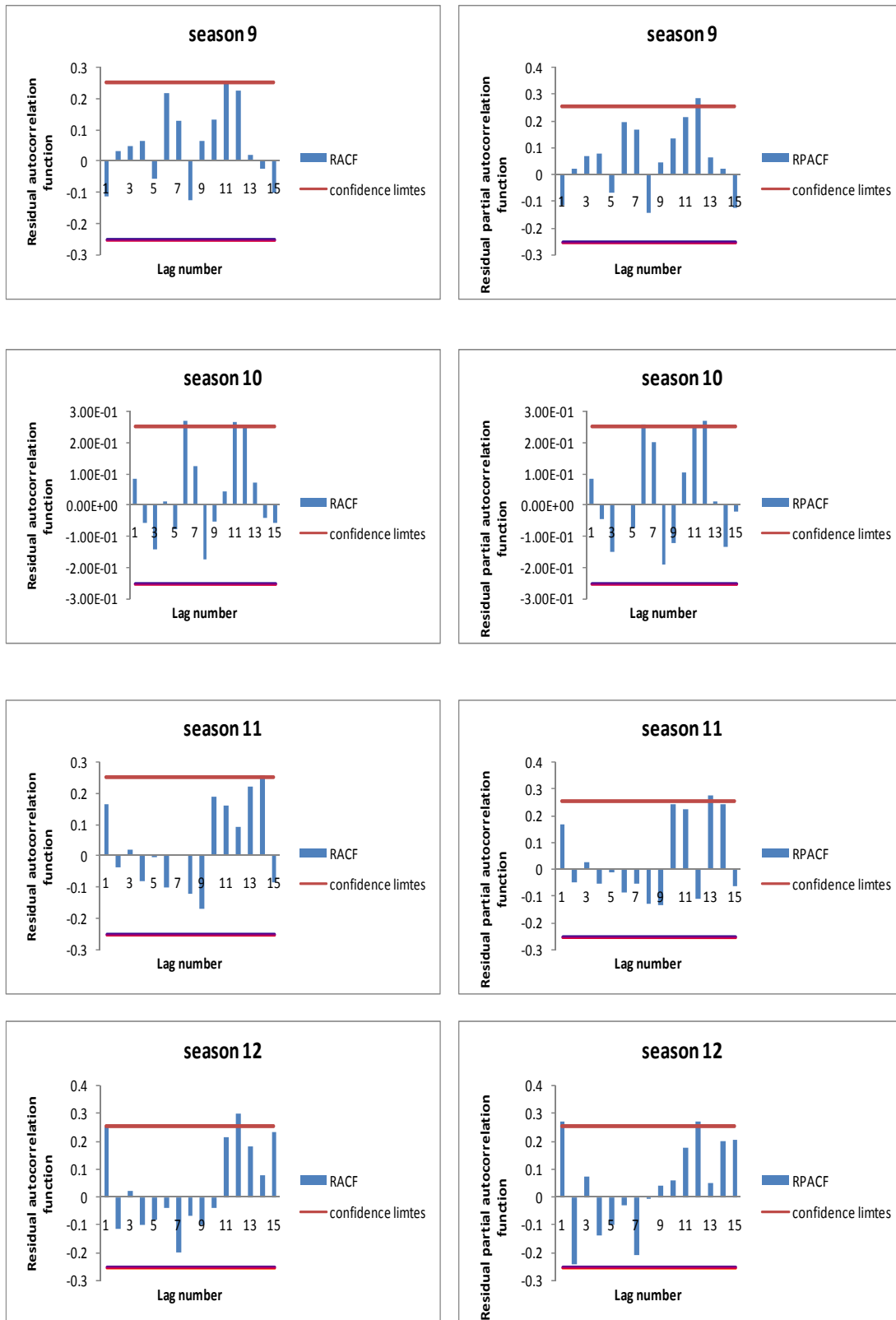


Figure 4.10: Cont.

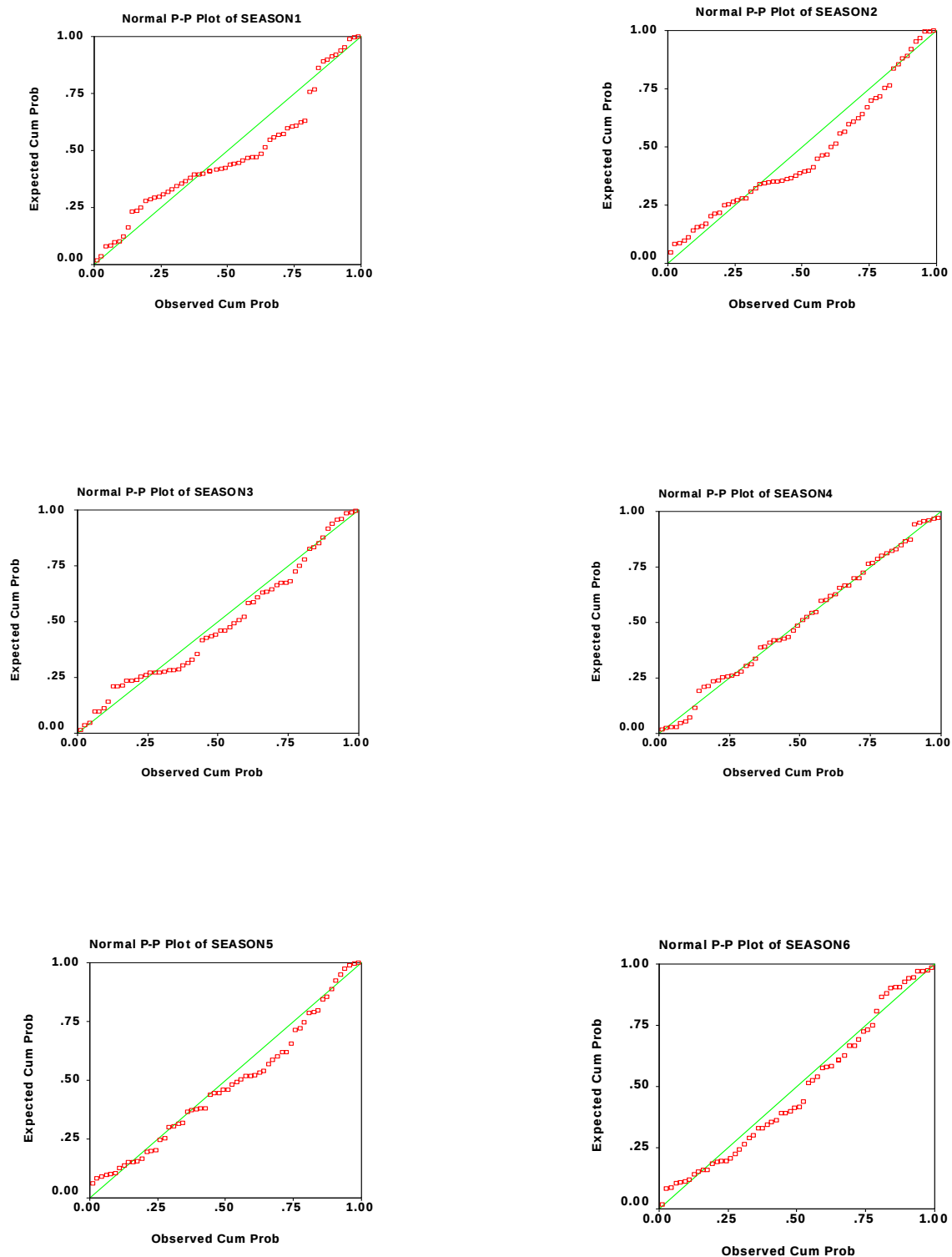


Figure 4.11: Probability plot for PARMA(1,0) model residuals for 12 season

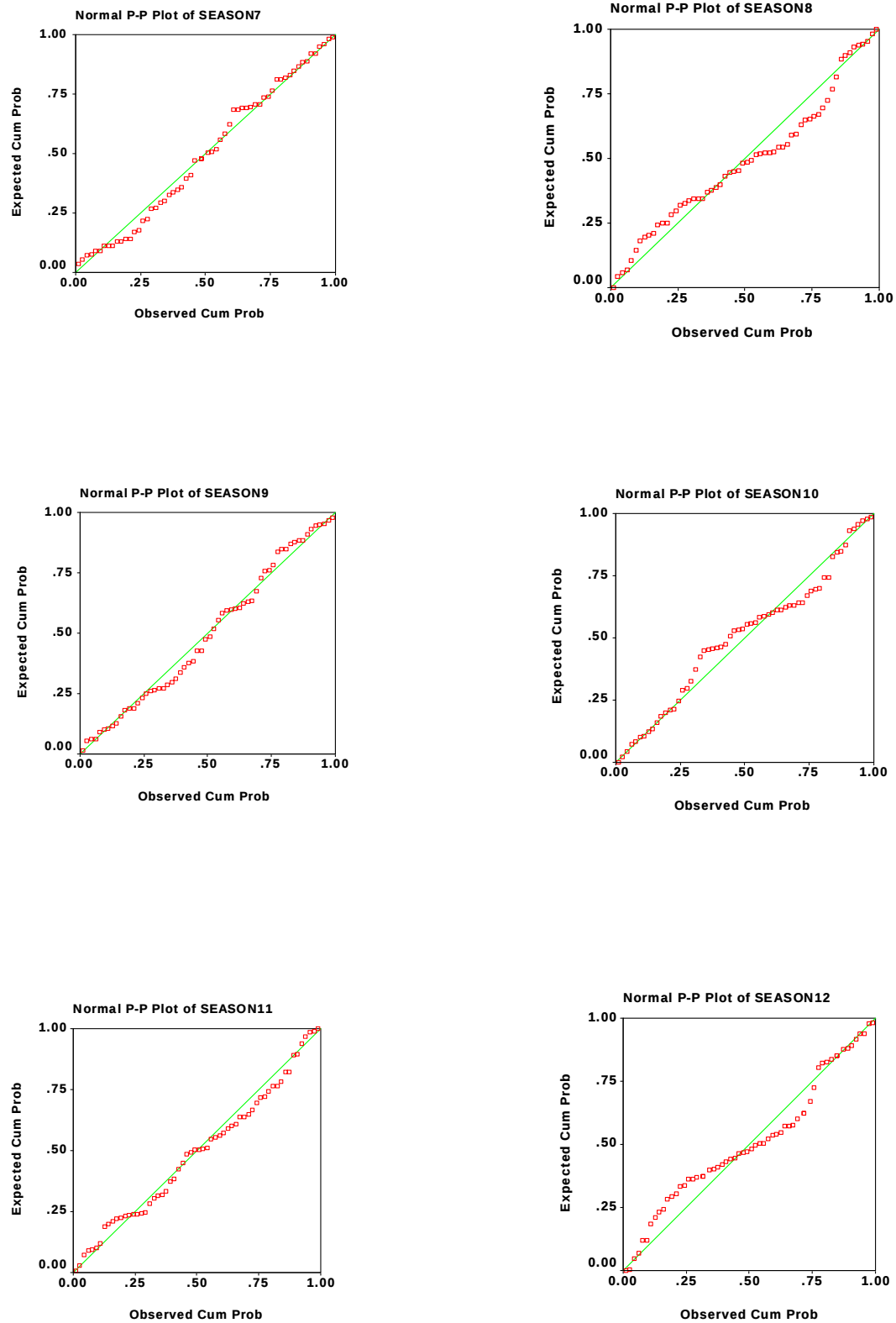


Figure 4.11: Cont.

Table 4.11: Final model types of each season for Greater Zab River.

season	Month	model	model equation
1	Oct	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.775 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
2	Nov	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.516 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
3	Dec	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.452 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
4	Jan	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.455 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
5	Feb	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.711 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
6	Mar	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.646 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
7	Apr	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.66 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
8	May	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.784 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
9	Jun	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.849 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
10	Jul	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.908 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
11	Aug	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.941 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$
12	Sep	PARMA(1,0)	$W_{r,m} = 0.933 W_{r,m-1} + a_{r,m}$

4.8 Fitting SARIMA (p,d,q)(P,D,Q)₁₂ model

4.8.1 Identification of Models

For fitting SARIMA (p, d, q) × (P, D, Q)_s model which is a multiplicative nonstationary seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average model to a time series of monthly flow data, three stages procedure are adopted. These stages are model identification, estimation of model parameters, and diagnostic checking of the estimated parameters as explained in chapter three (Section 3.11).

The period of observation of monthly flow of Greater Zab river is from (1933-2002). The record is from (1933-1992) used in building SARIMA models. Data from (1993-2002) are used to choose best fit model depending on minimum forecasted error.

First of all, the observation is plotted against time. This plot will show up important features such as trend, seasonality, discontinuities, and outlier. Figure 4.12 show that there is little trend, high fluctuation, and seasonal variation for monthly flow for Greater Zab river.

The procedure of fitting SARIMA model is summarized by the following steps (Box and Jenkins, 1976):

1. Transform the data by using natural log transformation, which was found the most appropriate transformation (Box and Jenkins, 1976; McLeod et. al., 1987). As shown in Figure 4.13, the series are converted to stationary in variance by log transform method.

2. Remove trend component by trying the first order differencing. Figure 4.14 shows that the series is transformed to a stationary in mean with approximately no trend.
3. Remove the seasonal variation by trying the first order seasonal differencing. Figure 4.15 shows ACF & PACF after taking log transform and first differencing for flow data, indicating seasonal variance that must be removed by first order seasonal differencing as shown in Figure 4.16.
4. Identify appropriate model by plotting ACF and PACF after logarithmic transformation, first simple differencing and first seasonal differencing of monthly observations.

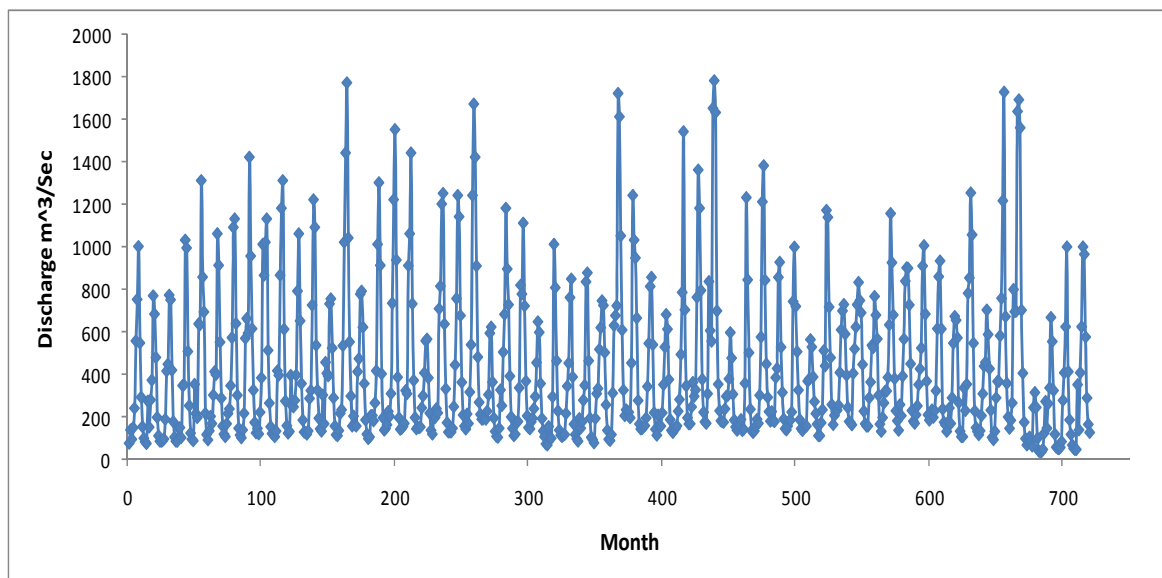


Figure 4.12: Monthly discharge for Greater Zab River from 1933 to 1992

Figure 4.17 shows the (ACF) and (PACF) for monthly flow of greater Zab river which plotted by using the Software SPSS (Statistical Package for Social Science). Chatfield (1982) explained that the (ACF) of moving average (MA(q)) cuts off after lag q whereas the (PACF) is a mixture of damped exponentials sinusoids and dies out slowly (or attenuates), then,

these figures indicate that the model is seasonal multiplicative model. i.e. these models may be seasonal integrated moving average model (SIMA(q)) or seasonal autoregressive integrated model (SARI(p)) or seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average model (SARIMA(p,q)) which are given in Table 4.12 (see Appendix A.4 for derivation these models). The selected model is the one which gives minimum sum of squares (SS).

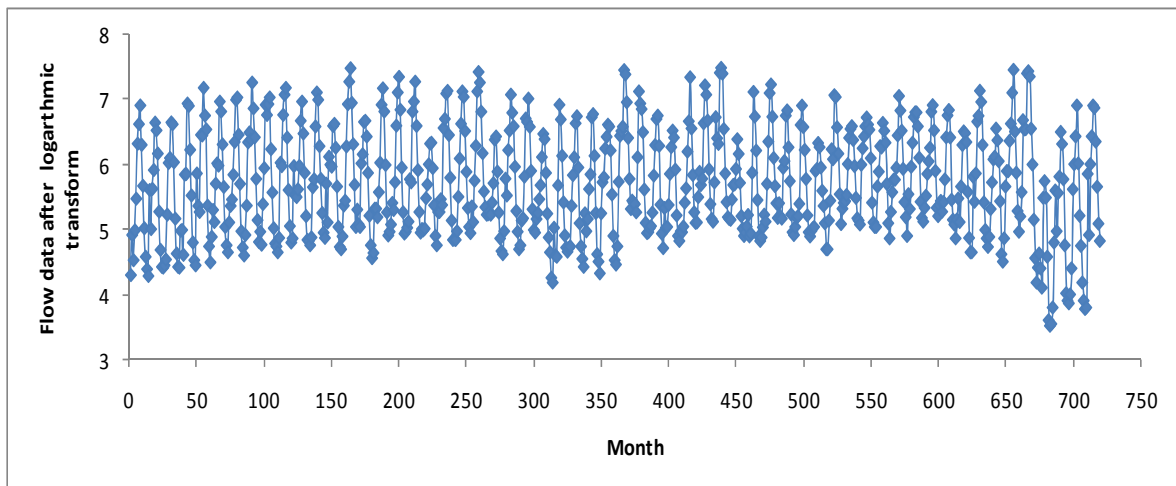


Figure 4.13: Monthly flow after log transform for stationary in variance

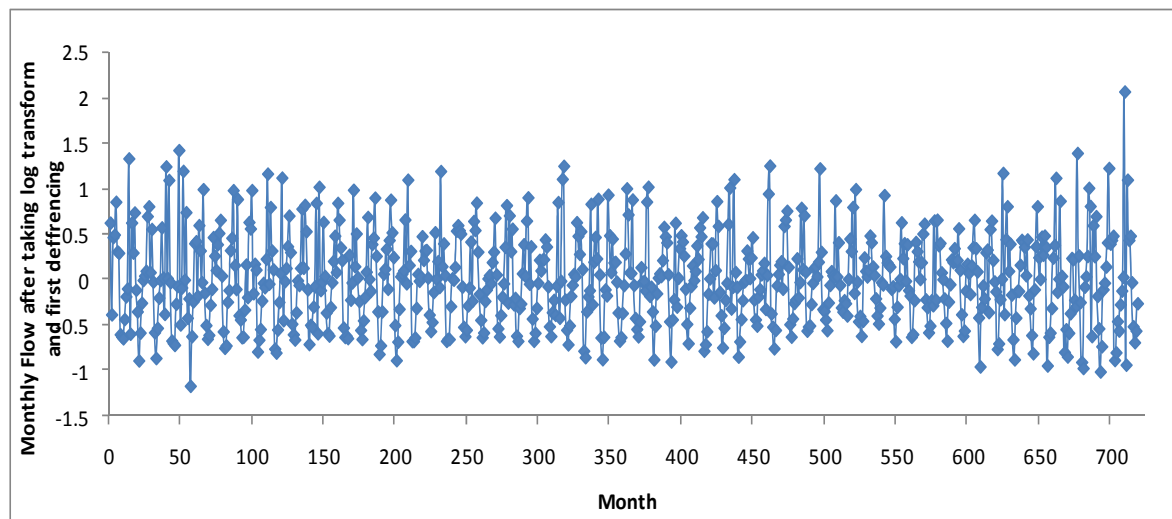


Figure 4.14: Monthly Flow after taking log transform and first differencing for stationary in mean.

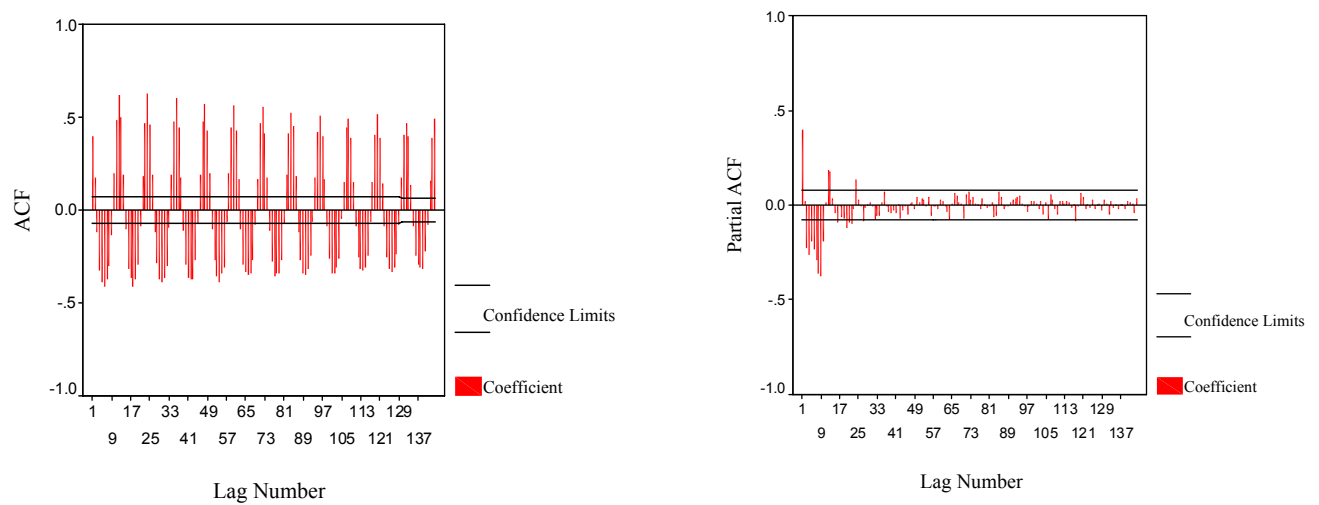


Figure 4.15: ACF & PACF after taking Log transform and first differencing for flow data.

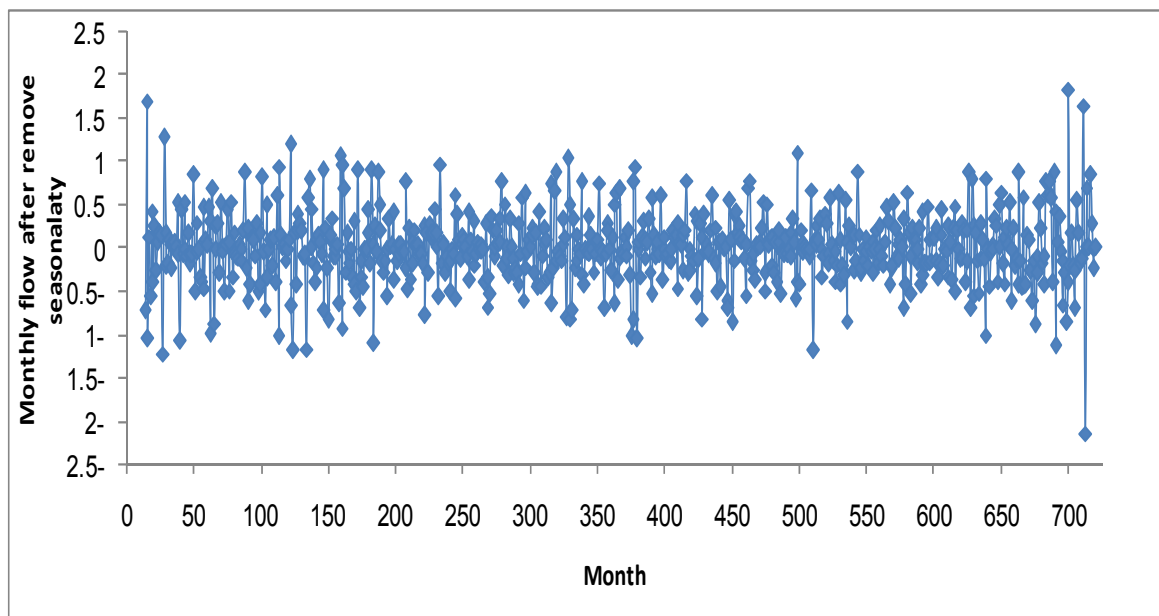


Figure 4.16: Monthly flow after taking Log transform, first differencing and first seasonal differencing

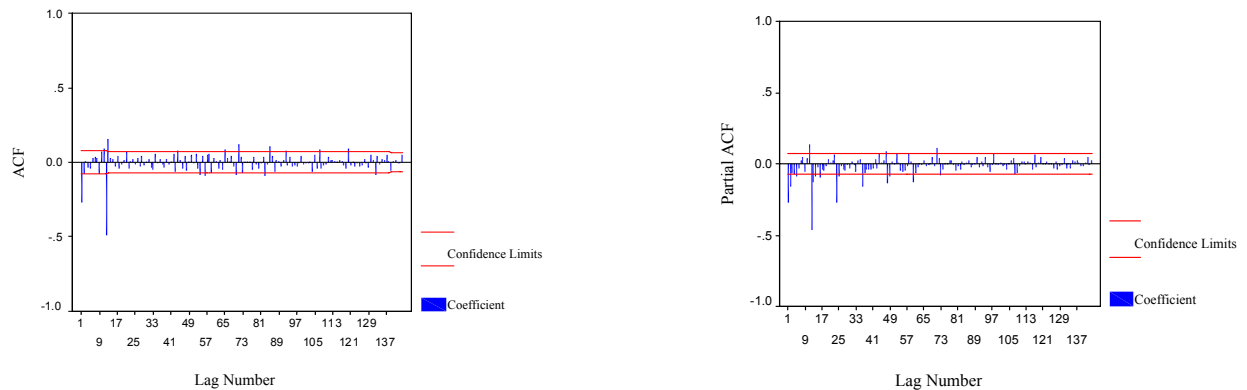


Figure 4.17: ACF & PACF for Monthly Flow for Greater Zab River

Table 4.12: Best Fit SARIMA Models for Greater Zab River.

model	Seasonal part of model	Nonseasonal part of model	SARIMA models	Equation of models
SARIMA(0,1,1)x(0,1,1) ₁₂	$W_t = (1 - \theta\beta^{12})a_t$	$W_t = (1 - \theta\beta)a_t$	$W_t = (1 - \theta\beta)(1 - \theta\beta^{12})a_t$	$W_t = a_t - \theta a_{t-1} - \theta a_{t-12} + \theta\theta a_{t-13}$
SARIMA(0,1,2)x(0,1,1) ₁₂	$W_t = (1 - \theta\beta^{12})a_t$	$W_t = (1 - \theta_1\beta - \theta_2\beta^2)a_t$	$W_t = (1 - \theta_1\beta - \theta_2\beta^2)(1 - \theta\beta^{12})a_t$	$W_t = a_t - \theta_1 a_{t-1} - \theta_2 a_{t-2} - \theta a_{t-12} + \theta_1 \theta a_{t-13} + \theta_2 \theta a_{t-14}$
SARIMA(1,1,0)x(1,1,0) ₁₂	$a_t = (1 - \phi\beta^{12})W_t$	$a_t = (1 - \phi\beta)W_t$	$a_t = (1 - \phi\beta)(1 - \phi\beta^{12})W_t$	$a_t = W_t - \phi W_{t-1} - \phi W_{t-12} + \phi\phi W_{t-13}$
SARIMA(2,1,0)x(1,1,0) ₁₂	$a_t = (1 - \phi\beta^{12})W_t$	$a_t = (1 - \phi_1\beta - \phi_2\beta^2)W_t$	$a_t = (1 - \phi_1\beta - \phi_2\beta^2)(1 - \phi\beta^{12})W_t$	$a_t = W_t - \phi_1 W_{t-1} - \phi_2 W_{t-2} - \phi W_{t-12} + \phi_1 \phi W_{t-13} + \phi_2 \phi W_{t-14}$

4.8.2 Estimation of Parameters

The unconditional sum of squares is used to estimate the model parameters by using computer program. To illustrate this procedure we select, for example, the SARIMA(0,1,1)x(0,1,1) model. This model of monthly flow is:

$$\nabla \nabla_{12} Z_t = W_t = (1 - \theta\beta)(1 - \theta\beta^{12})a_t, \dots \dots \dots (4-1)$$

where Z_t is the transformed series ($Z_t = \ln X_t$) and X_t is the original series. The number of observations (N) is 720 (number of months from 1933 to 1992), $n = N - d - SD = 720 - 1 - 12 = 707$ is the number of dependent stochastic component (W_t), d is the degree of simple difference ($d=1$), D is the degree of seasonal difference ($D=1$), and S is the length of periodic cycle ($S=12$). The values of both Θ and θ vary from (-1 to 1). We choose $\Theta = \theta = -1$ as first trial values and the sum of squares (SS) is computed. The procedure is repeated with different values of Θ and θ until we obtain minimum sum of squares. Table (B.13) are given in appendix (B) shows calculation with $\theta = 0.361$ and $\Theta = 0.95$. These values correspond to minimum sum of square.

The calculations which are shown in Table (B.13) are explained as follows:

The model may be written in either forward form as shown in the following equation

$$[a_t] = [W_t] + \theta[a_{t-1}] + \Theta[a_{t-12}] - \theta\Theta[a_{t-13}] \quad \dots\dots\dots(4-2)$$

or backward form as follows:

$$[e_t] = [W_t] + \theta[e_{t+1}] + \Theta[e_{t+12}] - \theta\Theta[e_{t+13}] \quad \dots\dots\dots(4-3)$$

Then, it is convenient to use a numbering system so that the first observation in the X_t series (the second column in Table (B.13)) has a subscript -12, the last observation in the X_t has a subscript 707, the first observation in the W_t series (the eight column in Table (B.13)) has a subscript -12, and the last observation in the W_t series has a subscript 707. The beginning of calculation of the unconditional sum of squares (SS) is done by backward form (Equation 4-3), i.e. when $t=707$, to compute the $[e_t]$ s (column 12 in Table (B.13)) for $t=707, 706, \dots, 1$ by

setting $[e_t]=0$ for $t=708, 709, 710$, and so on. Then, the $[W_t]$ series for $t=0, -1, -2, \dots, -12$ is computed from Equation (4-3) by setting $[e_t]=0$ for $t=0, -1, -2, \dots, -12$. After that the $[a_t]_s$ (fourth column in Table (B.13)) are computed by forward form Equation (4-2) for $t=-12, -11, -10, \dots, 707$ by setting $[a_t]_s=0$ for $t=-13, -14, -15$, and so on. Hence, the sum of squares (SS) is computed by the following equation:

$$SS = \sum_{t=-12}^{t=707} (a_t^2) \quad \dots\dots\dots (4-4)$$

Table (B.13) shows that the minimum sum of squares of monthly flow for greater Zab river is 60.580 when $\theta = 0.361$ and $\Theta = 0.95$. Table 4.13 gives the estimates of model parameters for each the models given in Table 4.12.

Table 5.13: Summary of estimation model parameters for monthly flow for Greater Zab River.

Suggested model	ARI parameter		SARI parameter	IMA parameter		SIMA parameter	Min sum of square (SS)
	ϕ_1	ϕ_2	Φ	θ_1	θ_2	Θ	
SARIMA(0,1,1)x(0,1,1) ₁₂				0.361		0.95	60.580
SARIMA(0,1,2)x(0,1,1) ₁₂				0.35	0.15	0.95	61.537
SARIMA(1,1,0)x(1,1,0) ₁₂	-0.267		-0.533				83.234
SARIMA(2,1,0)x(1,1,0) ₁₂	-0.31	-0.15	-0.53				81.312

4.8.3 Diagnostic Checking

After estimating the model parameters, we must select one model which is best from four suggested models by using Akaike information

criteria (AIC) test and the Schwarz information criterion (SIC) also often referred to as the Bayesian information criterion as mentioned in Chapter three section (3.11). The most adequate model is the one that gives minimum AIC and SIC value from equation (3.54 and 3.55). Table 4.14 summaries the estimation of (AIC) and (SIC) for monthly flow for Greater Zab River for all models in Table 4.12. From this table we found that the minimum (AIC and SIC) value was the SARIMA (0,1,1)(0,1,1)₁₂ model from group of suggested models.

Table 4.14: The (AIC) and (SIC) for monthly flow of Greater Zab River for all Suggested models

Suggested model	SS	σ_a^2	NO. of parameter	n	AIC	SIC
SARIMA(0,1,1)x(0,1,1) ₁₂	60.580	0.0841	4	720	-1774.539*	-2.439*
SARIMA(0,1,2)x(0,1,1) ₁₂	61.537	0.0854	5	720	-1760.921	-2.415
SARIMA(1,1,0)x(1,1,0) ₁₂	83.234	0.1156	4	720	-1545.486	-2.121
SARIMA(2,1,0)x(1,1,0) ₁₂	81.312	0.1129	5	720	-1560.502	-2.136

* Min. value of AIC & SIC

The diagnostic checking is applied to see if the model is adequate or not. Portmanteau lack of fit test (Section 3.11) is used for this purpose. The Q1 test is called Box-Pierce test, Q2 test is called Ljung-Box test and Q3 test is called Li- Mcloed test. The results of these tests are given in Table 4.15, which indicates that SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)₁₂ model is adequate for monthly flow of Greater Zab river because the calculated Q value is less than the value of χ^2 -table with 52 degree of freedom (M-P-p-Q-q) and 95% confidence limits where M=54 for monthly flow .

Table 4.15: Diagnostic check results with 95% confidence limits and (M-p-q-P-Q) degree of freedom, where M=54

Type of model	Q1-calculated	Q2-calculated	Q3-calculated	χ^2 -table
SARIMA(0,1,1)x(0,1,1) ₁₂	65.762	69.524	69.033	69.820

The SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)₁₂ model may be written in the following form:

$$W_t = (1 - 0.361\beta) (1 - 0.95\beta^{12}) a_t, \dots\dots\dots(4-5)$$

or

$$W_t = a_t - 0.361 a_{t-1} - 0.95 a_{t-12} + 0.343 a_{t-13}, \dots\dots\dots(4-6)$$

4.9 Confidence Region

When several parameters have been considered simultaneously it needs some means of judging the precision of the estimate jointly. One of means of doing this is to determine the confidence region. The approximate 1- ξ confidence region bounded by contour on the sum of squares surface obtained by (Box and Jenkins, 1976):

$$S(\beta) = S(\hat{\beta}) \left\{ 1 + \frac{\chi_{\xi}^2(k)}{n} \right\}, \dots\dots\dots(4-7)$$

Where $S(\beta)$ is the quadratic surface. $S(\hat{\beta})$ is the minimum sum of squares. $\chi_{\xi}^2(k)$ is the significant point expected by a proportion ξ of the χ^2 distribution having k degree of freedom. K is the no. of model parameters. $n=707$.

Figure 4.18 shows the 95% confidence region bounded by the contour line with $SS=61.58$ with $SS(\theta, \Theta)$ grids for monthly flow Greater Zab river.

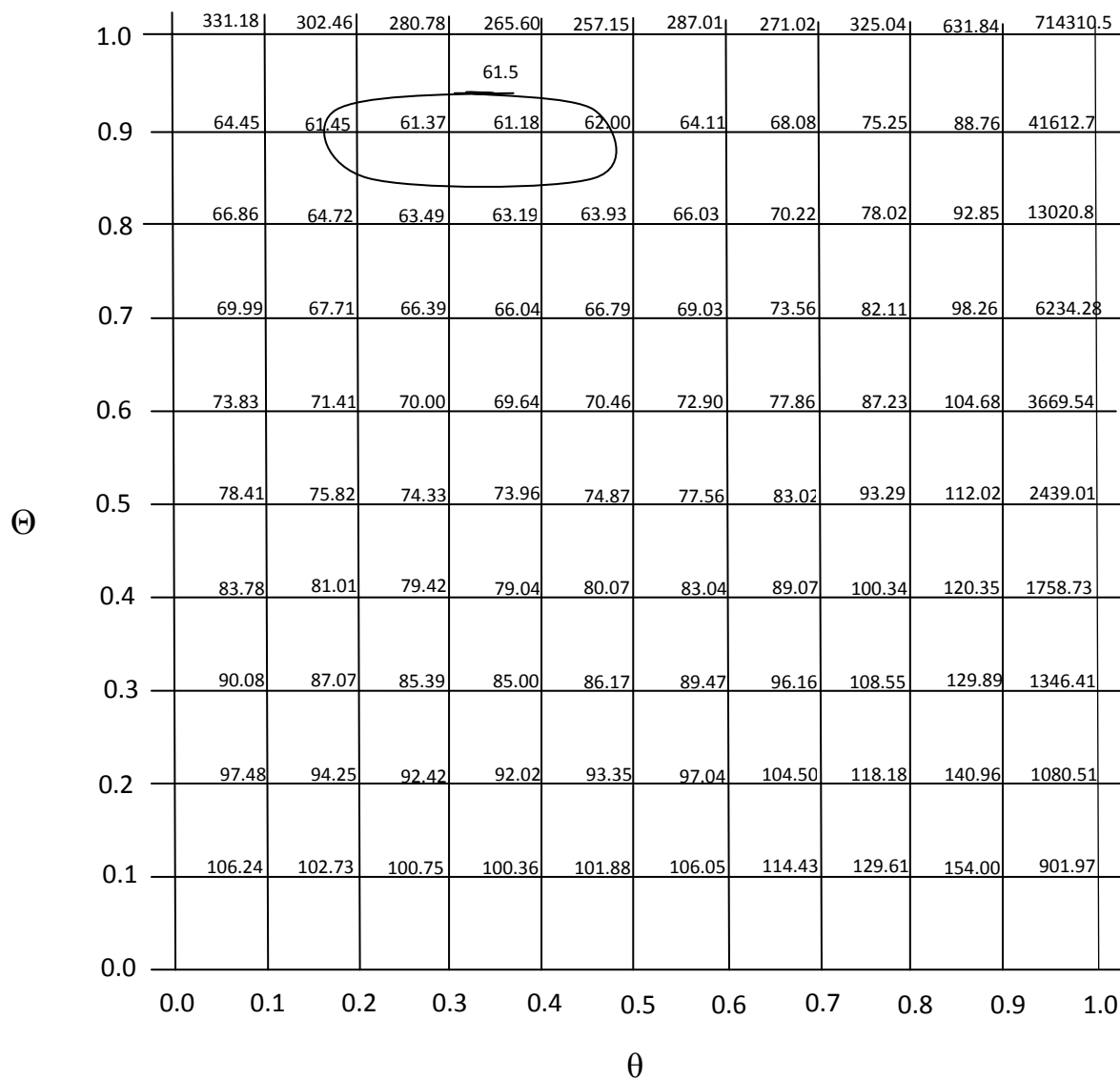


Figure 4.18: Confidence region for monthly flow Greater Zab river when $\theta=0.361$ & $\Theta=0.95$ for SARIMA model $(0,1,1)(0,1,1)_{12}$.

Chapter Five
FORECASTING

5.1 Forecasting by Using PARMA₁₂(1, 0) Model

Forecasted monthly data are computed for the period from 1993 to 2002 by the following steps:

- 1- Generation of data by using the following equations and rules given in section (3.10) for 12 season of PARMA₁₂(1,0) model:

Forecast for one month ahead

$$[Z_{r,m+1}] = [\hat{Z}_{r,m}(1)] = \phi_{m+1}[Z_{r,m}] + a_{r,m+1} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (5-1)$$

Two months ahead

$$Z_{r,m+2} = \hat{Z}_{r,m}(2) = \phi_{m+2} \hat{Z}_{r,m}(1) + a_{r,m+2} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (5-2)$$

and so on .

- 2- Reversing the standardization process (reversing equation 3-14) as shown in the following equation

$$Y_{r,m} = Z_{r,m} Sd_m + \mu_m \quad , \dots \dots \dots (5-3)$$

Where: (μ_m, Sd_m) are the periodic means and standard deviations respectively.

- 3- Applying the reverse Box-Cox transformation with λ for each season as shown in the following equation.

$$F_{r,m} = \exp((\ln(Y_{r,m} * \lambda) + 1)/\lambda) \quad , \dots \dots \dots (5-4)$$

where: $(F_{r,m})$ is the generated series of year (r) and month (m).

In this study we used software program (SAMS) (Stochastic Analysis, Modeling and Simulation, Version 2007), for forecasting of monthly flow for Greater Zab river by using $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model for period 10 Years from (1993-2002) as shown in Table 5.1.

Table 5.1: Forecasting values for monthly flow Greater Zab river by $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model for period from 1993 to 2002

Forecasting monthly flow (m ³ /sec)												
Month Year	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
1993	94.852	172.32	153.70	246.70	534.28	735.92	822.59	1164.1	546.14	235.25	115.31	136.38
1994	101.41	204.21	188.46	428.66	668.61	1086.6	985.80	881.06	633.9	370.39	213.16	165.49
1995	193.47	172.3	113.44	187.88	475.66	515.82	691.88	361.01	365.64	200.78	115.08	123.36
1996	124.53	131.38	110.07	217.00	561.94	1012.2	1867.6	2113.4	1118.6	543.47	293.30	197.40
1997	160.83	144.65	241.31	467.28	523.70	817.34	1082.7	1123.6	727.83	389.92	218.28	174.60
1998	168.26	156.64	246.95	261.16	375.04	482.09	629.63	732.64	439.58	268.64	142.95	98.522
1999	87.980	162.99	344.99	398.74	429.97	578.81	1014	1089.7	592.15	328.84	199.30	165.60
2000	190.44	119.43	83.294	105.82	130.12	386.40	681.09	698.39	406.69	238.65	140.61	105.72
2001	148.37	101.68	101.22	139.76	356.98	968.52	1315.5	810.89	601.31	308.94	170.56	149.93
2002	123.45	137.57	215.95	226.10	312.23	526.68	1050.3	1294.8	747.13	328.24	184.04	122.79

The accuracy of forecast may be provided by determining the upper and lower probability limits by using equation (3-38). Table 5.2 & Figure 5.1 show the forecast series with upper and lower probability limits (at 95% confidence limits) for each season of flow Greater Zab river by using $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model. Also see Figure 5.2 which shows forecast series with upper and lower probability limits (at 95% confidence limits) for monthly flow Greater Zab river by using $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model for period from 1993-2002. The L.L and U.L values are very close to the

forecasted monthly flow for Greater Zab River, therefore, Figures 5.1 & 5.2 indicates there is no obvious difference between them (L.L and U.L) with respect to forecasted series.

Table 5.2: Lower and upper probability limits for forecasted flow data for each season for Greater Zab river from 1993 to 2002.

year	season1			season 2			season 3		
	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L
1993	92.91	94.852	96.793	170.38	172.32	174.27	151.76	153.7	155.64
1994	99.47	101.41	103.36	202.27	204.21	206.15	186.52	188.47	190.41
1995	191.5	193.48	195.42	170.36	172.3	174.24	111.5	113.44	115.39
1996	122.6	124.54	126.48	129.44	131.39	133.33	108.13	110.07	112.02
1997	158.9	160.83	162.78	142.71	144.65	146.6	239.37	241.31	243.26
1998	166.3	168.27	170.21	154.71	156.65	158.59	245.01	246.96	248.9
1999	86.04	87.981	89.922	161.05	163	164.94	343.05	344.99	346.94
2000	188.5	190.44	192.38	117.49	119.43	121.37	81.352	83.295	85.238
2001	146.4	148.38	150.32	99.74	101.68	103.63	99.277	101.22	103.16
2002	121.5	123.46	125.4	135.63	137.58	139.52	214.01	215.96	217.9
year	season 4			season 5			season 6		
	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L
1993	244.8	246.7	248.65	532.34	534.28	536.22	733.98	735.93	737.87
1994	426.7	428.67	430.61	666.67	668.62	670.56	1084.7	1086.7	1088.6
1995	185.9	187.89	189.83	473.72	475.66	477.6	513.89	515.83	517.77
1996	215.1	217.01	218.95	560	561.95	563.89	1010.3	1012.2	1014.2
1997	465.3	467.29	469.23	521.76	523.71	525.65	815.4	817.34	819.29
1998	259.2	261.16	263.11	373.1	375.04	376.98	480.15	482.09	484.04
1999	396.8	398.74	400.69	428.03	429.97	431.91	576.87	578.81	580.76
2000	103.9	105.83	107.77	128.18	130.12	132.07	384.46	386.41	388.35
2001	137.8	139.77	141.71	355.04	356.99	358.93	966.58	968.52	970.47
2002	224.2	226.1	228.05	310.3	312.24	314.18	524.74	526.68	528.63

F_{r,m} = Forecasting data (m³/sec)

Table 5.2:Cont.

year	season 7			season 8			season 9		
	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L
1993	820.7	822.6	824.54	1162.2	1164.2	1166.1	544.23	546.15	548.06
1994	983.9	985.8	987.75	879.13	881.07	883.01	631.99	633.9	635.82
1995	689.9	691.88	693.83	359.07	361.01	362.95	363.73	365.64	367.56
1996	1866	1867.6	1869.6	2111.5	2113.4	2115.3	1116.7	1118.7	1120.6
1997	1081	1082.8	1084.7	1121.7	1123.7	1125.6	725.92	727.83	729.75
1998	627.7	629.64	631.58	730.71	732.65	734.58	437.67	439.58	441.5
1999	1012	1014	1015.9	1087.8	1089.8	1091.7	590.24	592.15	594.07
2000	679.2	681.1	683.04	696.46	698.4	700.34	404.78	406.7	408.61
2001	1314	1315.5	1317.5	808.95	810.89	812.83	599.4	601.32	603.23
2002	1048	1050.3	1052.3	1292.9	1294.8	1296.8	745.22	747.14	749.05
year	season 10			season 11			season 12		
	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L	L.L	F _{r,m}	U.L
1993	233.4	235.25	237.08	113.65	115.32	116.98	134.67	136.39	138.11
1994	368.6	370.4	372.22	211.5	213.17	214.83	163.78	165.5	167.22
1995	199	200.79	202.61	113.42	115.09	116.75	121.65	123.37	125.08
1996	541.7	543.48	545.3	291.64	293.31	294.97	195.69	197.4	199.12
1997	388.1	389.92	391.75	216.62	218.28	219.95	172.89	174.6	176.32
1998	266.8	268.65	270.47	141.29	142.96	144.62	96.806	98.523	100.24
1999	327	328.84	330.67	197.64	199.3	200.97	163.89	165.6	167.32
2000	236.8	238.65	240.48	138.95	140.62	142.28	104	105.72	107.44
2001	307.1	308.94	310.77	168.9	170.56	172.23	148.22	149.94	151.66
2002	326.4	328.24	330.07	182.38	184.05	185.71	121.07	122.79	124.51

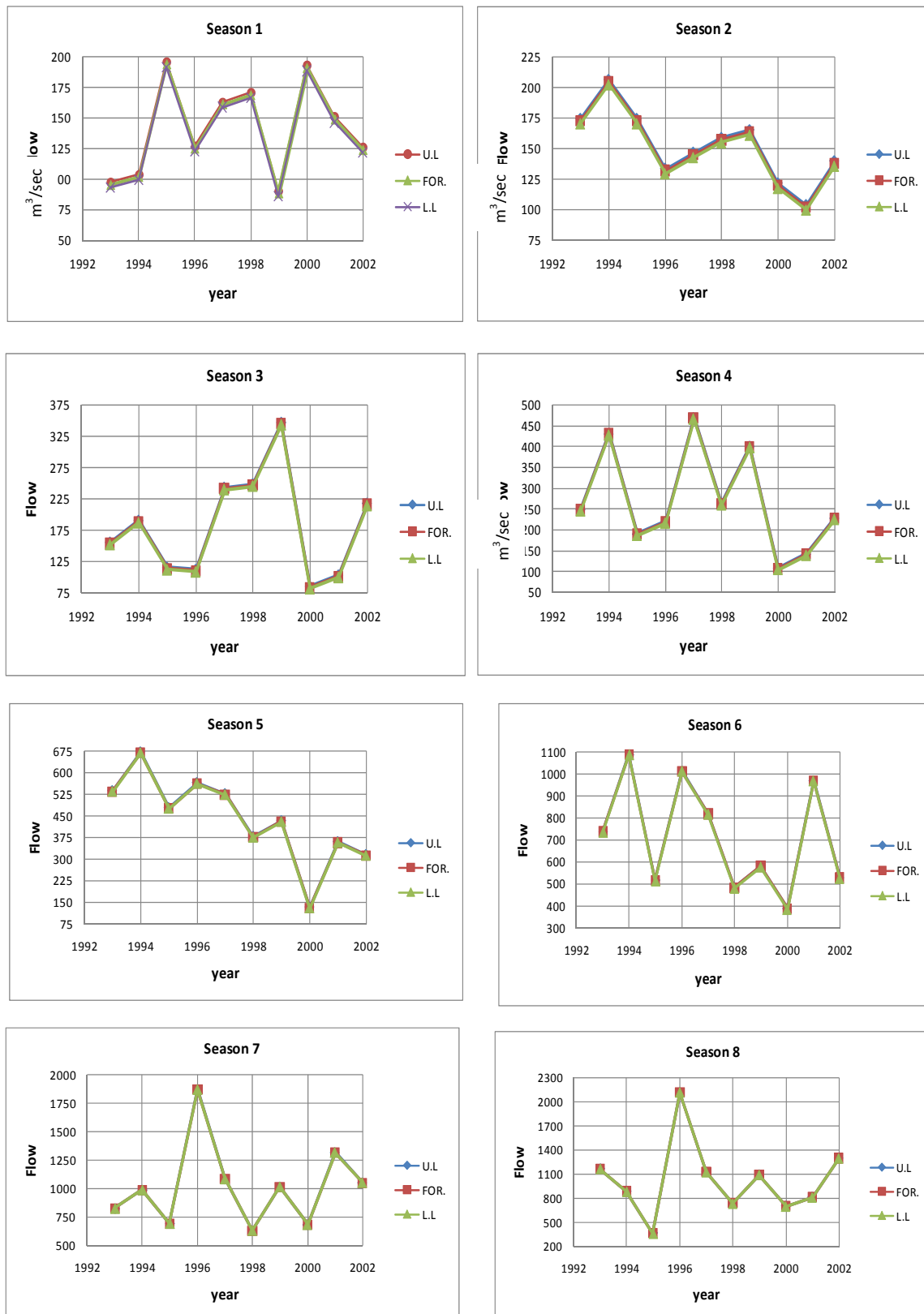


Figure 5.1: Probability limits of forecasted values for each season obtained by $\text{PARMA}_{12}(1,0)$ model from 1993 to 2002 for Greater Zab river.

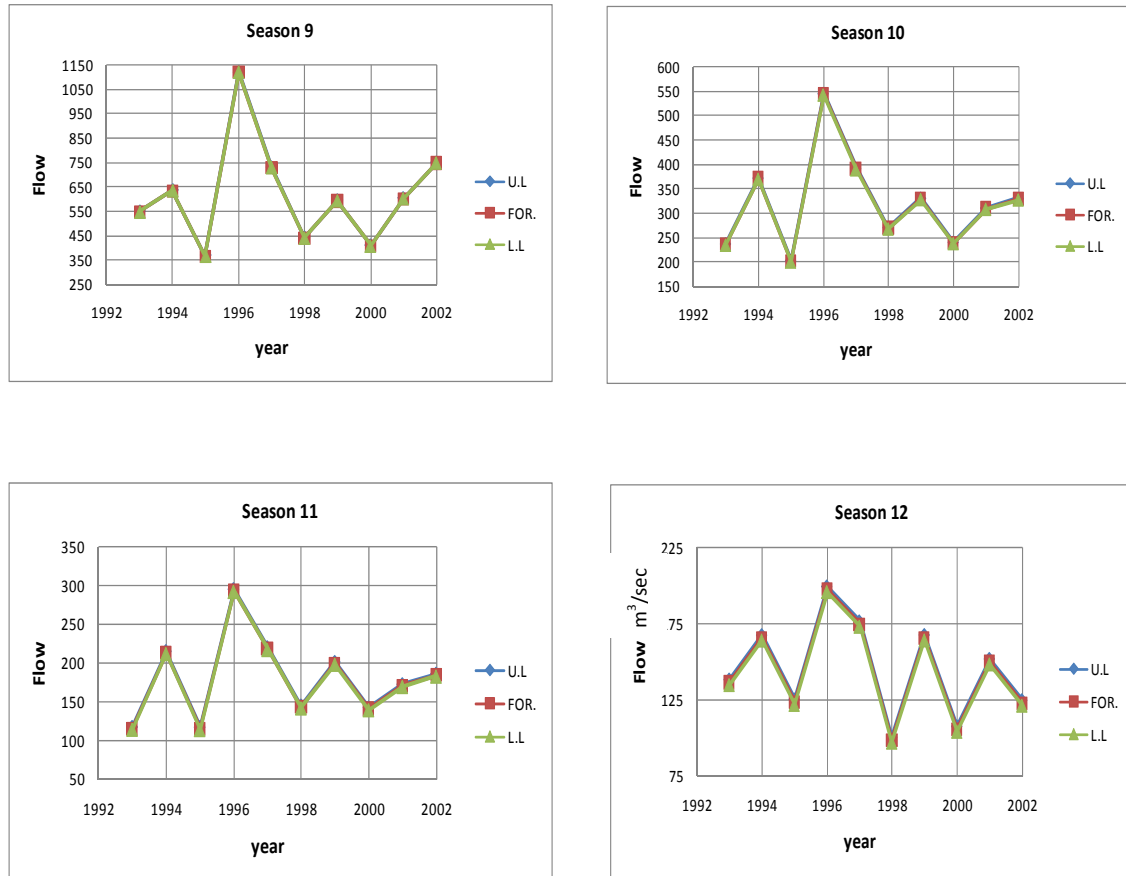


Figure 5.1: Cont.

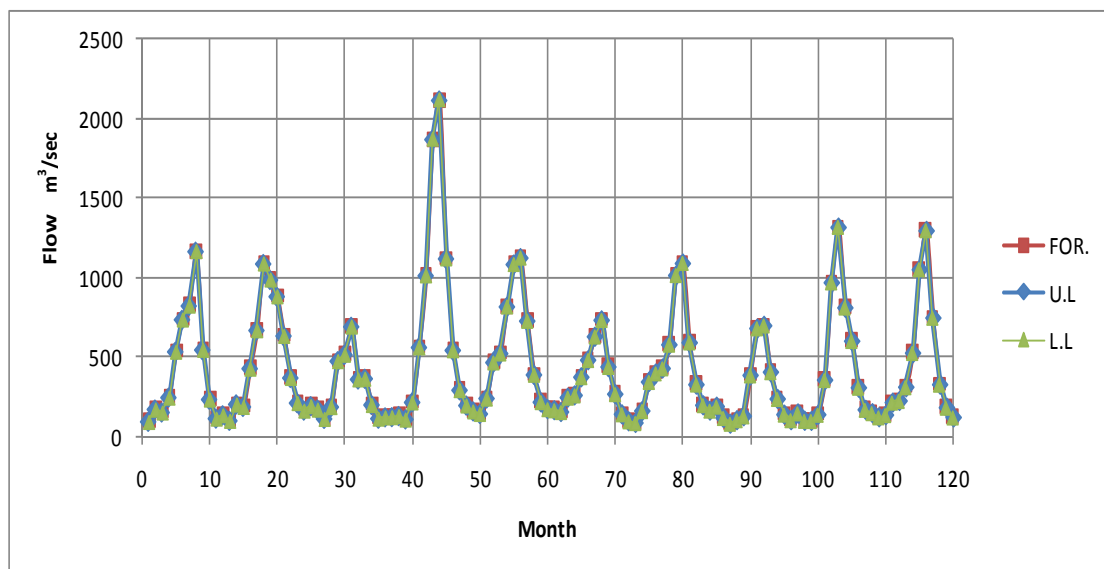


Figure 5.2: Probability limits of forecasted values obtained by PARMA₁₂(1,0) model from 1993 to 2002 for monthly flow Greater Zab river.

5.2 Forecasting by Using SARIMA (0,1,1)x(0,1,1)₁₂ model

Forecasted monthly data for Greater Zab River are computed for 10 years for the period from 1993 to 2002 by applying the forecasting equation is written in the following form:

$$\hat{Z}_t(\ell) = Z_{t+\ell-1} + Z_{t+\ell-12} - Z_{t+\ell-13} + a_{t+\ell} - \theta a_{t+\ell-1} - \Theta a_{t+\ell-12} + \theta\Theta a_{t+\ell-13} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (5-5)$$

where ($t = 720$) is the origin time and ℓ ($=1, 2, 3, \dots, 120$) is the lead time. After obtaining the forecasted series (Z_t) for $t=721, 722, 723, \dots, 840$, the final series (X_t) is determined by reversing (ln) transformation. Table 5.3 summarizes the forecasting of monthly flow for Greater Zab river by using seasonal ARIMA (0,1,1)x(0,1,1)₁₂ model. Equations (3-61 to 3-68) are used to calculate the upper and the lower probability limits (U.L. and L.L.) for forecasted series at 95% confidence limits. Table 5.4 gives the L.L and U.L for forecasted monthly flow for Greater Zab River. Figure 5.3 shows the L.L and U.L for forecasted monthly flow for Greater Zab River. The L.L and U.L values are very close to the forecasted monthly flow for Greater Zab River therefore, Figure 5.3 shows there is no obvious difference between them (L.L and U.L) with respect to forecasted series.

Table 5.3: Forecasted monthly flow data for Greater Zab River obtained by seasonal ARIMA (0,1,1) (0,1,1)₁₂ model from 1993 to 2002.

i	Month	t	Z_t	X_t †	Year	Month	t	Z_t	X_t †
1993	Oct	721	4.840	126.52	1996	Oct	757	4.865	129.63
	Nov	722	5.128	168.71		Nov	758	5.153	172.86
	Dec	723	5.495	243.35		Dec	759	5.519	249.34
	Jan	724	5.593	268.5		Jan	760	5.617	275.11
	Feb	725	6.001	403.77		Feb	761	6.025	413.7
	Mar	726	6.457	636.86		Mar	762	6.481	652.52
	Apr	727	6.897	988.98		Apr	763	6.921	1013.3
	May	728	6.814	910.82		May	764	6.839	933.22
	Jun	729	6.305	547.31		Jun	765	6.329	560.77
	Jul	730	5.633	279.63		Jul	766	5.658	286.51
	Aug	731	5.085	161.65		Aug	767	5.11	165.62
	Sep	732	4.850	127.78		Sep	768	4.875	130.92
1994	Oct	733	4.849	127.55	1997	Oct	769	4.873	130.69
	Nov	734	5.136	170.09		Nov	770	5.161	174.27
	Dec	735	5.503	245.33		Dec	771	5.527	251.37
	Jan	736	5.601	270.69		Jan	772	5.625	277.34
	Feb	737	6.009	407.05		Feb	773	6.033	417.06
	Mar	738	6.465	642.04		Mar	774	6.489	657.83
	Apr	739	6.905	997.02		Apr	775	6.929	1021.5
	May	740	6.822	918.22		May	776	6.847	940.81
	Jun	741	6.313	551.76		Jun	777	6.337	565.33
	Jul	742	5.642	281.91		Jul	778	5.666	288.84
	Aug	743	5.094	162.96		Aug	779	5.118	166.97
	Sep	744	4.858	128.82		Sep	780	4.883	131.98
1995	Oct	745	4.857	128.59	1998	Oct	781	4.881	131.75
	Nov	746	5.144	171.47		Nov	782	5.169	175.69
	Dec	747	5.511	247.33		Dec	783	5.535	253.41
	Jan	748	5.609	272.89		Jan	784	5.633	279.6
	Feb	749	6.017	410.36		Feb	785	6.041	420.45
	Mar	750	6.473	647.26		Mar	786	6.497	663.18
	Apr	751	6.913	1005.1		Apr	787	6.937	1029.9
	May	752	6.831	925.69		May	788	6.855	948.46
	Jun	753	6.321	556.25		Jun	789	6.346	569.93
	Jul	754	5.65	284.2		Jul	790	5.674	291.19
	Aug	755	5.102	164.29		Aug	791	5.126	168.33
	Sep	756	4.866	129.86		Sep	792	4.891	133.06

† X_t (m³/sec) = exp (Z_t)

Table 5.3: cont.

Year	Month	t	Z_t	$X_t \dagger$	Year	Month	t	Z_t	$X_t \dagger$
1999	Oct	793	4.889	132.82	2001	Oct	817	4.905	134.99
	Nov	794	5.177	177.12		Nov	818	5.193	180.01
	Dec	795	5.543	255.47		Dec	819	5.559	259.64
	Jan	796	5.641	281.87		Jan	820	5.658	286.48
	Feb	797	6.049	423.87		Feb	821	6.066	430.80
	Mar	798	6.505	668.57		Mar	822	6.521	679.49
	Apr	799	6.945	1038.2		Apr	823	6.961	1055.2
	May	800	6.863	956.17		May	824	6.879	971.79
	Jun	801	6.354	574.57		Jun	825	6.370	583.95
	Jul	802	5.682	293.56		Jul	826	5.698	298.35
	Aug	803	5.134	169.70		Aug	827	5.150	172.47
	Sep	804	4.899	134.14		Sep	828	4.915	136.33
2000	Oct	805	4.897	133.90	2002	Oct	829	4.913	136.09
	Nov	806	5.185	178.56		Nov	830	5.201	181.47
	Dec	807	5.551	257.55		Dec	831	5.567	261.75
	Jan	808	5.650	284.17		Jan	832	5.666	288.81
	Feb	809	6.058	427.32		Feb	833	6.074	434.30
	Mar	810	6.513	674.01		Mar	834	6.529	685.02
	Apr	811	6.953	1046.7		Apr	835	6.970	1063.8
	May	812	6.871	963.95		May	836	6.887	979.69
	Jun	813	6.362	579.24		Jun	837	6.378	588.70
	Jul	814	5.690	295.95		Jul	838	5.706	300.78
	Aug	815	5.142	171.08		Aug	839	5.158	173.87
	Sep	816	4.907	135.23		Sep	840	4.923	137.44

$\dagger X_t (\text{m}^3/\text{sec}) = \exp(Z_t)$

Table 5.4: Lower and upper probability limits for forecasted monthly flow data for Greater Zab river obtained by seasonal ARIMA (0,1,1) (0,1,1)₁₂ model from 1993 to 2002.

Year	Month	t	$X_t (-)$	$X_t \dagger$	$X_t (+)$	Year	Month	t	$X_t (-)$	$X_t \dagger$	$X_t (+)$
1993	Oct	721	121.55	126.52	131.49	1996	Oct	757	124.66	129.63	134.6
	Nov	722	163.74	168.71	173.69		Nov	758	167.89	172.86	177.84
	Dec	723	238.38	243.35	248.32		Dec	759	244.37	249.34	254.31
	Jan	724	263.53	268.5	273.47		Jan	760	270.13	275.11	280.08
	Feb	725	398.79	403.77	408.74		Feb	761	408.73	413.7	418.67
	Mar	726	631.89	636.86	641.83		Mar	762	647.55	652.52	657.49
	Apr	727	984.01	988.98	993.95		Apr	763	1008.3	1013.3	1018.3
	May	728	905.84	910.82	915.79		May	764	928.25	933.22	938.19
	Jun	729	542.34	547.31	552.28		Jun	765	555.8	560.77	565.74
	Jul	730	274.66	279.63	284.6		Jul	766	281.54	286.51	291.48
	Aug	731	156.68	161.65	166.62		Aug	767	160.65	165.62	170.6
	Sep	732	122.81	127.78	132.75		Sep	768	125.95	130.92	135.89
1994	Oct	733	122.58	127.55	132.52	1997	Oct	769	125.72	130.69	135.66
	Nov	734	165.12	170.09	175.06		Nov	770	169.3	174.27	179.24
	Dec	735	240.36	245.33	250.3		Dec	771	246.39	251.37	256.34
	Jan	736	265.71	270.69	275.66		Jan	772	272.37	277.34	282.31
	Feb	737	402.08	407.05	412.02		Feb	773	412.09	417.06	422.03
	Mar	738	637.07	642.04	647.01		Mar	774	652.86	657.83	662.8
	Apr	739	992.05	997.02	1002		Apr	775	1016.6	1021.5	1026.5
	May	740	913.25	918.22	923.19		May	776	935.84	940.81	945.78
	Jun	741	546.79	551.76	556.73		Jun	777	560.36	565.33	570.3
	Jul	742	276.94	281.91	286.88		Jul	778	283.87	288.84	293.81
	Aug	743	157.99	162.96	167.93		Aug	779	162	166.97	171.94
	Sep	744	123.84	128.82	133.79		Sep	780	127.01	131.98	136.95
1995	Oct	745	123.62	128.59	133.56	1998	Oct	781	126.78	131.75	136.72
	Nov	746	166.5	171.47	176.44		Nov	782	170.72	175.69	180.66
	Dec	747	242.36	247.33	252.3		Dec	783	248.44	253.41	258.38
	Jan	748	267.92	272.89	277.86		Jan	784	274.63	279.6	284.57
	Feb	749	405.39	410.36	415.33		Feb	785	415.48	420.45	425.42
	Mar	750	642.29	647.26	652.23		Mar	786	658.21	663.18	668.15
	Apr	751	1000.2	1005.1	1010.1		Apr	787	1024.9	1029.9	1034.8
	May	752	920.72	925.69	930.66		May	788	943.49	948.46	953.43
	Jun	753	551.28	556.25	561.22		Jun	789	564.96	569.93	574.9
	Jul	754	279.23	284.2	289.17		Jul	790	286.22	291.19	296.16
	Aug	755	159.32	164.29	169.26		Aug	791	163.36	168.33	173.3
	Sep	756	124.89	129.86	134.83		Sep	792	128.09	133.06	138.03

† Forecasted series (m³/sec)

Table 5.4: cont.

Year	Month	t	$X_t (-)$	$X_t \dagger$	$X_t (+)$	Year	Month	t	$X_t (-)$	$X_t \dagger$	$X_t (+)$
1999	Oct	793	127.85	132.82	137.79	2001	Oct	817	130.02	134.99	139.96
	Nov	794	172.15	177.12	182.09		Nov	818	175.04	180.01	184.98
	Dec	795	250.5	255.47	260.44		Dec	819	254.67	259.64	264.61
	Jan	796	276.9	281.87	286.84		Jan	820	281.51	286.48	291.45
	Feb	797	418.9	423.87	428.84		Feb	821	425.82	430.8	435.77
	Mar	798	663.6	668.57	673.54		Mar	822	674.52	679.49	684.46
	Apr	799	1033.3	1038.2	1043.2		Apr	823	1050.2	1055.2	1060.2
	May	800	951.2	956.17	961.14		May	824	966.82	971.79	976.76
	Jun	801	569.59	574.57	579.54		Jun	825	578.98	583.95	588.92
	Jul	802	288.59	293.56	298.53		Jul	826	293.38	298.35	303.32
	Aug	803	164.73	169.7	174.67		Aug	827	167.5	172.47	177.44
	Sep	804	129.17	134.14	139.11		Sep	828	131.36	136.33	141.3
2000	Oct	805	128.93	133.9	138.87	2002	Oct	829	131.12	136.09	141.06
	Nov	806	173.59	178.56	183.53		Nov	830	176.5	181.47	186.44
	Dec	807	252.58	257.55	262.52		Dec	831	256.78	261.75	266.73
	Jan	808	279.19	284.17	289.14		Jan	832	283.83	288.81	293.78
	Feb	809	422.35	427.32	432.29		Feb	833	429.33	434.3	439.27
	Mar	810	669.04	674.01	678.98		Mar	834	680.05	685.02	689.99
	Apr	811	1041.7	1046.7	1051.6		Apr	835	1058.8	1063.8	1068.7
	May	812	958.98	963.95	968.92		May	836	974.72	979.69	984.66
	Jun	813	574.27	579.24	584.21		Jun	837	583.73	588.7	593.67
	Jul	814	290.97	295.95	300.92		Jul	838	295.81	300.78	305.75
	Aug	815	166.11	171.08	176.05		Aug	839	168.9	173.87	178.84
	Sep	816	130.26	135.23	140.2		Sep	840	132.47	137.44	142.41

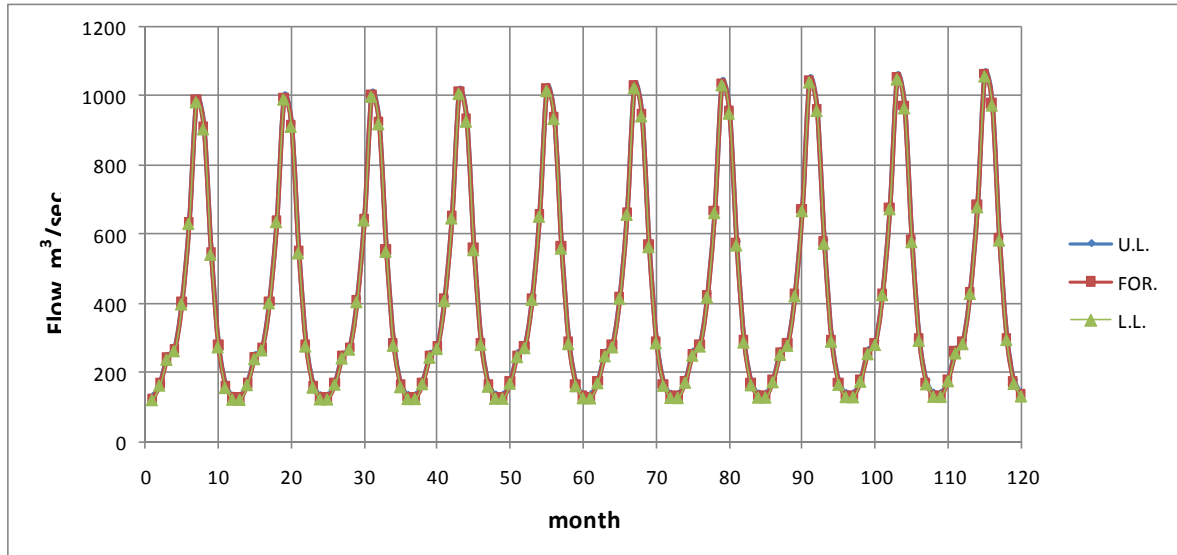


Figure 5.3: Probability limits of forecasted monthly flow data for Greater Zab river obtained by seasonal ARIMA (0,1,1) (0,1,1)₁₂ model from 1993-2002 .

5.3 Comparison between $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ Model and $SARIMA(0,1,1)X(0,1,1)_{12}$ Model

In order to evaluate the accuracy of the forecasting and to compare the forecasting ability of the two modeling methods for minimum forecasted error, the mean absolute relative error (MARE %) which obtained by equation (3-48) and mean absolute error (MAE) which obtained by equation (3-49) and mean square error (MSE) which obtained by equation (3-50) were used. The best method is the one that gives the minimum value for each from (MARE %, MAE and MSE) value. As explained in Table 5.5 for calculation of (MARE %, MAE and MSE) for monthly flow Greater Zab river for period from 1993 to 2002. Results of application of these measures are summarized in Table 5.6 to select the proper model.

Figures 5.4 & 5.5 show the comparison between the forecasted data obtained from the two models ($PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model and $SARIMA(0,1,1)X(0,1,1)_{12}$ model) and the historical data for monthly flow Greater Zab river for the ten years for period from 1993 to 2002.

Figures 5.6 & 5.7 which represent the comparison between monthly means of the generated data by $PARMA$ model and $SARIMA$ model and observed data from 1993-2002. These figures indicate that the generated data by $SARIMA$ model is best from generated data by $PARMA$ model because it is give monthly means slightly different with those of observed data. From the result in Table 5.6, it is found that the $SARIMA(0,1,1)X(0,1,1)_{12}$ model represents the observed values more closely than the $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model because it gives minimum forecasting error by all tests of (MARE %, MAE and MSE).

Table 5.5: The calculation of (MARE %, MAE and MSE) for Greater Zab river from 1993-2002

time	Observed data	PARMA model				SARIMA model			
		Generated data	MARE%	MAE	MSE	Generated data	MARE%	MAE	MSE
1	140	94.85	32.25	45.15	2038.31	126.52	9.628	13.48	181.69
2	253	172.3	31.89	80.68	6508.78	168.71	33.31	84.29	7104.01
3	481	153.7	68.05	327.3	107125	243.35	49.41	237.6	56476.6
4	362	246.7	31.85	115.3	13293.4	268.5	25.83	93.5	8741.93
5	475	534.3	12.48	59.28	3514.12	403.77	15	71.23	5074.32
6	510	735.9	44.3	225.9	51043.5	636.86	24.87	126.9	16093.2
7	1694	822.6	51.44	871.4	759345	988.98	41.62	705	497056
8	2282	1164	48.98	1118	1249522	910.82	60.09	1371	1880148
9	1030	546.1	46.98	483.9	234116	547.31	46.86	482.7	232989
10	282	235.3	16.58	46.75	2185.47	279.63	0.839	2.367	5.60338
11	147	115.3	21.55	31.68	1003.75	161.65	9.965	14.65	214.57
12	105	136.4	29.89	31.39	985.207	127.78	21.69	22.78	518.759
13	122	101.4	16.87	20.59	423.783	127.55	4.549	5.55	30.799
14	220	204.2	7.177	15.79	249.293	170.09	22.69	49.91	2491.33
15	165	188.5	14.22	23.47	550.7	245.33	48.69	80.33	6453.09
16	305	428.7	40.55	123.7	15293.8	270.69	11.25	34.31	1177.5
17	320	668.6	108.9	348.6	121533	407.05	27.2	87.05	7577.6
18	437	1087	148.7	649.7	422058	642.04	46.92	205	42040.7
19	1035	985.8	4.753	49.2	2420.34	997.02	3.669	37.98	1442.38
20	665	881.1	32.49	216.1	46685.8	918.22	38.08	253.2	64121.7
21	773	633.9	17.99	139.1	19348.8	551.76	28.62	221.2	48946.5
22	210	370.4	76.38	160.4	25727.2	281.91	34.24	71.91	5170.62
23	145	213.2	47.01	68.17	4646.74	162.96	12.39	17.96	322.663
24	102	165.5	62.25	63.5	4032	128.82	26.29	26.82	719.068
25	130	193.5	48.83	63.48	4029.2	128.59	1.087	1.413	1.99657
26	375	172.3	54.05	202.7	41087.3	171.47	54.27	203.5	41424.4
27	590	113.4	80.77	476.6	227108	247.33	58.08	342.7	117425
28	483	187.9	61.1	295.1	87092.3	272.89	43.5	210.1	44147.6
29	765	475.7	37.82	289.3	83717.1	410.36	46.36	354.6	125770
30	801	515.8	35.6	285.2	81322.5	647.26	19.19	153.7	23636
31	1727	691.9	59.94	1035	1071469	1005.1	41.8	721.9	521097
32	1378	361	73.8	1017	1034265	925.69	32.82	452.3	204584
33	710	365.6	48.5	344.4	118584	556.25	21.66	153.8	23639.4
34	328	200.8	38.78	127.2	16182.9	284.2	13.35	43.8	1918.47
35	163	115.1	29.39	47.91	2295.46	164.29	0.79	1.288	1.65929
36	105	123.4	17.49	18.37	337.273	129.86	23.68	24.86	618.171
37	131	124.5	4.935	6.465	41.7962	129.63	1.044	1.367	1.86938
38	160	131.4	17.88	28.62	818.818	172.86	8.04	12.86	165.496
39	133	110.1	17.24	22.93	525.693	249.34	87.47	116.3	13534.5
40	317	217	31.54	99.99	9998.4	275.11	13.22	41.89	1755.11
41	383	561.9	46.72	178.9	32021.3	413.7	8.015	30.7	942.311
42	503	1012	101.2	509.2	259325	652.52	29.73	149.5	22357.4
43	867	1868	115.4	1001	1001260	1013.3	16.87	146.3	21404.9
44	848	2113	149.2	1265	1601237	933.22	10.05	85.22	7262.17
45	388	1119	188.3	730.7	533849	560.77	44.53	172.8	29850.3
46	195	543.5	178.7	348.5	121437	286.51	46.93	91.51	8374.25
47	110	293.3	166.6	183.3	33602.2	165.62	50.57	55.62	3094.05
48	100	197.4	97.4	97.4	9487.34	130.92	30.92	30.92	955.995
49	105	160.8	53.18	55.83	3117.44	130.69	24.46	25.69	659.822
50	125	144.7	15.72	19.65	386.28	174.27	39.42	49.27	2427.57
51	306	241.3	21.14	64.69	4184.28	251.37	17.85	54.63	2984.93
52	365	467.3	28.02	102.3	10462.8	277.34	24.02	87.66	7683.7
53	325	523.7	61.14	198.7	39484.1	417.06	28.33	92.06	8475.32
54	635	817.3	28.72	182.3	33249.3	657.83	3.595	22.83	521.231
55	1278	1083	15.28	195.2	38114.8	1021.5	20.07	256.5	65769.3
56	1253	1124	10.32	129.3	16723.7	940.81	24.92	312.2	97463.9
57	695	727.8	4.724	32.83	1078.07	565.33	18.66	129.7	16813.5
58	355	389.9	9.838	34.92	1219.69	288.84	18.64	66.16	4377.01
59	188	218.3	16.11	30.28	917	166.97	11.19	21.03	442.211
60	130	174.6	34.31	44.6	1989.52	131.98	1.526	1.984	3.93578

Table 5.5:Cont.

time	Observed data	PARMA model				SARIMA model			
		Generated data	MARE%	MAE	MSE	Generated data	MARE%	MAE	MSE
61	145	168.3	16.05	23.27	541.4	131.75	9.138	13.25	175.567
62	170	156.6	7.854	13.35	178.276	175.69	3.346	5.688	32.3494
63	325	247	24.01	78.04	6090.71	253.41	22.03	71.59	5125.17
64	300	261.2	12.95	38.84	1508.47	279.6	6.8	20.4	416.208
65	525	375	28.56	150	22488	420.45	19.91	104.5	10930
66	645	482.1	25.26	162.9	26538.4	663.18	2.819	18.18	330.525
67	1360	629.6	53.7	730.4	533433	1029.9	24.28	330.1	108997
68	790	732.6	7.26	57.36	3289.6	948.46	20.06	158.5	25109.3
69	435	439.6	1.054	4.584	21.0131	569.93	31.02	134.9	18206.3
70	210	268.6	27.93	58.65	3439.24	291.19	38.66	81.19	6591.82
71	110	143	29.96	32.96	1086.1	168.33	53.03	58.33	3402.28
72	100	98.52	1.477	1.477	2.18242	133.06	33.06	33.06	1092.78
73	107	87.98	17.78	19.02	361.738	132.82	24.13	25.82	666.739
74	124	163	31.45	39	1520.69	177.12	42.84	53.12	2821.36
75	104	345	231.7	241	58078.1	255.47	145.6	151.5	22943.3
76	123	398.7	224.2	275.7	76034.2	281.87	129.2	158.9	25240.5
77	245	430	75.5	185	34213.9	423.87	73.01	178.9	31995.4
78	231	578.8	150.6	347.8	120973	668.57	189.4	437.6	191471
79	440	1014	130.5	574	329476	1038.2	136	598.2	357877
80	335	1090	225.3	754.8	569678	956.17	185.4	621.2	385855
81	178	592.2	232.7	414.2	171522	574.57	222.8	396.6	157264
82	84	328.8	291.5	244.8	59948.1	293.56	249.5	209.6	43914.6
83	65	199.3	206.6	134.3	18037.3	169.7	161.1	104.7	10961.7
84	65	165.6	154.8	100.6	10121	134.14	106.4	69.14	4780.25
85	86	190.4	121.4	104.4	10908.1	133.9	55.7	47.9	2294.55
86	75	119.4	59.24	44.43	1974.02	178.56	138.1	103.6	10724
87	105	83.29	20.67	21.71	471.124	257.55	145.3	152.5	23271
88	165	105.8	35.86	59.17	3501.44	284.17	72.22	119.2	14200.3
89	205	130.1	36.53	74.88	5606.57	427.32	108.4	222.3	49426.1
90	285	386.4	35.58	101.4	10283.2	674.01	136.5	389	151330
91	513	681.1	32.77	168.1	28256.9	1046.7	104	533.7	284805
92	346	698.4	101.8	352.4	124184	963.95	178.6	617.9	381861
93	162	406.7	151	244.7	59877.6	579.24	257.6	417.2	174088
94	102	238.7	134	136.7	18673.5	295.95	190.1	193.9	37614.9
95	73	140.6	92.63	67.62	4572.06	171.08	134.4	98.08	9619.32
96	71	105.7	48.9	34.72	1205.48	135.23	90.47	64.23	4125.53
97	65	148.4	128.3	83.38	6951.89	134.99	107.7	69.99	4898.66
98	80	101.7	27.1	21.68	470.152	180.01	125	100	10001.8
99	235	101.2	56.93	133.8	17897.1	259.64	10.49	24.64	607.267
100	155	139.8	9.828	15.23	232.044	286.48	84.82	131.5	17286
101	200	357	78.49	157	24644.9	430.8	115.4	230.8	53266.4
102	440	968.5	120.1	528.5	279337	679.49	54.43	239.5	57356.6
103	520	1316	153	795.5	632852	1055.2	102.9	535.2	286422
104	345	810.9	135	465.9	217055	971.79	181.7	626.8	392863
105	240	601.3	150.5	361.3	130549	583.95	143.3	343.9	118301
106	160	308.9	93.09	148.9	22183.4	298.35	86.47	138.4	19141.4
107	115	170.6	48.32	55.56	3087.25	172.47	49.97	57.47	3302.74
108	80	149.9	87.42	69.94	4891.46	136.33	70.41	56.33	3173.07
109	85	123.5	45.24	38.46	1478.94	136.09	60.1	51.09	2610.01
110	85	137.6	61.85	52.58	2764.13	181.47	113.5	96.47	9307.03
111	225	216	4.02	9.045	81.812	261.75	16.34	36.75	1350.88
112	485	226.1	53.38	258.9	67027.1	288.81	40.45	196.2	38492.1
113	365	312.2	14.46	52.76	2783.83	434.3	18.99	69.3	4802.3
114	600	526.7	12.22	73.32	5375.53	685.02	14.17	85.02	7228.14
115	1375	1050	23.61	324.7	105424	1063.8	22.64	311.2	96867.2
116	1085	1295	19.34	209.8	44032.8	979.69	9.706	105.3	11089.9
117	560	747.1	33.42	187.1	35021	588.7	5.125	28.7	823.586
118	260	328.2	26.25	68.24	4656.97	300.78	15.68	40.78	1662.91
119	150	184	22.7	34.05	1159.06	173.87	15.91	23.87	569.876
120	123	122.8	0.171	0.21	0.0441	137.44	11.74	14.44	208.478
Sum =			7497	25318	1.4E+07		6598	19644	8007874

Table 5.6: Result of minumim forecasting error by PARMA & SARIMA models

Type of model	MARE %	MAE	MSE
PARMA ₁₂ (1,0)	62.467	210.983	116666.667
SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1) ₁₂	54.983*	163.700*	66732.283*

* Minimum value

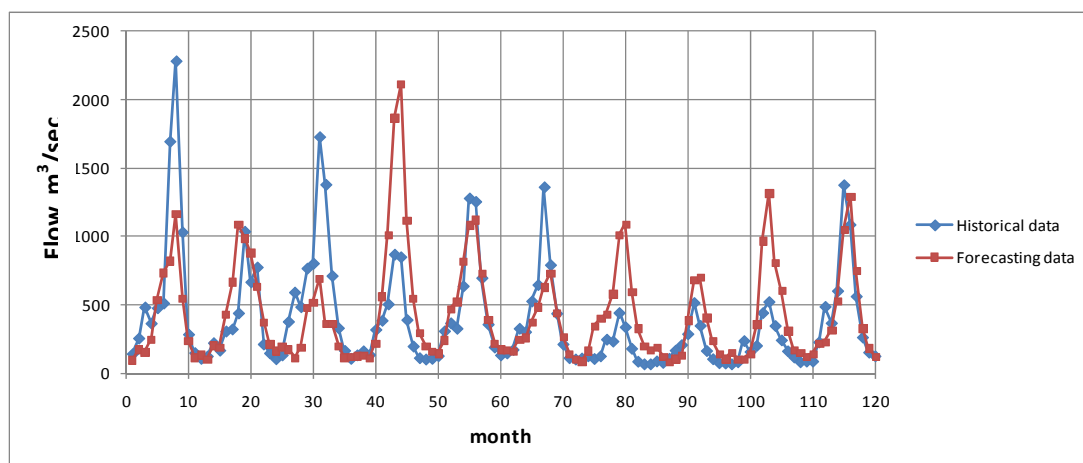


Figure 5.4: Compared between Historical data and Forecasted data for monthly flow Greater Zab river obtained by PARMA₁₂(1,0) model for period (1993-2002).

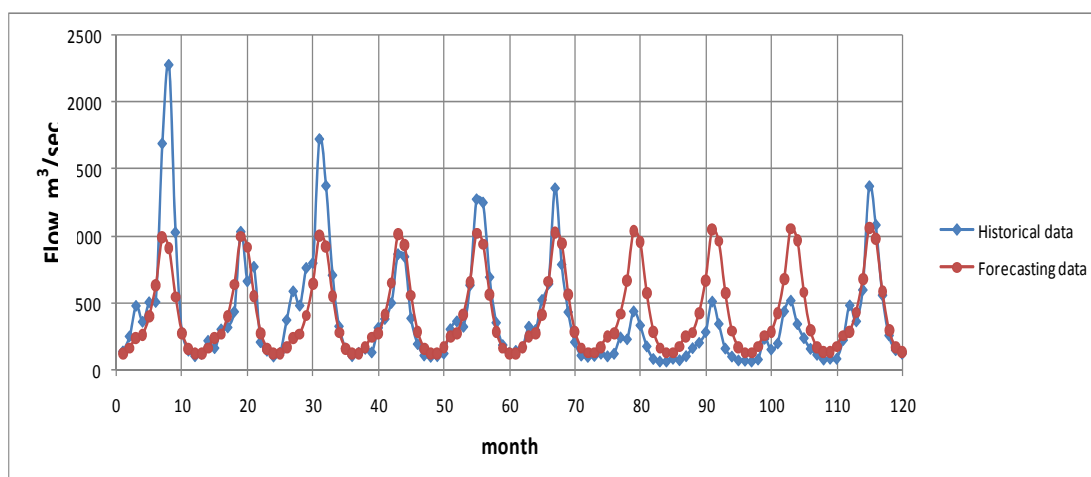


Figure 5.5: Compared between Historical data and Forecasted data for monthly flow Greater Zab river obtained by SARIMA model (0, 1, 1) × (0, 1, 1)₁₂ for period (1993-2002).

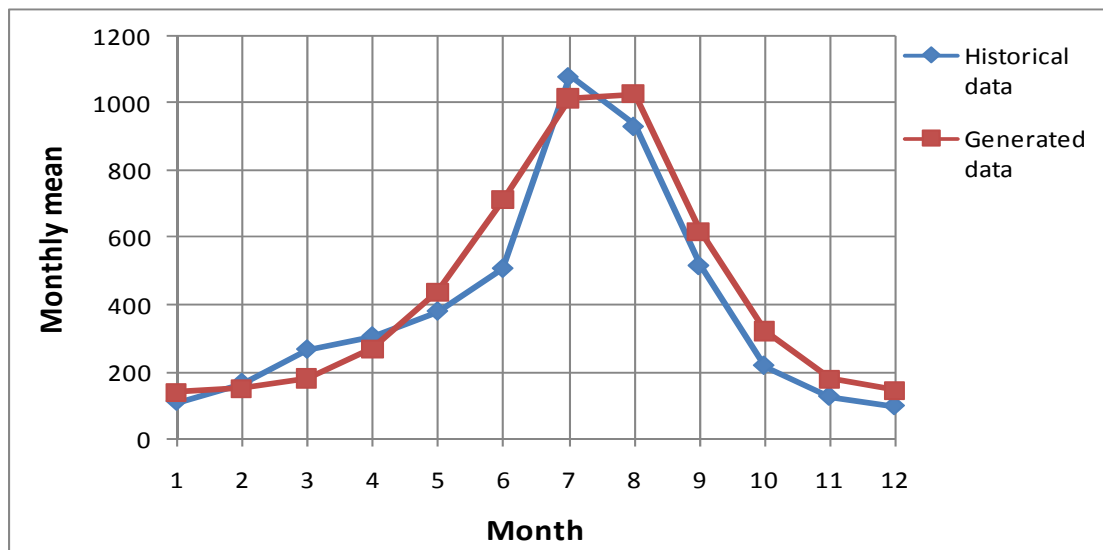


Figure 5.6: Comparison between monthly means of the generated data by $PARMA_{12}(1,0)$ model and historical data from 1993-2002.

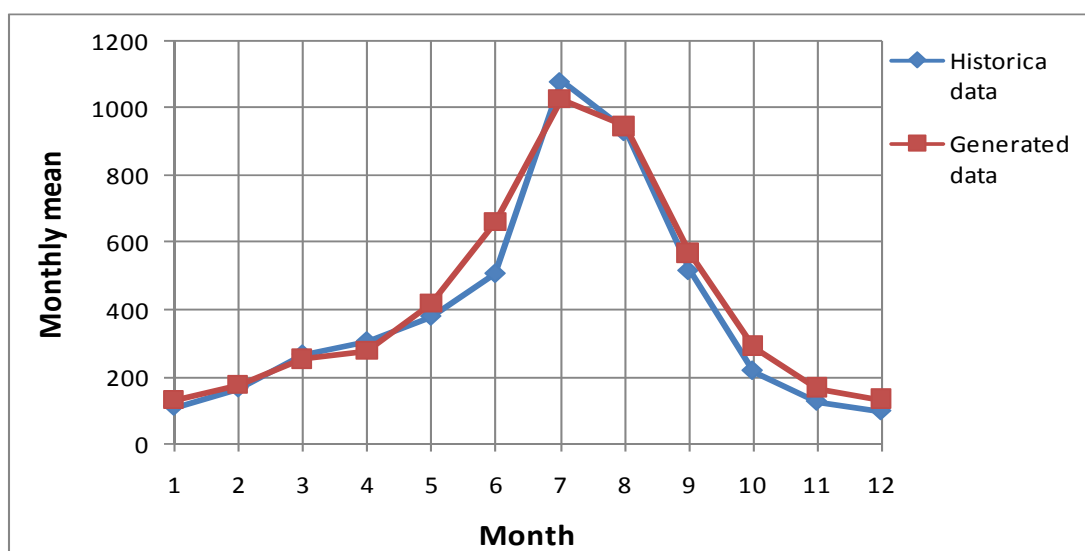


Figure 5.7: Comparison between monthly means of the generated data by $SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)_{12}$ model and historical data from 1993-2002.

5.4 Forecasting Future Values by SARIMA (0, 1, 1) (0, 1, 1)₁₂ Model

This section includes making forecasting by SARIMA (0, 1, 1) (0, 1, 1)₁₂ model for ten years extends from 2003 to 2012. Table 5.7 shows a calculation of future values with upper and the lower probability limits for forecasted series at 95% confidence limits for monthly flow Greater Zab river. Also, see Figure 5.8 which shows future values.

Table 5.7: Future values with upper and the lower probability limits of monthly flow for Greater Zab river from 2003-2012

Year	Month	t	$F_t(-)$	$F_t \uparrow$	$F_t(+)$	Year	Month	t	$F_t(-)$	$F_t \uparrow$	$F_t(+)$
2003	Oct	1	132.2	137.2	142.2	2006	Oct	37	135.6	140.6	145.5
	Nov	2	178	182.9	187.9		Nov	38	182.5	187.4	192.4
	Dec	3	258.9	263.9	268.9		Dec	39	265.4	270.4	275.3
	Jan	4	286.2	291.2	296.1		Jan	40	293.3	298.3	303.3
	Feb	5	432.9	437.8	442.8		Feb	41	443.6	448.6	453.6
	Mar	6	685.6	690.6	695.6		Mar	42	702.6	707.6	712.5
	Apr	7	1067	1072	1077		Apr	43	1094	1099	1104
	May	8	982.7	987.7	992.6		May	44	1007	1012	1017
	Jun	9	588.5	593.5	598.5		Jun	45	603.1	608.1	613.1
	Jul	10	298.3	303.2	308.2		Jul	46	305.7	310.7	315.7
	Aug	11	170.3	175.3	180.3		Aug	47	174.6	179.6	184.6
	Sep	12	133.6	138.6	143.5		Sep	48	137	142	146.9
2004	Oct	13	133.3	138.3	143.3	2007	Oct	49	136.7	141.7	146.7
	Nov	14	179.5	184.4	189.4		Nov	50	184	189	193.9
	Dec	15	261.1	266	271		Dec	51	267.6	272.6	277.5
	Jan	16	288.6	293.5	298.5		Jan	52	295.8	300.7	305.7
	Feb	17	436.4	441.4	446.4		Feb	53	447.3	452.2	457.2
	Mar	18	691.2	696.2	701.2		Mar	54	708.4	713.3	718.3
	Apr	19	1076	1081	1086		Apr	55	1103	1108	1113
	May	20	990.7	995.7	1001		May	56	1015	1020	1025
	Jun	21	593.3	598.3	603.3		Jun	57	608.1	613	618
	Jul	22	300.7	305.7	310.7		Jul	58	308.2	313.2	318.2
	Aug	23	171.7	176.7	181.7		Aug	59	176.1	181.1	186
	Sep	24	134.7	139.7	144.7		Sep	60	138.1	143.1	148.1
2005	Oct	25	134.5	139.4	144.4	2008	Oct	61	137.9	142.9	147.8
	Nov	26	181	185.9	190.9		Nov	62	185.5	190.5	195.5
	Dec	27	263.2	268.2	273.2		Dec	63	269.8	274.8	279.8
	Jan	28	290.9	295.9	300.9		Jan	64	298.2	303.2	308.2
	Feb	29	440	445	450		Feb	65	451	455.9	460.9
	Mar	30	696.9	701.9	706.8		Mar	66	714.2	719.1	724.1
	Apr	31	1085	1090	1095		Apr	67	1112	1117	1122
	May	32	998.8	1004	1009		May	68	1024	1028	1033
	Jun	33	598.2	603.2	608.1		Jun	69	613	618	623
	Jul	34	303.2	308.2	313.1		Jul	70	310.8	315.8	320.7
	Aug	35	173.2	178.1	183.1		Aug	71	177.6	182.5	187.5
	Sep	36	135.8	140.8	145.8		Sep	72	139.3	144.3	149.3

Table 5.7: Cont.

Year	Month	t	$F_t (-)$	$F_t \dagger$	$F_t (+)$	Year	Month	t	$F_t (-)$	$F_t \dagger$	$F_t (+)$
2009	Oct	73	139.1	144	149	2011	Oct	97	141.4	146.4	151.4
	Nov	74	187.1	192.1	197		Nov	98	190.2	195.2	200.2
	Dec	75	272.1	277	282		Dec	99	276.6	281.5	286.5
	Jan	76	300.7	305.7	310.6		Jan	100	305.7	310.6	315.6
	Feb	77	454.7	459.6	464.6		Feb	101	462.2	467.1	472.1
	Mar	78	720	725	730		Mar	102	731.8	736.8	741.8
	Apr	79	1121	1126	1131		Apr	103	1139	1144	1149
	May	80	1032	1037	1042		May	104	1049	1054	1059
	Jun	81	618.1	623	628		Jun	105	628.2	633.2	638.2
	Jul	82	313.4	318.3	323.3		Jul	106	318.6	323.5	328.5
2010	Aug	83	179	184	189	2012	Aug	107	182	187	192
	Sep	84	140.5	145.5	150.4		Sep	108	142.9	147.8	152.8
	Oct	85	140.2	145.2	150.2		Oct	109	142.6	147.6	152.5
	Nov	86	188.7	193.6	198.6		Nov	110	191.8	196.8	201.8
	Dec	87	274.3	279.3	284.2		Dec	111	278.9	283.8	288.8
	Jan	88	303.2	308.1	313.1		Jan	112	308.2	313.2	318.1
	Feb	89	458.4	463.4	468.3		Feb	113	466	470.9	475.9
	Mar	90	725.9	730.9	735.8		Mar	114	737.8	742.8	747.8
	Apr	91	1130	1135	1140		Apr	115	1149	1154	1158
	May	92	1040	1045	1050		May	116	1057	1062	1067
	Jun	93	623.1	628.1	633.1		Jun	117	633.4	638.4	643.3
	Jul	94	315.9	320.9	325.9		Jul	118	321.2	326.2	331.1
	Aug	95	180.5	185.5	190.5		Aug	119	183.6	188.5	193.5
	Sep	96	141.7	146.6	151.6		Sep	120	144.1	149	154

† Future values (m^3/sec)

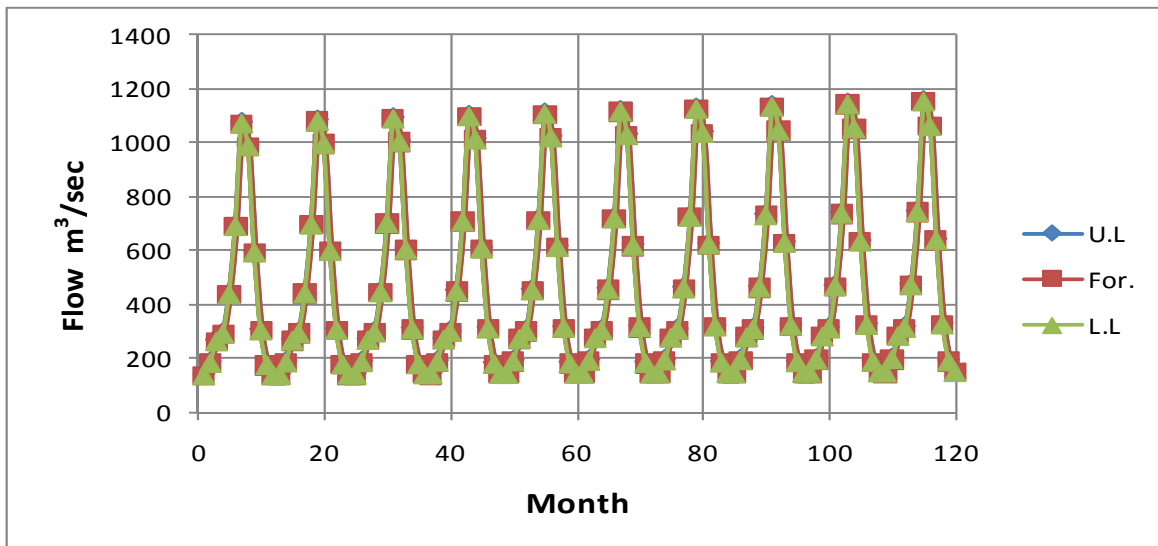


Figure 5.8: Future monthly flow data for Greater Zab river with upper and the lower probability limits obtained by SARIMA $(0, 1, 1) \times (0, 1, 1)_{12}$ model from 2003-2012.

Chapter Six**CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS****6.1 Conclusions**

The following conclusions are drawn from this study:

1. All months show periodic patterns, which are attributed to the influence of the annual cyclic pattern of the hydrological inputs to the river.
2. The periodic autoregressive PAR (1) model of first order fits all months. There is also an indication that the correlation between the consecutive observations is periodic. The values of the parameter of the model for monthly flow are found equal to 0.775, 0.516, 0.452, 0.455, 0.711, 0.646, 0.66, 0.784, 0.849, 0.908, 0.941, and 0.933 for the 12 months from October to September.
3. The Cox- Box transformation is most suitable for normalizing data. It uses periodic transformation for each season which is more accurate than non-periodic transformation for normalizing monthly data.
4. The SARIMA model is also applied to the same data of monthly flow. It is found that the seasonal ARIMA (0,1,1) (0,1,1)₁₂ model with positive parameters fits these data very well. The values of the parameters of the model θ and Θ are found equal to 0.361 and 0.95 respectively.
5. Monthly mean of the data generated by PARMA model and SARIMA model are compared with observed data from 1993-2002. It is found that the generated data by SARIMA model is better than the data generated by

PARMA model because it gives monthly mean slightly different from those of the observed data.

6. The minimum forecasted error using MARE%, MAE and MSE of forecast series of the two methods are compared and it is found that seasonal ARIMA (0,1,1) (0,1,1)₁₂ model provides more satisfactory forecast for monthly flow Greater Zab river than PARMA model .

6.2 Recommendations

The following suggestions are put forward for further research:

1. Multisite and multivariate using SARIMA models are recommended as future studies to account for the correlations between the stations and the parameters respectively.
2. The method of moments and maximum likelihood estimation are suggested to be used instead of least squares estimation method for estimation of parameters of PARMA and SARIMA models and the results should be compared with least squares results in future studies.
3. Fourier analysis for estimating periodic parameters of PARMA model should be used for small time interval series, such as daily and weekly series. These applications result in increasing number of seasons which in turn leads to increase in the number of parameters to be estimated.
4. The PARMA model should be used for other applications such as reservoir operation, flood analysis and river flow forecasting in future work.

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A.1 DEFINITION OF STATISTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

A time series process can be characterized by a number of statistical properties such as the mean, standard deviation, coefficient of variation, skewness coefficient, season-to-season correlations, and autocorrelations. These statistics are defined for both annual and seasonal data as shown below.

A.1.1 Annual Data

The mean and the standard deviation of a time series Y_t are estimated by

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N Y_t \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-1)$$

And

$$Sd = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N (Y_t - \bar{Y})^2} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-2)$$

Respectively, where N is the sample size. The coefficient of variation is defined as $cv = Sd / \bar{Y}$, $\dots \dots \dots (A-3)$

Likewise, the skewness coefficient is estimated by

$$Cs = \frac{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^N (Y_t - \bar{Y})^3}{(Sd)^3} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-4)$$

The sample autocorrelation coefficients r_k of a time series may be estimated by

$$r_k = \frac{\sigma_k}{\sigma_0} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-5)$$

Where k = time lag. and

$$\sigma_k = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^{N-k} (Y_t - \bar{Y})(Y_{t+k} - \bar{Y})} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-6)$$

A.1.2 Seasonal data

Seasonal hydrologic time series, such as monthly flows, are better characterized by seasonal statistics. Let $Y_{r,m}$ be a seasonal time series, where $r = 1, \dots, N$ represents years with N being the number of years, and $m = 1, \dots, s$ seasons with s being the number of seasons. The mean and standard deviation for season m can be estimated by

$$\bar{Y}_m = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=1}^N Y_{r,m} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-7)$$

And

$$(Sd)_m = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=1}^N (Y_{r,m} - \bar{Y}_m)^2} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-8)$$

Respectively. The seasonal coefficient of variation is $(cv)_m = (Sd)_m / \bar{Y}_m$. Similarly, the seasonal skewness coefficient is estimated by

$$(Cs)_m = \frac{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=1}^N (Y_{r,m} - \bar{Y}_m)^3}{(Sd_m)^3} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-9)$$

The sample lag- k season-to-season correlation coefficient may be estimated by

$$(r_{k,m}) = \frac{\sigma_{k,m}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{0,m} \sigma_{m-k}}} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-10)$$

Where

$$\sigma_{k,m} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r=1}^N (Y_{r,m} - \bar{Y}_m) (Y_{r,m-k} - \bar{Y}_{m-k}) \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-11)$$

When $m - k < 1$ the terms, $r=1$, $Y_{r,m-k}$, $\bar{Y}_{m-k}$, σ_{m-k} replaced by

$r=2$, $Y_{r-1,m-k+s}$, $\bar{Y}_{m-k+s}$, σ_{m-k+s}

A.2 Periodic Autocorrelation Function (PeACF)

Appendix A

For the univariate periodic stationary PARMA process $Y_{r,m}$ defined by (3-32), in which the white noise terms $a_{r,m}$ are assumed to be independent, the periodic autocovariance function (PeACVF) is defined as

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{k,m} &= \text{Cov}(Y_{r,m}, Y_{r,m-k}) \\ &= E[(Y_{r,m} - \bar{Y}_m)(Y_{r,m-k} - \bar{Y}_{m-k})] \dots\dots\dots(A-12)\end{aligned}$$

for season m at backward lag $k \geq 0$

Then, the PeACF for season m at backward lag $k \geq 0$ is defined as (Akgun, 2003)

$$r_{k,m} = \frac{\sigma_{k,m}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{0,m}\sigma_{0,m-k}}} \dots\dots\dots(A-13)$$

Where $\sigma_{0,m}$ is the variance for the m season and $Y_{r,m}$ denotes the periodically standardized time series. For a season m which follows a pure PMA process, successive values for $q(m)$ is checked initially with $q(m) = 1$ according to the appropriate band limits. Therefore, the final lag of which the value of sample PeACF falls outside the band limits indicates the order of the MA process of the corresponding season. so that the approximate 95% band $(-1.96 / N, 1.96 / N)$ is applied to the sample PeACF where -1.96 and 1.96 are the upper $\alpha/2$ -point and lower $\alpha/2$ - point of standard normal distribution when significance level α is equal to 0.05.

A.3 Periodic Partial Autocorrelation Function (PePACF)

In time series analysis, the partial autocorrelation function is well adapted to the identification of pure AR processes. The partial autocorrelation function, like the autocorrelation function, carries vital information about the dependence structure of a stationary series.

Appendix A

It was mentioned that for a pure PMA process, the PeACF is zero for lags beyond $q(m)$ and the order of the process can be decided according to the sample PeACF. Likewise, for pure PAR processes, the PePACF becomes zero for lags beyond $p(m)$, so if the correct order is $p(m)$ for season m , then $\phi_{kk}(m) = 0$ for all $k > p(m)$. This is the cut-off property of periodic partial autocorrelation function for PAR processes.

For the computation of the PePACF, $\phi_{kk}(m)$, Sakai's (1982) algorithm for calculating $\phi_{kk}(m)$ iteratively is used. This approach is as follows: (Akgun, 2003)

(1) Initial Conditions

$$\delta_m^2(0) = \tau_m^2(0) = \sigma_0(m) \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-14)$$

$$\alpha_m(p, 0) = 1 \quad \text{where } p=1, 2, \dots \quad m=1, 2, \dots, s$$

(2) Order update from p to $p+1$ ($p=0, 1, 2, \dots$)

i. Compute;

$$\Delta_m(p) = \sum_{j=0}^p \sigma_{p+1-j} (m-j) \alpha_m(p, j) \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-15)$$

$$\alpha_m(p+1, p+1) = \frac{-\Delta_m(p)}{\tau_{m-1}^2(p)} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-16)$$

$$\beta_m(p+1, p+1) = \frac{-\Delta_m(p)}{\delta_m^2(p)} \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-17)$$

ii. Update;

$$\delta_m^2(p+1) = \delta_m^2(p) [1 - \alpha_m(p+1, p+1) \beta_m(p+1, p+1)] \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-18)$$

And for $i=1, 2, \dots, p$

$$\alpha_m(p+1, i) = \alpha_m(p, i) + \alpha_m(p+1, p+1) \beta_{m-1}(p, p+1-i) \quad , \dots \dots \dots (A-19)$$

Appendix A

$$\beta_m(p+1,i) = \beta_{m-1}(p,i) + \beta_m(p+1,p+1) \alpha_m(p, p+1-i) \dots\dots\dots (A-20)$$

iii. Calculate;

$$\phi_{kk}(m) = \frac{\Delta_m(p)}{\delta_m(p) \tau_{m-1}(p)} \dots\dots\dots (A-21)$$

Where $\sigma_k(m)$ is the periodic autocovariance function m is season and lag k and the subscript $m-k = 0$ is always replaced by $s=12$.

Sakai (1982) also derived the distribution of $\phi_{kk}(m)$: If a season m follows a PAR ($p(m)$) process, then for all m and $k > p(m)$, $\phi_{kk}(m)$ are asymptotically independent, and normally distributed with zero mean and variance $1/N$. Therefore, for large N , for order identification, the approximate 95% band $(-1.96 / N, 1.96 / N)$ should be applied for $\phi_{kk}(m)$ for all $k > p(m)$, again -1.96 and 1.96 representing the upper $\alpha/2$ -point and lower $\alpha/2$ -point of standard normal distribution when significance level α is equal to 0.05. Hence, the final lag of which the value of sample PePACF falls outside the band limits indicates the order of the AR process of the corresponding season. (Akgun, 2003)

A.4 Derivative of Multiplicative SARIMA Models

These models which applied in the current study is multiplicative of an ARIMA (p, d, q) $\times$ ARIMA (P, D, Q)_s and derived as the flowing:

Where (p,P,q,Q) are order of autoregressive and moving average for nonseasonal and seasonal model respectively , d and D is degree of differencing for non seasonal and seasonal model respectively , S is length of periodic cycle $S=12$ for monthly data .

1- SARIMA (0,1,1)x(0,1,1)₁₂

The form nonseasonal model is

Appendix A

$$W_t = (1 - \theta\beta)a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-22)$$

And form seasonal model is

$$W_t = (1 - \Theta\beta^{12})a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-23)$$

Multiplicative equation (A-22) x (A-23) as the flowing

$$W_t = (1 - \theta\beta)(1 - \Theta\beta^{12})a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-24)$$

$$W_t = a_t - \Theta\beta^{12}a_t - \theta\beta a_t + \theta\Theta\beta^{13}a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-15)$$

Where

$$\beta^j a_t = a_{t-j} \quad (\text{Chatfield, 1982}), \dots\dots\dots (A-25)$$

Then substitute the (A-25) in (A-24) and result

$$[W_t] = [a_t] - \theta[a_{t-1}] - \Theta[a_{t-12}] + \theta\Theta[a_{t-13}], \dots\dots\dots (A-26)$$

Then the model may be written in either forward form

$$[a_t] = [W_t] + \theta[a_{t-1}] + \Theta[a_{t-12}] - \theta\Theta[a_{t-13}], \dots\dots\dots (A-27)$$

or backward form

$$[e_t] = [W_t] + \theta[e_{t+1}] + \Theta[e_{t+12}] - \theta\Theta[e_{t+13}], \dots\dots\dots (A-28)$$

$$\text{where : } Z = \ln X_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-29)$$

$$W_t = \nabla \nabla_{12} Z_t = Z_t - Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-12} + Z_{t-13}, \dots\dots\dots (A-30)$$

2- SARIMA (0, 1, 2) x (0, 1, 1)₁₂

The form nonseasonal model is

$$W_t = (1 - \theta_1\beta - \theta_2\beta^2)a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-31)$$

And form seasonal model is

$$W_t = (1 - \Theta\beta^{12})a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-32)$$

Multiplicative equation (A-31) x (A-32) as the flowing

$$W_t = (1 - \theta_1\beta - \theta_2\beta^2)(1 - \Theta\beta^{12})a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-33)$$

$$W_t = a_t - \Theta\beta^{12}a_t - \theta_1\beta a_t + \theta_1\Theta\beta^{13}a_t - \theta_2\beta^2a_t + \theta_2\Theta\beta^{14}a_t, \dots\dots\dots (A-34)$$

Where

$$\beta^j a_t = a_{t-j} \quad (\text{Chatfield, 1982}), \dots\dots\dots (A-35)$$

Appendix A

Then substitute the (A-35) in (A-34) and result

$$[W_t] = [a_t] - \theta[a_{t-1}] - \Theta[a_{t-12}] + \theta\Theta[a_{t-13}] \quad \text{.....(A-36)}$$

Then the model may be written in either forward form

$$[a_t] = [W_t] + \theta[a_{t-1}] + \Theta[a_{t-12}] - \theta\Theta[a_{t-13}] \quad \text{.....(A-37)}$$

or backward form

$$[e_t] = [W_t] + \theta[e_{t+1}] + \Theta[e_{t+12}] - \theta\Theta[e_{t+13}] \quad \text{.....(A-38)}$$

$$\text{where : } Z = \ln X_t \quad \text{.....(A-39)}$$

$$W_t = \nabla \nabla_{12} Z_t = Z_t - Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-12} + Z_{t-13} \quad \text{.....(A-40)}$$

3- SARIMA (1, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 0)₁₂

The form nonseasonal model is

$$a_t = (1 - \phi\beta)W_t \quad \text{.....(A-41)}$$

And form seasonal model is

$$a_t = (1 - \Phi\beta^{12})W_t \quad \text{.....(A-42)}$$

Multiplicative equation (A-41) x (A-42) as the flowing

$$a_t = (1 - \phi\beta)(1 - \Phi\beta^{12})W_t \quad \text{.....(A-43)}$$

$$a_t = W_t - \phi\beta W_t - \Phi\beta^{12}W_t + \phi\Phi\beta^{12}W_t \quad \text{.....(A-44)}$$

Where

$$\beta^j w_t = w_{t-j} \quad (\text{Chatfield, 1982}) \quad \text{.....(A-45)}$$

Then substitute the (A-45) in (A-44) and the model may be written in either forward form

$$[a_t] = [W_t] - \phi[W_{t-1}] - \Phi[W_{t-12}] + \phi\Phi[W_{t-13}] \quad \text{.....(A-46)}$$

or backward form

$$[e_t] = [W_t] - \phi[W_{t+1}] - \Phi[W_{t+12}] + \phi\Phi[W_{t+13}] \quad \text{.....(A-47)}$$

$$\text{where : } Z = \ln X_t \quad \text{.....(A-48)}$$

$$W_t = \nabla \nabla_{12} Z_t = Z_t - Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-12} + Z_{t-13} \quad \text{.....(A-49)}$$

4- SARIMA (2, 1, 0) x (1, 1, 0)₁₂

The form nonseasonal model is

$$a_t = (1 - \phi_1\beta - \phi_2\beta^2)W_t \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-50)$$

And form seasonal model is

$$a_t = (1 - \Phi\beta^{12})W_t \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-51)$$

Multiplicative equation (A-50) x (A-51) as the flowing

$$a_t = (1 - \phi_1\beta - \phi_2\beta^2)(1 - \Phi\beta^{12})W_t \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-52)$$

$$a_t = W_t - \phi_1\beta W_t - \phi_2\beta^2 W_t - \Phi\beta^{12}W_t + \phi_1\Phi\beta^{13}W_t + \phi_2\Phi\beta^{14}W_t \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-53)$$

Where

$$\beta^j w_t = w_{t-j} \quad (\text{Chatfield, 1982}) \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-54)$$

Then substitute the (A-54) in (A-53) and the model may be written in either forward form

$$[a_t] = [W_t] - \phi_1[W_{t-1}] - \phi_2[W_{t-2}] - \Phi[W_{t-12}] + \phi_1\Phi[W_{t-13}] + \phi_2\Phi[W_{t-14}] \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-55)$$

or backward form

$$[a_t] = [W_t] - \phi_1[W_{t+1}] - \phi_2[W_{t+2}] - \Phi[W_{t+12}] + \phi_1\Phi[W_{t+13}] + \phi_2\Phi[W_{t+14}] \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-56)$$

$$\text{Where: } Z = \ln X_t \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-57)$$

$$W_t = \nabla \nabla_{12} Z_t = Z_t - Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-12} + Z_{t-13} \quad \dots\dots\dots (A-58)$$

TableB.1: Mean monthly discharge for Greater Zab river (1933-2002)

mean monthly discharge (m3/s)													
year	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Average
1933	74	136	93	146	238	555	751	1000	545	291	152	97	340
1934	81	73	273	150	277	371	767	682	477	195	108	84	295
1935	83	85	94	186	414	445	771	748	417	175	103	84	300
1936	83	145	147	101	345	348	1030	993	505	251	122	93	347
1937	85	352	214	195	636	631	1310	856	692	215	115	90	449
1938	133	201	167	301	411	397	1060	911	550	286	155	117	391
1939	105	166	214	236	345	571	1090	1130	637	300	145	113	421
1940	100	137	215	568	661	592	1420	955	613	324	172	123	490
1941	144	118	220	382	1010	864	1020	1130	511	263	152	120	495
1942	115	105	131	415	394	865	1180	1310	611	273	157	122	473
1943	130	394	251	245	276	395	790	1060	650	355	183	127	405
1944	125	117	132	285	322	724	1220	1090	535	324	192	142	434
1945	131	301	166	455	403	391	730	754	522	288	155	114	368
1946	110	134	215	232	533	1020	1440	1770	1040	551	296	155	625
1947	202	161	155	411	472	776	790	620	355	184	117	96	362
1948	104	205	205	180	264	415	1010	1300	911	401	194	136	444
1949	144	161	224	201	308	733	1220	1550	936	385	194	140	516
1950	144	153	168	322	307	910	1060	1440	730	370	195	142	495
1951	150	147	151	241	297	405	556	564	382	216	135	117	280
1952	195	195	237	217	707	813	1200	1250	635	330	171	127	506
1953	128	127	145	246	443	755	1240	1140	675	361	207	155	469
1954	141	212	167	315	538	1240	1670	1420	908	480	267	210	631
1955	187	188	196	187	225	303	592	621	362	193	130	107	274
1956	102	145	325	251	503	681	1180	894	726	390	198	144	462
1957	110	117	171	177	335	818	776	1110	720	366	203	148	421
1958	142	175	192	237	294	453	646	596	355	190	132	105	293
1959	71	66	153	100	98	293	1010	806	462	226	136	113	295
1960	106	112	115	214	343	451	760	847	386	164	115	95	309
1961	84	191	145	175	277	347	834	876	462	192	102	91	315
1962	76	191	308	332	516	618	745	723	501	255	135	93	374
1963	87	115	310	628	675	721	1760	1610	1050	607	324	204	674
1964	232	225	220	194	452	1240	1030	946	663	275	165	141	482
1965	143	152	157	193	341	544	812	855	538	218	140	112	350
1966	207	153	155	217	350	527	680	611	374	185	135	125	310

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1967	145	143	156	225	280	492	784	1540	702	344	194	165	431
1968	166	245	361	295	325	761	1360	1180	793	375	220	175	521
1969	168	307	835	604	554	1650	1780	1630	697	352	227	180	749
1970	175	173	236	295	298	377	595	475	305	183	151	135	283
1971	142	156	186	134	140	356	1230	843	500	234	134	125	348
1972	132	154	187	168	300	574	1210	1380	841	447	290	223	492
1973	178	223	182	176	383	426	855	926	526	313	188	143	377
1974	137	155	178	183	221	741	997	718	505	324	185	143	374
1975	134	146	152	155	366	376	562	527	386	270	214	164	288
1976	110	110	171	232	510	438	1170	1137	715	477	256	162	457
1977	205	224	230	253	407	608	697	727	588	394	242	177	396
1978	171	161	403	518	621	726	831	746	688	445	225	166	475
1979	155	155	288	362	535	524	765	677	565	300	164	130	385
1980	195	264	320	320	384	631	1155	924	678	378	227	180	471
1981	135	256	204	390	564	837	900	898	725	448	228	178	480
1982	168	208	250	350	424	522	908	1004	682	366	208	183	439
1983	216	231	196	227	321	280	858	932	612	235	173	161	370
1984	130	174	240	167	288	545	671	653	570	265	131	105	328
1985	105	335	228	352	780	852	1252	1055	545	226	148	130	501
1986	114	133	204	307	437	455	701	586	425	230	102	91	315
1987	130	288	365	365	580	645	1215	1726	670	356	198	144	557
1988	182	264	798	693	695	1635	1690	1558	700	404	173	96	741
1989	66	83	103	82	61	242	313	243	95	37	34	35	116
1990	45	122	271	145	261	335	666	553	322	117	56	50	245
1991	48	55	82	276	406	622	998	411	184	116	66	50	276
1992	44	45	350	137	406	622	998	963	574	287	163	125	393
1993	140	253	481	362	475	510	1694	2282	1030	282	147	105	647
1994	122	220	165	305	320	437	1035	665	773	210	145	102	375
1995	130	375	590	483	765	801	1727	1378	710	328	163	105	630
1996	131	160	133	317	383	503	867	848	388	195	110	100	345
1997	105	125	306	365	325	635	1278	1253	695	355	188	130	480
1998	145	170	325	300	525	645	1360	790	435	210	110	100	426
1999	107	124	104	123	245	231	440	335	178	84	65	65	175
2000	86	75	105	165	205	285	513	346	162	102	73	71	182
2001	65	80	235	155	200	440	520	345	240	160	115	80	220
2002	85	85	225	485	365	600	1375	1085	560	260	150	123	450
Average	128	173	233	277	405	608	1002	964	574	288	164	125	412

Table B.10: Calculation min sum of square for season ten with PARMA(1,0) model and $\phi_{1,10} = 0.908$

year	$W_{r,10}$	$W_{r,9}$	$\phi_{1,10}W_{r,9}$	$a_{r,10}$	$a^2_{r,10}$	year	$W_{r,10}$	$W_{r,9}$	$\phi_{1,10}W_{r,9}$	$a_{r,10}$	$a^2_{r,10}$
1	-0.03817	-0.18774	-0.17047	0.13229	0.0175	31	2.606205	2.397251	2.176704	0.4295	0.18447
2	-0.96548	-0.55208	-0.50129	-0.4642	0.21547	32	-0.18686	0.433355	0.393486	-0.5804	0.33681
3	-1.17142	-0.8782	-0.7974	-0.374	0.13988	33	-0.73485	-0.22501	-0.20431	-0.5305	0.28147
4	-0.41389	-0.40143	-0.3645	-0.0494	0.00244	34	-1.06778	-1.11499	-1.01241	-0.0554	0.00307
5	-0.76458	0.584105	0.530368	-1.295	1.6769	35	0.441045	0.63593	0.577425	-0.1364	0.0186
6	-0.08442	-0.16115	-0.14632	0.0619	0.00383	36	0.713005	1.104055	1.002482	-0.2895	0.0838
7	0.044595	0.297599	0.27022	-0.2256	0.05091	37	0.511774	0.610028	0.553905	-0.0421	0.00178
8	0.262456	0.171758	0.155957	0.1065	0.01134	38	-1.0884	-1.50127	-1.36315	0.27476	0.07549
9	-0.29975	-0.36926	-0.33529	0.03554	0.00126	39	-0.57787	-0.42826	-0.38886	-0.189	0.03572
10	-0.2056	0.161248	0.146413	-0.352	0.12391	40	1.324778	1.348626	1.224553	0.10022	0.01004
11	0.538197	0.365549	0.331919	0.20628	0.04255	41	0.163104	-0.28902	-0.26243	0.42554	0.18108
12	0.262456	-0.241	-0.21883	0.48128	0.23163	42	0.262456	-0.40143	-0.3645	0.62695	0.39307
13	-0.0659	-0.3104	-0.28184	0.21594	0.04663	43	-0.23375	-1.04863	-0.95215	0.7184	0.5161
14	2.168218	2.347624	2.131643	0.03657	0.00134	44	1.572516	0.703185	0.638492	0.93402	0.8724
15	-1.07808	-1.22053	-1.10824	0.03016	0.00091	45	0.877002	0.040112	0.036422	0.84058	0.70657
16	0.936937	1.702647	1.546003	-0.6091	0.37096	46	1.308122	0.563353	0.511525	0.7966	0.63457
17	0.799562	1.828367	1.660157	-0.8606	0.74063	47	0.044595	-0.08153	-0.07403	0.11863	0.01407
18	0.669519	0.780624	0.708807	-0.0393	0.00154	48	0.73903	0.511415	0.464365	0.27466	0.07544
19	-0.75466	-1.07072	-0.97222	0.21756	0.04733	49	1.3331	0.75483	0.685386	0.64771	0.41953
20	0.316305	0.287132	0.260715	0.05559	0.00309	50	0.634627	0.5322	0.483238	0.15139	0.02292
21	0.590883	0.495818	0.450203	0.14068	0.01979	51	-0.56815	0.166504	0.151185	-0.7193	0.51744
22	1.59708	1.687536	1.532282	0.0648	0.0042	52	-0.28085	-0.05504	-0.04998	-0.2309	0.0533
23	-0.98584	-1.18158	-1.07287	0.08704	0.00758	53	-0.65602	-0.18774	-0.17047	-0.4856	0.23576
24	0.842637	0.759991	0.690072	0.15257	0.02328	54	-0.61686	-0.83444	-0.75767	0.14081	0.01983
25	0.634627	0.729017	0.661948	-0.0273	0.00075	55	0.546993	0.469806	0.426584	0.12041	0.0145
26	-1.01647	-1.22053	-1.10824	0.09178	0.00842	56	0.962547	0.625572	0.568019	0.39453	0.15565
27	-0.65602	-0.63318	-0.57493	-0.0811	0.00658	57	-2.83748	-2.75261	-2.49937	-0.3381	0.11431
28	-1.28708	-1.04863	-0.95215	-0.3349	0.11218	58	-1.80487	-1.4053	-1.27601	-0.5289	0.27968
29	-0.99603	-0.63318	-0.57493	-0.4211	0.17733	59	-1.81638	-2.2036	-2.00087	0.18449	0.03404
30	-0.3757	-0.42289	-0.38399	0.00829	6.9E-05	60	-0.07516	-0.03387	-0.03075	-0.0444	0.00197
										SS=	10.38372

Table B.13: Calculation min. sum of squares of monthly flow for Greater Zab river with $\theta = 0.361$ and $\Theta = 0.95$ for model $(0, 1, 1)$ $(0, 1, 1)_{12}$. Calculations start from the bottom of the table.

t	X_t	$\ln X_t$	a_t	θa_{t-1}	Θa_{t-12}	$\Theta\theta a_{t-13}$	W_t	$\Theta\theta e_{t+13}$	Θe_{t+12}	θe_{t+1}	e_t	a_t^2
-12	74	4.304065	-0.0508617	0	0	0	-0.05086168	-0.05086168	0	0	0	0.002586911
-11	137	4.919981	0.31381877	-0.01831021	0	0	0.33212898	0.190846528	-0.14128245	0	0	0.098482223
-10	93	4.532599	-0.523788	0.11297476	0	0	-0.63676277	-0.10663353	0.530129245	0	0	0.274353883
-9	147	4.990433	0.06017241	-0.18856368	0	0	0.248736097	-0.04746815	-0.29620424	0	0	3.62E-03
-8	239	5.476464	0.00882204	0.02166207	0	0	-0.01284003	-0.14469599	-0.13185596	0	0	7.78E-05
-7	556	6.320768	0.45497529	0.00317593	0	0	0.451799357	0.04986606	-0.4019333	0	0	0.207002516
-6	751	6.621406	-0.0728003	0.1637911	0	0	-0.23659136	-0.09807452	0.138516833	0	0	0.005299877
-5	1000	6.907755	0.27431582	-0.02620809	0	0	0.300523908	0.028094677	-0.27242923	0	0	0.075249168
-4	546	6.302619	0.01138204	0.09875369	0	0	-0.08737165	-0.00933088	0.07804077	0	0	0.000129551
-3	291	5.673323	0.08539444	0.00409754	0	0	0.081296907	0.055377791	-0.02591912	0	0	0.007292211
-2	152	5.023881	-0.0364265	0.030742	0	0	-0.06716848	0.086658713	0.153827197	0	0	0.001326889
-1	98	4.584967	-0.1736846	-0.01311353	0	0	-0.1605711	0.080147544	0.240718648	0	0	0.030166354
0	81	4.394449	-0.2456601	-0.06252647	-0.0483186	0	-0.13481501	0.034278441	0.222632067	-0.053538613	0	0.060348875
1	73	4.290459	-0.4928206	-0.08843763	0.298127836	-0.0173947	-0.71990555	-0.2750782	0.095217891	0.200891082	-0.148718371	0.242872187
2	273	5.609472	0.92405372	-0.17741543	-0.49759861	0.107326021	1.706393787	0.272011068	-0.76410612	-0.112245818	0.558030784	0.85387528
3	150	5.010635	-0.487711	0.33265934	0.057163792	-0.1791355	-1.0566696	-0.03925582	0.755586301	-0.049966469	-0.31179394	0.237861983
4	278	5.627621	-0.0568191	-0.17557595	0.008380939	0.020578965	0.130954854	0.008395083	-0.10904395	-0.152311565	-0.138795746	0.003228412
5	371	5.916202	-0.1469693	-0.02045488	0.432226527	0.003017138	-0.55572379	-0.05682585	0.023319676	0.052490589	-0.423087681	0.021599971
6	768	6.64379	0.14927958	-0.05290894	-0.06916024	0.15560155	0.426950313	0.020057205	-0.15784958	-0.10323634	0.145807193	0.022284393
7	682	6.52503	-0.0658713	0.05374065	0.260600027	-0.02489769	-0.4051097	-0.03305429	0.055714457	0.029573344	-0.286767611	0.004339034
8	478	6.169611	0.14300063	-0.02371368	0.01081294	0.09381601	0.249717378	0.065929745	-0.09181747	-0.009821981	0.082148179	0.020449179
9	196	5.278115	-0.1334881	0.05148023	0.08112472	0.003892658	-0.26220037	0.006513508	0.183138181	0.058292412	-0.02728328	0.017819067
10	109	4.691348	-0.0491898	-0.04805571	-0.03460516	0.029204899	0.062675969	0.01006538	0.018093078	0.091219698	0.161923365	0.002419636
11	84	4.430817	0.00813108	-0.01770833	-0.16500041	-0.01245786	0.178381959	0.037319133	0.027959389	0.084365836	0.253388051	6.61E-05
12	83	4.418841	0.00749239	0.00292719	-0.23337708	-0.05940015	0.178542133	0.083939417	0.103664258	0.036082569	0.234349544	5.61E-05
13	86	4.454347	-0.2419702	0.00269726	-0.46817961	-0.08401575	0.139496402	-0.01712391	0.233165046	-0.289556002	0.100229359	0.058549578

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14	94	4.543295	-0.2707784	-0.08710927	0.877851035	-0.16854466	-1.23006487	-0.18698162	-0.04756642	0.28632744	-0.804322227	0.073320966
15	187	5.231109	0.40981831	-0.09748024	-0.46332541	0.316026373	1.286650336	-0.06941899	-0.5193934	-0.041321919	0.795354001	0.167951046
16	414	6.025866	0.43812511	0.14753459	-0.05397816	-0.16679715	0.177771537	0.10856106	-0.19283051	0.00883693	-0.114783108	0.191953616
17	446	6.100319	-0.1765916	0.15772504	-0.13962082	-0.01943214	-0.21412797	0.003066821	0.301558501	-0.059816681	0.024547027	0.031184598
18	771	6.647688	-0.0517121	-0.06357298	0.141815602	-0.0502635	-0.18021825	0.015570994	0.008518948	0.021112847	-0.166157448	0.002674145
19	749	6.618739	-0.0424371	-0.01861637	-0.06257777	0.051053617	0.089810685	0.039622659	0.043252761	-0.03479399	0.058646797	0.001800905
20	418	6.035481	-0.0847374	-0.01527735	0.135850595	-0.022528	-0.22783863	0.048274019	0.110062942	0.069399732	-0.096649971	0.007180423
21	176	5.170484	-0.1797267	-0.03050546	-0.12681367	0.048906214	0.026498636	-0.02532757	0.134094498	0.006856324	0.192777033	0.03230169
22	103	4.634729	-0.0147672	-0.06470162	-0.04673031	-0.04565292	0.05101177	-0.02779281	-0.07035437	0.010595137	0.019045345	0.000218071
23	84	4.430817	0.07585013	-0.0053162	0.007724529	-0.01682291	0.056618894	-0.010731	-0.07720226	0.039283298	0.029430936	0.005753242
24	83	4.418841	0.03164299	0.02730605	0.007117773	0.00278083	0	-0.05057132	-0.02980833	0.088357281	0.109120272	0.001001279
25	146	4.983607	0.30821671	0.01139148	-0.22987169	0.002562398	0.529259325	0.125321371	-0.14047589	-0.018025171	0.245436891	0.094997542
26	148	4.997212	-0.1388695	0.11095802	-0.25723952	-0.08275381	-0.07534183	0.126020243	0.34811492	-0.196822762	-0.05006992	0.019284747
27	101	4.615121	-0.637965	-0.04999303	0.389327393	-0.09260623	-1.06990559	-0.24619208	0.350056232	-0.073072616	-0.546729896	0.406999344
28	346	5.846439	0.4829545	-0.2296674	0.416218859	0.140157862	0.436560901	0.0699483	-0.68386689	0.1142748	-0.202979489	0.233245047
29	349	5.855072	-0.209557	0.17386362	-0.16776203	0.149838789	-0.06581983	-0.18572077	0.194300834	0.003228233	0.317430001	0.043914151
30	1030	6.937314	0.47070001	-0.07544053	-0.04912652	-0.06039433	0.534872737	0.026404929	-0.51589101	0.01639052	0.008967313	0.221558501
31	993	6.900731	0.13918831	0.169452	-0.04031522	-0.01768555	-0.00763403	0.061891839	0.073347026	0.041708062	0.045529222	0.019373385
32	506	6.226537	-0.1068157	0.05010779	-0.08050051	-0.01451348	-0.09093644	0.01594436	0.171921775	0.050814757	0.115855729	0.011409591
33	251	5.525453	-0.0163001	-0.03845365	-0.17074037	-0.02898018	0.163913707	0.040390887	0.044289888	-0.026660605	0.141152103	0.000265694
34	122	4.804021	-0.1441073	-0.00586805	-0.01402887	-0.06146653	-0.18567689	-0.02867834	0.112196908	-0.029255591	-0.074057235	0.020766905
35	93	4.532599	-0.04228	-0.05187862	0.072057624	-0.00505039	-0.06750936	-0.07720166	-0.07966204	-0.011295788	-0.081265532	0.001787595
36	86	4.454347	-0.0773767	-0.01522079	0.03006084	0.025940745	-0.06627601	-0.30258085	-0.21444906	-0.053232969	-0.031377189	0.005987153
37	352	5.863631	1.09864623	-0.02785561	0.292805877	0.010821902	0.844517865	0.283802098	-0.84050236	0.131917233	-0.14786936	1.207023535
38	214	5.365976	-0.3530843	0.39551264	-0.13192605	0.105410116	-0.51126081	0.043294479	0.788339162	0.132652888	0.366436758	0.124668552
39	195	5.273	-0.3965684	-0.12711036	-0.60606675	-0.04749338	0.2891153	-0.21825206	0.120262442	-0.259149558	0.368480244	0.157266524
40	636	6.455199	0.48510691	-0.14276464	0.458806773	-0.21818403	-0.04911925	0.138114698	-0.60625572	0.07362979	-0.719859884	0.235328718
41	631	6.447306	-0.206137	0.17463849	-0.19907918	0.165170438	-0.01652585	-0.03289664	0.383651939	-0.195495542	0.204527193	0.042492454
42	1310	7.177782	0.0928586	-0.07420931	0.447165011	-0.07166851	-0.35176561	0.127692663	-0.09137957	0.027794662	-0.543043173	0.008622719
43	856	6.75227	-0.38425	0.0334291	0.132228891	0.160979404	-0.38892862	-0.04628487	0.354701842	0.065149304	0.077207395	0.147648093
44	692	6.539586	0.17410226	-0.13833001	-0.1014749	0.047602401	0.461509574	0.168753733	-0.12856909	0.016783536	0.18097029	0.030311596
45	215	5.370638	-0.3841415	0.06267681	-0.01548512	-0.03653096	-0.4678642	-0.00320804	0.468760368	0.042516723	0.046620935	0.147564724

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46	115	4.744932	-0.1738922	-0.13829096	-0.13690191	-0.00557464	0.095725995	-0.06147496	-0.00891122	-0.030187722	0.118102009	0.030238505
47	90	4.49981	-0.0271834	-0.0626012	-0.04016596	-0.04928469	0.026299094	-0.14187481	-0.17076377	-0.081264908	-0.083854783	0.000738936
48	133	4.890349	0.39995752	-0.00978602	-0.07350786	-0.01445975	0.468791655	-0.01807533	-0.39409668	-0.318506157	-0.225735856	0.159966019
49	201	5.303305	0.21783336	0.14398471	1.043713917	-0.02646283	-0.9963281	0.136941031	-0.05020924	0.298739051	-0.884739325	0.047451371
50	167	5.117994	-0.3204031	0.07842001	-0.33543012	0.37573701	0.312344065	-0.09152174	0.380391754	0.045573136	0.829830697	0.102658122
51	301	5.70711	0.31076264	-0.1153451	-0.37674001	-0.12075484	0.682092909	0.071534794	-0.25422706	-0.229739011	0.126592044	0.096573417
52	411	6.018593	-0.1623635	0.11187455	0.460851568	-0.1356264	-0.87071606	0.111539517	0.198707761	0.145383893	-0.638163918	2.64E-02
53	397	5.983936	-0.4469518	-0.05845087	-0.19583013	0.165906564	-0.02676423	-0.15540443	0.309831991	-0.034628046	0.403844147	0.199765911
54	1060	6.966024	0.24942322	-0.16090265	0.088215669	-0.07049885	0.251611353	0.050534715	-0.43167899	0.13441333	-0.096189018	6.22E-02
55	911	6.814543	-0.0329721	0.08979236	-0.36503754	0.031757641	0.27403075	-0.00768632	0.140374207	-0.048720918	0.37337036	1.09E-03
56	550	6.309918	-0.0069995	-0.01186994	0.165397145	-0.13141351	-0.2919402	-0.0003197	-0.02135089	0.177635508	-0.135335883	4.90E-05
57	286	5.655992	0.08802421	-0.00251981	-0.36493447	0.059542972	0.51502146	0.017324554	-0.00088806	-0.003376885	0.493431967	7.75E-03
58	155	5.043425	0.01100672	0.03168871	-0.16519761	-0.13137641	0.013139206	0.005932718	0.048123761	-0.064710483	-0.009380235	0.000121148
59	117	4.762174	0.00148062	0.00396242	-0.02582421	-0.05947114	-0.03612872	0.01076049	0.016479773	-0.1493419	-0.179751342	2.19E-06
60	105	4.65396	-0.1089637	0.00053302	0.379959645	-0.00929672	-0.49875304	-0.07305084	0.029890251	-0.019026661	-0.414838612	0.011873079
61	166	5.111988	0.07600096	-0.03922692	0.206941687	0.136785472	0.045071658	0.039152945	-0.202919	0.144148454	-0.052851836	0.005776145
62	214	5.365976	0.08777775	0.02736034	-0.30438291	0.074499007	0.439299322	0.051306454	0.108758181	-0.096338675	0.400412373	0.007704933
63	236	5.463832	-0.0548583	0.03159999	0.295224506	-0.10957785	-0.49126066	-0.00583552	0.142517929	0.075299783	-0.267607432	0.003009435
64	345	5.843544	-0.2120455	-0.01974899	-0.15424536	0.106280822	0.068229662	-0.03973616	-0.01620977	0.117410018	0.209166064	0.044963299
65	571	6.347389	0.09308946	-0.07633638	-0.42460421	-0.05552833	0.538501726	-0.06159904	-0.11037821	-0.163583616	0.326138938	0.008665648
66	1090	6.993933	0.08777764	0.03351221	0.23695206	-0.15285752	-0.33554414	0.000940776	-0.17110845	0.053194436	-0.454398933	0.007704914
67	1130	7.029973	0.10249497	0.03159995	-0.03132347	0.085302742	0.187521226	0.034281304	0.002613266	-0.008090864	0.147762323	0.010505219
68	637	6.45677	-0.0270535	0.03689819	-0.00664951	-0.01127645	-0.06857864	0.048785304	0.095225845	-0.000336526	-0.022474622	0.000731892
69	300	5.703782	-0.0227832	-0.00973926	0.083622998	-0.00239382	-0.09906071	0.055625187	0.135514733	0.018236372	-0.000934795	0.000519072
70	145	4.976734	-0.1423319	-0.00820194	0.010456381	0.030104279	-0.11448204	-0.00437925	0.154514407	0.006244967	0.05065659	0.020258362
71	113	4.727388	-0.0216919	-0.05123947	0.001406589	0.003764297	0.031905258	0.013720366	-0.01216459	0.011326832	0.017347129	0.00047054
72	100	4.60517	-0.125835	-0.00780909	-0.10351547	0.000506372	-0.01400405	-0.08425097	0.038112127	-0.076895622	0.031463422	0.015834444
73	137	4.919981	-0.0790508	-0.0453006	0.072200908	-0.03726557	-0.1432167	-0.12243458	-0.23403046	0.041213626	-0.213598951	0.006249031
74	215	5.370638	0.22560712	-0.02845829	0.083388863	0.025992327	0.196668876	-0.20390268	-0.34009605	0.054006794	0.114482295	0.050898572
75	568	6.342121	0.87271077	0.08121856	-0.0521154	0.030019991	0.873627601	0.151069749	-0.56639633	-0.006142651	0.150018872	0.761624089
76	661	6.493754	-0.096586	0.31417588	-0.20144324	-0.01876154	-0.22808019	0.166793384	0.419638191	-0.041827534	-0.017062919	0.009328856
77	592	6.383507	-0.4879084	-0.03477096	0.088434987	-0.07251956	-0.614092	-0.09943054	0.463314957	-0.064841098	-0.116187595	0.238054614

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78	1420	7.258412	0.10426689	-0.17564703	0.083388758	0.031836595	0.22836175	1.33E-01	-0.27619596	0.00099029	-0.18011416	1.09E-02
79	955	6.861711	-0.3278544	0.03753608	0.097370221	0.030019953	-0.43274075	-0.02921085	3.70E-01	0.036085583	0.002750806	0.107488508
80	613	6.418365	-0.0489248	-0.11802758	-0.02570084	0.035053279	0.129856852	-0.00016917	-0.08114124	0.051352952	0.100237731	2.39E-03
81	324	5.780744	0.08536112	-0.01761294	-0.021644	-0.0092523	0.115365761	0.030801584	-0.00046992	0.058552828	0.142647088	0.00728652
82	172	5.147494	-0.0028937	0.03073	-0.13521528	-0.00779184	0.093799693	0.012103163	0.085559956	-0.004609741	0.162646745	8.37E-06
83	123	4.812184	-0.0589358	-0.00104175	-0.02060733	-0.0486775	-0.0859642	-0.02509697	0.033619897	0.01444249	-0.012804837	0.003473425
84	144	4.969813	0.1465051	-0.02121688	-0.11954324	-0.00741864	0.279846577	0.081329505	-0.06971382	-0.088685226	0.040118028	0.021463744
85	118	4.770685	-0.4932603	0.05274184	-0.07509827	-0.04303557	-0.51393942	-0.17055478	0.225915292	-0.128878504	-0.246347851	0.243305711
86	220	5.393628	0.23607426	-0.1775737	0.214326763	-0.02703538	0.17228582	-0.158116	-0.47376327	-0.214634398	-0.357995846	0.055731055
87	382	5.945421	0.417214	0.08498673	0.829075232	0.077157635	-0.41969033	-0.10367399	-0.43921111	0.159020788	-0.596206662	0.174067524
88	1010	6.917706	0.58062583	0.15019704	-0.0917567	0.298467084	0.82065258	0.266516851	-0.2879833	0.175571984	0.441724411	0.337126359
89	864	6.761573	-0.2673409	0.2090253	-0.46351299	-0.03303241	-0.04588564	0.102075264	0.740324585	-1.05E-01	0.487699954	0.071471162
90	1020	6.927558	-0.5392449	-0.09624273	0.099053542	-0.16686468	-0.70892038	0.005639075	0.2835424	0.140284467	-2.91E-01	0.290785049
91	1130	7.029973	-0.0421333	-0.19412816	-0.31146168	0.035659275	0.499115816	0.094352578	0.015664098	-0.03074826	0.389679076	0.001775215
92	511	6.23637	-0.2997773	-0.01516799	-0.0464786	-0.1121262	-0.35025692	-0.00293266	0.262090495	-0.000178074	-0.085411834	0.089866432
93	263	5.572154	-0.0366886	-0.10791983	0.081093062	-0.0167323	-0.02659414	-0.00182305	-0.00814628	0.03242272	-0.00049465	0.001346054
94	152	5.023881	0.03982507	-0.0132079	-0.00274906	0.029193502	0.084975528	0.002588555	-0.00506403	0.012740171	0.090063111	0.001586036
95	120	4.787492	0.05825904	0.01433703	-0.05598899	-0.00098966	0.098921343	0.044304542	0.007190432	-0.026417868	0.035389365	0.003394116
96	115	4.744932	-0.0198794	0.02097326	0.139179844	-0.02015603	-0.20018856	0.081872584	0.123068172	0.085610005	-0.073382965	0.000395192
97	105	4.65396	-0.4177017	-0.00715659	-0.46859727	0.050104744	0.108156897	-0.08175617	0.227423845	-0.179531343	0.237805571	0.174474721
98	131	4.875197	-0.159113	-0.15037262	0.224270545	-0.16869502	-0.40170595	-0.29654614	-0.22710048	-0.166437895	-0.498698176	0.025316947
99	415	6.028279	0.85962336	-0.05728068	0.396353302	0.080737396	0.601288135	0.130745815	-0.82373929	-0.109130514	-0.462327485	0.738952321
100	394	5.976351	-0.3058408	0.30946441	0.551594542	0.142687189	-1.02421261	-0.07734542	0.36318282	0.280544053	-0.303140318	0.093538625
101	865	6.76273	0.37986083	-0.11010271	-0.25397386	0.198574035	0.942511439	0.055821655	-0.21484839	0.107447646	0.779289037	0.144294253
102	1180	7.07327	-0.1395471	0.1367499	-0.51228264	-0.09143059	0.144555073	0.007085411	0.155060154	0.005935869	0.298465684	0.019473387
103	1310	7.177782	0.09625586	-0.05023695	-0.04002663	-0.18442175	0.002097693	0.104609369	0.019681698	0.099318503	0.016488525	9.27E-03
104	611	6.415097	-0.2048089	0.03465211	-0.28478844	-0.01440959	0.030917864	0.042527702	0.290581582	-0.003087013	0.275884731	0.041946676
105	273	5.609472	-0.1474711	-0.0737312	-0.03485418	-0.10252384	-0.14140961	-0.01662107	0.118132505	-0.001919002	-0.008575035	0.021747737
106	157	5.056246	-0.0076608	-0.05308961	0.037833817	-0.0125475	-0.00495248	-0.04306676	-0.04616963	0.002724795	-0.005330561	5.87E-05
107	122	4.804021	0.02313206	-0.00275788	0.055346091	0.013620174	-0.01583598	-0.09639838	-0.11962988	0.04663636	0.007568876	0.000535092
108	130	4.867534	0.07559051	0.00832754	-0.01888545	0.019924593	0.10607302	-0.20506403	-0.26777327	0.086181668	0.129545445	0.005713926
109	394	5.976351	0.83698296	0.02721259	-0.39681663	-0.00679876	1.199788237	0.304713295	-0.56962229	-0.086059128	0.239393521	0.700540473

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110	251	5.525453	-0.3791244	0.30131387	-0.15115735	-0.14285399	-0.67213494	0.101190172	0.846425818	-0.312153836	-0.239053134	0.143735344
111	245	5.501258	-0.4427019	-0.1364848	0.816642192	-0.05441665	-1.17727593	0.10852905	0.281083812	0.137627174	-0.86709399	0.195984961
112	276	5.620401	-0.5728424	-0.15937268	-0.29054881	0.293991189	0.171070266	0.008825912	0.301469583	-0.081416233	0.382297705	3.28E-01
113	395	5.978886	-0.1686516	-0.20622327	0.360867792	-0.10459757	-0.4278937	-0.11846144	0.024516421	0.058759637	-0.226156203	0.028443363
114	790	6.672033	0.05941026	-0.06071458	-0.13256973	0.129912405	0.38260697	-0.10221546	-0.32905955	0.007458328	0.163221214	0.003529579
115	1060	6.966024	0.35003441	0.02138769	0.091443069	-0.0477251	0.189478543	-0.00505575	-0.28393184	0.110115126	0.020717577	1.23E-01
116	650	6.476972	0.17215808	0.12601239	-0.19456843	0.032919505	0.273633633	-0.00151947	-0.01404375	0.044766002	0.305875349	0.029638405
117	355	5.872118	0.19269455	0.06197691	-0.14009758	-0.07004464	0.200770591	0.054703979	-0.00422075	-0.017495861	0.124350005	0.037131191
118	183	5.209486	0.00312179	0.06937004	-0.00727773	-0.05043513	-0.10940565	0.045816036	0.151955497	-0.045333427	-0.048599614	9.75E-06
119	127	4.844187	-0.087355	0.00112384	0.021975455	-0.00261998	-0.11307431	0.038646673	0.127266767	-0.101471975	-0.125926187	0.0076309
120	125	4.828314	-0.0469347	-0.03144781	0.071810989	0.007911164	-0.07938676	0.093974843	0.107351869	-0.215856869	-0.281866598	0.00220287
121	117	4.762174	-0.4225709	-0.01689651	0.795133811	0.025851956	-1.17495626	0.006438221	0.261041232	0.320750836	-0.599602414	0.178566176
122	132	4.882802	-0.227016	-0.15212553	-0.36016822	0.286248172	0.571525958	-0.19504867	0.017883946	0.106515971	0.890974546	0.051536248
123	285	5.652489	0.42125001	-0.08172575	-0.42056679	-0.12966056	0.793881986	0.070443533	-0.54180186	0.114241105	0.295877697	0.177451568
124	322	5.774552	-0.2382265	0.15165	-0.54420029	-0.15140405	0.00291971	-0.10944978	0.19567648	0.009290433	0.317336404	0.05675188
125	724	6.584791	0.40168648	-0.08576155	-0.16021902	-0.1959121	0.451754948	-0.00277523	-0.30402717	-0.124696249	0.025806759	0.161352027
126	1220	7.106606	0.08739329	0.14460713	0.056439749	-0.05767885	-0.17133244	0.059741845	-0.00770897	-0.107595225	-0.34637847	0.007637588
127	1090	6.993933	-0.0629884	0.03146159	0.332532687	0.02031831	-0.4066644	0.052838945	0.165949568	-0.005321844	-0.298875625	0.003967544
128	535	6.282267	-0.2014518	-0.02267584	0.163550178	0.119711767	-0.2226144	-0.0626561	0.146774848	-0.001599441	-0.014782899	0.040582841
129	324	5.780744	0.15499044	-0.07252266	0.183059825	0.058878064	0.103331342	-0.00868735	-0.17404471	0.057583136	-0.004442891	0.024022038
130	192	5.257495	0.13224422	0.05579656	0.002965702	0.065901537	0.139383493	0.00352623	-0.02413152	0.048227406	0.159953154	0.017488533
131	142	4.955827	0.02718375	0.04760792	-0.08298727	0.001067653	0.063630752	-0.01985847	0.009795083	0.040680708	0.133965018	7.39E-04
132	131	4.875197	-0.0696828	0.00978615	-0.044588	-0.02987542	-0.06475639	-0.13399989	-0.05516243	0.098920888	0.113001967	0.004855695
133	301	5.70711	0.48757624	-0.02508582	-0.40144237	-0.01605168	0.898052744	0.257827645	-0.37222193	0.006777074	0.274780244	0.237730592
134	166	5.111988	-0.6113689	0.17552745	-0.21566517	-0.14451925	-0.71575046	-0.22370216	0.716187904	-0.20531439	0.018825207	0.37377197
135	455	6.120297	0.49635652	-0.22009282	0.400187506	-0.07763946	0.238622373	0.261696329	-0.62139488	0.074151087	-0.570317749	2.46E-01
136	403	5.998937	-0.4351176	0.17868835	-0.2263152	0.144067502	-0.24342322	0.162325488	0.726934247	-0.115210295	0.205975242	0.189327309
137	391	5.968708	-0.5340355	-0.15664233	0.381602154	-0.08147347	-0.84046885	-0.07245741	0.450904132	-0.002921292	-0.320028597	0.285193969
138	730	6.593045	-0.1440837	-0.1922528	0.08302363	0.137376776	0.102522229	-0.02774751	-0.20127059	0.062886152	-0.008114701	0.020760117
139	754	6.625392	0.00342333	-0.05187014	-0.05983902	0.029888507	0.145020996	-0.05111922	-0.07707641	0.055619942	0.174683756	1.17E-05
140	522	6.257668	0.17533665	0.0012324	-0.19137924	-0.02154205	0.343941448	-0.01851003	-0.14199785	-0.065953786	0.15449984	0.030742942
141	288	5.66296	0.18607477	0.0631212	0.147240921	-0.06889653	-0.09318388	0.029459773	-0.05141674	-0.009144574	-0.183204962	0.034623819

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142	155	5.043425	0.04332497	0.06698692	0.125632007	0.053006732	-0.09628722	0.014658899	0.081832702	0.003711821	-0.025401595	0.001877053
143	114	4.736198	-0.0093643	0.01559699	0.025824558	0.045227522	-0.00555835	0.003946539	0.040719164	-0.020903658	0.010310613	8.77E-05
144	110	4.70048	-0.033955	-0.00337116	-0.06619868	0.009296841	0.044911652	-0.02711254	0.01096261	-0.141052521	-0.058065716	0.001152944
145	134	4.89784	-0.1597484	-0.01222381	0.463197431	-0.02383152	-0.63455351	-0.04665605	-0.07531262	0.271397521	-0.391812557	0.025519539
146	215	5.370638	0.26285974	-0.05750941	-0.58080048	0.166751075	1.067920705	-0.05103739	-0.12960013	-0.235475955	0.753882004	0.069095241
147	232	5.446737	-0.1569539	0.0946295	0.471538697	-0.20908817	-0.93221029	-0.14441111	-0.14177052	0.27546982	-0.654099874	0.02463453
148	533	6.278521	0.31352587	-0.05650341	-0.4133617	0.169753931	0.95314491	-0.04232208	-0.40114198	0.170868934	0.765193944	0.098298471
149	1020	6.927558	0.43361124	0.11286931	-0.50733377	-0.14881021	0.679265484	0.010797265	-0.11756133	-0.07627096	0.474635929	0.188018705
150	1440	7.272398	-0.0776358	0.15610005	-0.13687953	-0.18264016	-0.27949649	-0.06684821	0.029992402	-0.029207902	-0.211863778	0.00602732
151	1770	7.478735	0.1985685	-0.02794889	0.003252167	-0.04927663	0.173988599	0.015622475	-0.18568947	-0.05380971	-0.08113306	0.039429451
152	1040	6.946976	0.07284965	0.07148466	0.166569822	0.00117078	-0.16403405	0.009348892	0.043395764	-0.019484238	-0.149471418	0.005307071
153	551	6.311735	0.10249769	0.02622587	0.176771028	0.059965136	-0.04053408	0.070568238	0.025969144	0.031010287	-0.054122882	0.010505777
154	296	5.690359	0.01258033	0.03689917	0.041158723	0.06363757	-0.00183999	0.123473626	0.196022884	0.01543042	0.086139687	0.000158265
155	155	5.043425	-0.358892	0.00452892	-0.00889611	0.01481714	-0.33970767	-0.0354334	0.342982294	0.004154252	0.042862278	0.12880347
156	202	5.308268	0.14230487	-0.12920112	-0.03225728	-0.0032026	0.300560663	0.162055439	-0.09842612	-0.028539519	0.011539589	0.020250675
157	161	5.081404	-0.5131413	0.05122975	-0.15176094	-0.01161262	-0.42422277	0.056096043	0.450153998	-0.04911163	-0.079276442	0.263314034
158	155	5.043425	-0.3911577	-0.18473088	0.249716749	-0.05463394	-0.51077748	-0.27225751	0.155822342	-0.053723565	-0.136421193	0.153004323
159	411	6.018593	0.51924775	-0.14081676	-0.14910621	0.08989803	0.899068754	0.140018332	-0.75627085	-0.152011697	-0.149232126	0.269618224
160	472	6.156979	-0.1549413	0.18692919	0.297849576	-0.05367824	-0.69339828	0.073246688	0.388939811	-0.044549557	-0.422254715	0.0240068
161	776	6.654153	0.09706302	-0.05577886	0.411930675	0.107225847	-0.15186295	0.186714386	0.203463023	0.011365542	-0.123748769	0.00942123
162	790	6.672033	-0.5140664	0.03494269	-0.07375402	0.148295043	-0.32696006	0.089753526	0.518651073	-0.070366537	0.031570949	0.264264304
163	620	6.429719	-0.4185223	-0.18506392	0.188640078	-0.02655145	-0.4486499	0.012572764	0.24931535	0.016444711	-0.195462604	1.75E-01
164	355	5.872118	-0.1752141	-0.15066803	0.069207167	0.067910428	-0.02584286	-0.02675732	0.034924345	0.009840939	0.045679752	0.030699995
165	184	5.214936	-0.0125597	-0.06307709	0.097372807	0.02491458	-0.02194085	-0.04932033	-0.0743259	0.074282356	0.027335941	1.58E-04
166	117	4.762174	0.14098914	-0.0045215	0.011951314	0.03505421	0.168613532	-0.04475503	-0.13700092	0.129972238	0.206339878	0.019877937
167	96	4.564348	0.15461481	0.05075609	-0.3409474	0.004302473	0.449108594	-0.07354324	-0.12431952	-0.037298317	0.361033993	0.023905739
168	104	4.644391	0.12879215	0.05566133	0.135189624	-0.12274106	-0.18479987	-0.11489553	-0.20428677	0.170584673	-0.103606437	1.66E-02
169	205	5.32301	0.41569505	0.04636517	-0.48748427	0.048668265	0.905482412	0.17153031	-0.31915425	0.059048466	0.473846314	0.172802373
170	205	5.32301	-0.008476	0.14965022	-0.37159979	-0.17549434	0.037979248	0.063841965	0.476473084	-0.286586849	0.164023518	7.18E-05
171	180	5.192957	-0.4812113	-3.05E-03	0.493285361	-0.13377592	-1.10522123	0.015579864	0.177338793	0.147387718	-0.796074579	0.231564311
172	264	5.575949	-0.2534065	-0.17323607	-0.14719421	0.17758273	0.244606481	-0.04442467	0.043277399	0.077101777	0.409410328	6.42E-02
173	415	6.028279	0.00912932	-9.12E-02	0.092209869	-0.05298992	-0.04484412	-0.18587612	-0.12340186	0.196541459	0.214171604	8.33E-05

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174	1010	6.917706	0.35327455	0.00328655	-0.48836312	0.033195553	0.871546664	-0.09624701	-0.51632257	0.094477396	0.545948498	0.124802906
175	1300	7.17012	0.40012078	0.12717884	-0.39759618	-0.17581072	0.494727401	-0.02182811	-0.26735279	0.013234489	0.26243721	1.60E-01
176	911	6.814543	0.32274971	0.14404348	-0.16645343	-0.14313462	0.202025042	0.076463324	-0.06063365	-0.028165603	0.036762469	0.104167378
177	401	5.993961	0.00078197	0.1161899	-0.01193173	-0.05992324	-0.16339944	0.075320333	0.212398123	-0.051916138	-0.078237786	6.11E-07
178	194	5.267858	-0.1348248	0.00028151	0.133939682	-0.00429542	-0.27334145	0.032982641	0.209223148	-0.047110555	-0.144211493	0.018177736
179	136	4.912655	-0.1072487	-0.04853694	0.146884068	0.048218285	-0.15737753	-0.01231036	0.091618447	-0.077413934	-0.130862653	0.011502281
180	144	4.969813	0.00798045	-0.03860953	0.12235254	0.052878265	-0.02288429	0.03701629	-0.03419546	-0.120942665	-0.215038704	6.37E-05
181	161	5.081404	-0.2132917	0.00287296	0.394910296	4.40E-02	-0.56702802	0.052305081	0.102823028	0.180558221	-0.335951847	0.045493337
182	224	5.411646	0.1032368	-0.076785	-0.00805218	0.142167706	0.330241687	0.041185033	0.145291892	0.067202069	0.501550614	0.010657836
183	201	5.303305	-0.3953747	0.03716525	-0.45715073	-0.00289879	0.021711984	-0.0341577	0.11440287	0.016399856	0.186672413	0.156321165
184	308	5.7301	-0.1746942	-0.1423349	-0.2407362	-1.65E-01	0.043802623	-0.14339785	-0.09488251	-0.046762811	0.045555157	0.030518068
185	733	6.597146	0.44716447	-0.06288992	0.008672851	-0.08666503	0.414716502	-0.04937325	-0.39832737	-0.195659078	-0.129896697	0.199956063
186	1220	7.106606	0.11350115	0.16097921	0.33561082	0.003122227	-0.37996665	-0.07492977	-0.13714792	-0.101312637	-0.543497438	1.29E-02
187	1550	7.34601	0.2871454	0.04086041	0.380114744	0.120819895	-0.01300986	0.03729892	-0.20813825	-0.022976961	-0.281423992	0.082452481
188	936	6.841615	0.12432518	0.10337234	0.306612228	0.136841308	-0.14881809	0.099102623	0.10360811	0.08048771	-0.063824891	0.01545675
189	385	5.953243	-0.1326711	0.04475706	0.000742869	0.110380402	-0.06779067	0.063201983	0.275285065	0.079284561	0.223576971	0.017601632
190	194	5.267858	-0.1353945	-0.04776161	-0.12808359	0.000267433	0.040718093	0.030762835	0.175561065	0.034718569	0.220234892	0.018331682
191	140	4.941642	-0.0755307	-0.04874204	-0.10188625	-0.04611009	0.028987537	0.005041108	0.085452319	-0.012958278	0.09644047	0.00570488
192	144	4.969813	-0.0119181	-0.02719104	0.007581431	-0.03667905	-0.02898754	0.059975273	0.014003078	0.038964516	-0.035995216	0.000142041
193	153	5.030438	-0.2606134	-0.00429051	-0.20262709	0.002729315	-0.05096644	0.062454749	0.166597979	0.05505798	0.108234766	0.067919323
194	168	5.123964	-0.1595157	-0.09382081	0.098074956	-0.07294575	-0.23671563	-0.17281638	0.173485415	0.043352666	0.152938833	0.025445269
195	322	5.774552	0.29059008	-0.05742566	-0.37560598	0.035306984	0.75892871	0.122503656	-0.4800455	-0.035955477	0.120424073	0.084442597
196	307	5.726848	-0.4006276	0.10461243	-0.1659595	-0.13521815	-0.47449867	-0.18527952	0.340287934	-0.150945109	-0.099876325	0.160502469
197	910	6.813445	0.55987667	-0.14422593	0.424806246	-0.05974542	0.219550933	0.072205719	-0.51466534	-0.051971842	-0.41929197	0.313461882
198	1060	6.966024	-0.2004294	0.2015556	0.107826091	0.152930249	-0.35688085	-0.09081662	0.200571441	-0.078873442	-0.144366229	0.040171947
199	1440	7.272398	0.22878629	-0.07215459	0.272788131	0.038817393	0.066970133	0.073056659	-0.25226839	0.039262021	-0.219092895	0.052343164
200	730	6.593045	-0.0726909	0.08236306	0.118108919	0.098203727	-0.17495913	0.023233422	0.202935165	0.104318551	0.109061169	0.005283963
201	370	5.913503	0.01410511	-0.02616871	-0.12603758	0.042519211	0.208830614	0.050122548	0.064537284	0.066528404	0.289773753	0.000198954
202	195	5.273	-0.0332917	0.00507784	-0.12862482	-0.04537353	0.044881728	0.031691839	0.139229301	0.032381932	0.184801121	0.001108339
203	142	4.955827	-0.028391	-0.01198502	-0.07175413	-0.04630493	0.009043235	0.012432742	0.088032887	0.005306429	0.08994981	0.000806047
204	150	5.010635	0.03092591	-0.01022075	-0.01132219	-0.02583149	0.02663736	0.109564538	0.034535393	0.063131866	0.014740082	0.000956412
205	147	4.990433	-0.3132007	0.01113333	-0.24758269	-0.00407599	-0.08082733	0.113894156	0.304345938	0.065741841	0.175366294	0.098094682

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206	151	5.01728	-0.2418412	-0.11275225	-0.15153994	-0.08912977	-0.06667881	-0.11483436	0.316372655	-0.18191198	0.182616226	0.058487184
207	241	5.484797	0.06048165	-0.08706285	0.27606058	-0.05455438	-0.18307047	0.132207474	-0.31898433	0.128951217	-0.505311056	0.003658029
208	297	5.693732	-0.2015656	0.02177339	-0.38059621	0.099381809	0.256639003	0.070653086	0.367242985	-0.195031077	0.358197825	0.040628702
209	405	6.003887	-0.1801081	-0.07256363	0.531882833	-0.13701464	-0.77644192	0.037575658	0.196258571	0.07600602	-0.541752991	0.03243892
210	556	6.320768	-0.282423	-0.06483891	-0.19040794	0.19147782	0.16430164	-0.03804581	0.104376827	-0.095596442	0.211127833	0.079762764
211	564	6.335054	-0.1078667	-0.10167229	0.217346971	-0.06854686	-0.29208825	-0.05532363	-0.1056828	0.076901747	-0.265545673	0.011635227
212	382	5.945421	0.10358696	-0.03883202	-0.06905633	0.07824491	0.289720216	-0.05311626	-0.15367674	0.024456234	0.213615963	0.010730259
213	216	5.375278	0.18495076	0.03729131	0.013399851	-0.02486028	0.109399328	-0.05331924	-0.14754516	0.052760577	0.067933983	0.034206785
214	135	4.905275	0.20063101	0.06658227	-0.03162713	0.004823946	0.170499818	-0.0908065	-0.14810899	0.033359831	0.146557159	0.040252804
215	117	4.762174	0.23071316	0.07222716	-0.02697143	-0.01138577	0.174071657	-0.15774771	-0.25224027	0.013087096	0.092666197	0.053228564
216	195	5.273	0.57816345	0.08305674	0.029379611	-0.00970971	0.456017387	0.09680735	-0.43818808	0.115331092	0.036353046	0.334272976
217	195	5.273	-0.0797758	0.20813884	-0.29754067	0.01057666	0.020202707	0.088636452	0.268909305	0.119888585	0.320364145	0.006364175
218	237	5.46806	0.01685952	-0.02871928	-0.22974918	-0.10711464	0.168213333	-0.03947642	0.246212367	-0.120878272	0.333023848	2.84E-04
219	217	5.379897	-0.4094432	0.00606943	0.057457563	-0.0827097	-0.55567988	-0.19039787	-0.10965672	0.139165763	-0.335772979	0.167643727
220	707	6.561031	0.61262649	-0.14739955	-0.19148735	0.020684723	0.972198107	0.131115252	-0.52888296	0.074371669	0.386571563	0.375311215
221	813	6.700731	-0.0520762	0.22054554	-0.17110268	-0.06893544	-0.17045449	0.026719902	0.364209032	0.039553324	0.20658797	0.002711929
222	1200	7.090077	-0.1529878	-0.01874742	-0.26830187	-0.06159696	0.072464499	-0.00323211	0.07422195	-0.040048219	0.109870344	0.023405278
223	1250	7.130899	-0.0344243	-0.05507562	-0.10247337	-0.09658867	0.026536037	0.070567596	-0.0089781	-0.058235398	-0.111245052	0.001185031
224	635	6.453625	-0.1647349	-0.01239274	0.098407616	-0.03689041	-0.28764019	0.014234055	0.1960211	-0.055911849	-0.161764993	0.027137587
225	330	5.799093	-0.0034182	-0.05930456	0.175703225	0.035426742	-0.08439014	0.054334078	0.03953904	-0.056125511	-0.155310692	1.17E-05
226	171	5.141664	-0.0613097	-0.00123056	0.190599463	0.063253161	-0.18742547	0.023820936	0.150927994	-0.095585785	-0.155904196	0.003758883
227	127	4.844187	-0.0258854	-0.0220715	0.219177505	0.068615807	-0.15437563	0.01125949	0.066169266	-0.166050221	-0.26551607	0.000670055
228	128	4.85203	-0.0419498	-0.00931875	0.549255278	0.078903902	-0.50298245	0.091447002	0.03127636	0.101902473	-0.461250614	0.001759788
229	127	4.844187	-0.296464	-0.01510194	-0.07578699	0.1977319	-0.00784318	0.056415374	0.254019449	0.093301528	0.283062426	0.087890907
230	145	4.976734	-0.1259411	-0.10672704	0.016016541	-0.02728332	-0.06251393	-0.20652959	0.156709373	-0.041554127	0.259170912	0.015861163
231	246	5.505332	0.17668479	-0.0453388	-0.38897103	0.005765955	0.616760581	-0.04192341	-0.57369331	-0.200418807	-0.11542813	0.031217516
232	443	6.09357	0.19273618	0.06360653	0.581995165	-0.14002957	-0.59289508	-0.01461403	-0.11645391	0.138016054	-0.556718907	0.037147237
233	755	6.626718	0.20384193	0.06938503	-0.04947237	0.209518259	0.393447536	-0.00239871	-0.04059453	0.028126213	0.383377929	0.041551533
234	1240	7.122867	0.05265789	0.0733831	-0.14533844	-0.01781005	0.106803183	0.018609504	-0.00666309	-0.003402226	0.078128368	0.002772853
235	1140	7.038784	-0.0863295	0.01895684	-0.03270307	-0.05232184	-0.12490511	0.010520262	0.051693067	0.07428168	-0.009450627	0.007452783
236	675	6.514713	-0.0226007	-0.03107862	-0.15649816	-0.0117731	0.153202981	-0.00892885	0.02922295	0.014983215	0.206338	0.000510791
237	361	5.888878	0.07365339	-0.00813625	-0.00324731	-0.05633934	0.028697612	0.019468966	-0.02480237	0.057193766	0.041620043	0.005424821

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238	207	5.332719	0.07070994	0.02651522	-0.05824424	-0.00116903	0.101269933	0.021553491	0.054080462	0.025074669	0.158871573	0.004999896
239	155	5.043425	0.03001514	0.02545558	-0.02459116	-0.02096793	0.008182794	0.010253838	0.059870809	0.011852094	0.069651859	0.000900909
240	141	4.94876	-0.1227025	0.01080545	-0.03985233	-0.00885282	-0.1025084	-0.010688	0.028482884	0.096260002	0.032922484	0.015055896
241	212	5.356586	0.10420271	-0.04417289	-0.28164081	-0.01434684	0.415669562	0.177976378	-0.0296889	0.059384605	0.267388893	0.010858204
242	167	5.117994	-0.3518795	0.03751297	-0.11964406	-0.10139069	-0.37113912	-0.2591171	0.494378828	-0.217399572	0.164957235	0.123819189
243	315	5.752573	0.19022682	-0.12667662	0.167850554	-0.04307186	0.105981033	-0.05403089	-0.71976971	-0.044129904	-0.603887699	0.036186245
244	538	6.287859	0.13820252	0.06848166	0.183099375	0.0604262	-0.05295231	-0.09583823	-0.15008579	-0.01538319	-0.122583068	0.019099936
245	1240	7.122867	0.47934709	0.04975291	0.193649835	0.065915775	0.301860119	0.07584894	-0.26621731	-0.002524959	-0.042731084	0.229773629
246	1670	7.420579	-0.0455607	0.17256495	0.050024994	0.069713941	-0.19843666	0.038857562	0.210691499	0.019588952	-0.007013774	0.002075774
247	1420	7.258412	-0.1945075	-0.01640184	-0.08201303	0.018008998	-0.07808364	-0.01348576	0.107937671	0.01107396	0.054413755	0.037833167
248	908	6.811244	0.01493441	-0.0700227	-0.02147066	-0.02952469	0.076903079	-0.00071716	-0.03746045	-0.009398793	0.030761	2.23E-04
249	480	6.173786	0.071453	0.00537639	0.069970717	-0.00772944	-0.01162354	0.032985746	-0.00199212	0.020493649	-0.026107757	0.005105531
250	267	5.587249	0.03732979	0.02572308	0.067174446	0.025189458	-0.03037828	0.027009876	0.091627073	0.022687886	0.056926802	0.001393513
251	210	5.347108	0.06692286	0.01343872	0.028514385	0.024182801	0.049152549	0.071951593	0.075027434	0.010793514	0.063021905	0.004478669
252	187	5.231109	-0.124074	0.02409223	-0.11656735	0.010265179	-0.02133369	0.137299337	0.199865536	-0.011250529	0.029981983	0.015394353
253	188	5.236442	-0.3062029	-0.04466663	0.098992572	-0.04196424	-0.40249304	0.197489033	0.381387046	0.187343556	-0.031251469	0.093760189
254	196	5.278115	-0.1998907	-0.11023303	-0.33428553	0.035637326	0.280265159	0.035692201	0.548580646	-0.272754839	0.520398766	4.00E-02
255	187	5.231109	-0.4524873	-0.07196066	0.180715483	-0.12034279	-0.68158487	0.118337846	0.099145002	-0.056874617	-0.75765233	0.204744717
256	225	5.4161	-0.4469547	-0.16289541	0.131292393	0.065057574	-0.35029414	0.035524801	0.328716238	-0.100882347	-0.157985046	0.19976853
257	303	5.713733	-0.2901649	-0.1609037	0.455379732	0.047265262	-0.5373757	-0.07862596	0.098680003	0.079840989	-0.280228742	0.084195685
258	592	6.383507	0.06038288	-0.10445937	-0.04328263	0.163936704	0.372061583	-0.02722169	-0.21840545	0.040902696	0.221780526	0.003646092
259	621	6.431331	0.06252866	0.02173784	-0.18478212	-0.01558175	0.209991202	0.006561251	-0.07561581	-0.014195538	0.113618601	0.003909833
260	362	5.891644	0.01070048	0.02251032	0.014187692	-0.06652156	-0.0925191	-0.03561626	0.018225698	-0.000754908	-0.039432051	0.0001145
261	193	5.26269	0.0751292	0.00385217	0.067880349	0.005107569	0.008504252	-0.05361099	-0.09893405	0.034721838	-0.002096966	0.005644397
262	130	4.867534	0.22945459	0.02704651	0.035463299	0.024436926	0.191381707	-0.02555581	-0.14891942	0.028431449	0.09644955	0.05264941
263	107	4.672829	0.17884909	0.08260365	0.063576714	0.012766787	0.045435512	-0.02879058	-0.07098837	0.075738519	0.078976247	0.031986998
264	102	4.624973	-0.0082293	0.06438567	-0.11787028	0.022887617	0.068142893	-0.0776901	-0.07997384	0.144525618	0.210384774	6.77E-05
265	145	4.976734	0.09500561	-0.00296256	-0.29089271	-0.0424333	0.346427583	-0.06295511	-0.21580584	0.207883192	0.401460049	0.009026066
266	325	5.783825	0.71444595	0.03420202	-0.18989619	-0.10472138	0.765418744	0.050660861	-0.17487531	0.037570737	0.577453312	0.510433014
267	251	5.525453	-0.3156659	0.25720054	-0.42986289	-0.06836263	-0.2113662	-0.05043859	0.140724615	0.124566153	0.10436316	0.099644975
268	503	6.22059	0.12664936	-0.11363973	-0.42460699	-0.15475064	0.510145446	0.061415681	-0.1401072	0.037394527	0.346017092	0.016040061
269	681	6.523562	-0.0718647	0.04559377	-0.27565668	-0.15285852	0.005339733	-0.01069901	0.170599113	-0.082764169	0.103873687	0.005164529

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270	1180	7.07327	0.01066245	-0.02587128	0.057363736	-0.09923641	-0.12006642	0.051460165	-0.02971947	-0.028654413	-0.229900469	0.000113688
271	894	6.795706	-0.2827986	0.00383848	0.059402227	0.020650945	-0.32538839	-0.09594132	0.142944903	0.00690658	-0.07959559	0.079975063
272	726	6.58755	0.21850426	-0.10180751	0.010165453	0.021384802	0.33153111	0.008351715	-0.26650365	-0.037490796	0.019184945	0.04774411
273	390	5.966147	0.15392546	0.07866153	0.071372744	0.003659563	0.007550747	0.078458435	0.023199208	-0.056432621	-0.104141101	0.023693047
274	198	5.288267	-0.0350231	0.05541317	0.217981863	0.025694188	-0.28272397	0.065072555	0.217940098	-0.026900854	-0.156757281	0.00122662
275	144	4.969813	-0.0449233	-0.01260833	0.169906638	0.078473471	-0.12374812	0.101427702	0.180757097	-0.030305875	-0.074724595	0.002018101
276	110	4.70048	-0.3066335	-0.01617238	-0.00781787	0.06116639	-0.22147691	0.062670636	0.281743616	-0.081779054	-0.084182987	0.094024133
277	117	4.762174	-0.3073857	-0.11038808	0.090255331	-0.00281443	-0.29006736	0.044913242	0.1740851	-0.066268538	-0.227164039	0.094485953
278	171	5.141664	0.10797107	-0.11065884	0.678723652	0.032491919	-0.42760182	-0.06543632	0.124759005	0.053327223	-0.184079272	0.011657752
279	177	5.17615	-0.2124951	0.03886959	-0.29988263	0.244340515	0.292858419	-0.09013356	-0.18176755	-0.053093255	0.148131174	0.045154183
280	335	5.814131	0.09461996	-0.07649825	0.120316895	-0.10795775	-0.05715643	-0.09539809	-0.250371	0.064648085	-0.147481264	0.008952937
281	818	6.706862	0.51223735	0.03406319	-0.06827143	0.043314082	0.589759669	0.133924854	-0.26499469	-0.011262116	0.179578014	0.262387098
282	776	6.654153	-0.3833047	0.18440544	0.010129324	-0.02457771	-0.60241723	-0.14495149	0.372013483	0.054168595	-0.031283657	0.146922529
283	1110	7.012115	0.22523176	-0.13798971	-0.2686587	0.003646556	0.635526716	-0.0185755	-0.40264304	-0.100990858	0.150468319	0.050729344
284	720	6.579251	0.16067128	0.08108343	0.207579043	-0.09671713	-0.22470832	0.013014507	-0.05159861	0.008791279	-0.280530161	0.025815261
285	366	5.902633	0.07412779	0.05784166	0.146229187	0.074728455	-0.0552146	0.039104412	0.036151408	0.082587827	0.024420219	0.005494929
286	203	5.313206	0.02922388	0.026686	-0.03327197	0.052642507	0.088452354	0.036162518	0.108623367	0.068497426	0.229410629	0.000854035
287	148	4.997212	-0.0177186	0.0105206	-0.04267711	-0.01197791	0.002460026	0.019406839	0.100451439	0.106766002	0.190270628	0.000313948
288	142	4.955827	-0.0543691	-0.00637869	-0.29130187	-0.01536376	0.227947718	0.051252466	0.053907885	0.065969091	0.296572228	0.002955997
289	175	5.164786	-0.0594552	-0.01957287	-0.29201639	-0.10486867	0.147265347	0.15366293	0.14236796	0.047277097	0.183247474	0.003534925
290	192	5.257495	-0.1004857	-0.02140389	0.102572518	-0.1051259	-0.28678022	-0.06014436	0.426841472	-0.068880335	0.131325269	1.01E-02
291	237	5.46806	-0.0988927	-0.03617485	-0.20187038	0.036926107	0.176078593	0.10546777	-0.16706765	-0.094877433	-0.191334265	0.009779775
292	294	5.68358	-0.2955003	-0.03560139	0.089888961	-0.07267334	-0.42246117	0.033634241	0.292966029	-0.100419039	-0.263548424	0.087320405
293	453	6.115892	-0.1125341	-0.10638009	0.486625478	0.032360026	-0.46041945	0.052924305	0.093428448	0.14097353	-0.278941774	0.012663921
294	646	6.4708	-0.1722198	-0.04051227	-0.36413951	0.175185172	0.407617195	0.010455495	0.147011959	-0.15258052	0.39159314	2.97E-02
295	596	6.390241	-0.1554603	-0.06199911	0.213970168	-0.13109022	-0.43852161	-0.00519695	0.029043041	-0.019553158	-0.423834778	0.024167915
296	355	5.872118	-0.0656161	-0.05596572	0.152637719	0.07702926	-0.0852588	-0.03168096	-0.01443597	0.013699481	-0.054314328	0.004305467
297	190	5.247024	0.0433742	-0.02362178	0.070421401	0.054949579	0.051524161	-0.03337008	-0.08800267	0.041162539	0.038054113	0.001881321
298	132	4.882802	0.2432309	0.01561471	0.027762685	0.025351704	0.225205205	0.056235961	-0.09269467	0.038065808	0.114340386	0.05916127
299	105	4.65396	0.14788804	0.08756312	-0.01683265	0.009994567	0.087152133	0.15805303	0.156211003	0.020428251	0.105738357	0.021870873
300	71	4.26268	-0.3422464	0.05323969	-0.05165063	-0.00605975	-0.34989526	0.086345761	0.439036196	0.053949964	0.056745142	0.117132623
301	66	4.189655	-0.443081	-0.12320872	-0.05648248	-0.01859423	-0.28198405	-0.03024527	0.239849336	0.161750453	0.149861011	0.19632079

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302	153	5.030438	0.5134369	-0.15950917	-0.09546141	-0.02033369	0.748073781	0.151442472	-0.08401465	-0.063309848	0.449306813	0.263617449
303	100	4.60517	-0.5105772	0.18483728	-0.09394811	-0.03436611	-0.63583251	0.071720422	0.420673533	0.111018706	-0.175860689	2.61E-01
304	98	4.584967	-0.6664341	-0.1838078	-0.28072525	-0.03382132	-0.23572233	-0.30947977	0.199223396	0.035404464	0.308385293	0.444134363
305	293	5.680173	0.41713021	-0.23991626	-0.10690738	-0.10106109	0.662892772	-0.23940919	-0.85966602	0.055709795	0.098345735	0.173997615
306	1010	6.917706	0.90767039	0.15016688	-0.16360877	-0.03848666	0.882625623	0.073856456	-0.66502552	0.011005784	0.154749431	0.823865533
307	806	6.692084	0.09291015	0.32676134	-0.14768732	-0.05889916	-0.14506303	0.024051694	0.205156821	-0.005470474	0.030571622	0.008632296
308	462	6.135565	-0.0141161	0.03344765	-0.06233525	-0.05316743	-0.03839597	0.01026167	0.066810261	-0.033348379	-0.015195762	0.000199265
309	226	5.420535	-0.0313718	-0.00508181	0.041205492	-0.02244069	-0.08993617	-0.00392355	0.028504639	-0.0351264	-0.092634386	0.00098419
310	136	4.912655	0.06128356	-0.01129385	0.231069354	0.014833977	-0.14365796	0.00221237	-0.01089875	0.059195749	-0.097573333	0.003755675
311	113	4.727388	0.12294526	0.02206208	0.140493638	0.083184967	0.043574505	0.051658953	0.006145472	0.166371611	0.164432635	0.015115537
312	106	4.663439	-0.0041198	0.04426029	-0.32513411	0.05057771	0.327331749	0.09957575	0.143497091	0.090890275	0.462143364	1.70E-05
313	112	4.718499	-0.1772769	-0.00148312	-0.42092697	-0.11704828	0.128084912	0.120374104	0.276599307	-0.03183713	0.252472985	0.031427098
314	115	4.744932	-0.2388708	-0.06381968	0.487765054	-0.15153371	-0.81434992	-0.23212781	0.33437251	0.159413128	-0.088436472	0.057059279
315	214	5.365976	0.29967434	-0.0859935	-0.48504836	0.175595419	1.046311622	0.034193081	-0.64479948	0.075495181	0.442814245	0.08980471
316	343	5.83773	0.14134495	0.10788276	-0.63311236	-0.17461741	0.491957139	0.051460906	0.094980781	-0.325768176	0.209708837	0.019978395
317	451	6.111467	-0.1463899	0.05088418	0.396273703	-0.22792045	-0.82146824	-0.02561935	0.142946962	-0.252009671	-0.9049116	0.021430004
318	760	6.633318	-0.0487539	-0.05270037	0.862286869	0.142658533	-0.71568191	-0.00907626	-0.07116485	0.077743637	-0.700026864	0.002376946
319	847	6.741701	0.09429408	-0.01755142	0.088264642	0.310423273	0.334004129	0.118155325	-0.02521183	0.025317573	0.215954548	0.008891374
320	386	5.955837	-0.2405842	0.03394587	-0.01341033	0.031775271	-0.22934447	0.03933993	0.328209236	0.010801758	0.070326591	0.057880761
321	164	5.099866	-0.2525269	-0.08661032	-0.02980321	-0.00482772	-0.14094105	-0.0657984	0.109277582	-0.004130052	0.030004883	0.063769813
322	115	4.744932	0.13098469	-0.09090967	0.058219386	-0.01072916	0.152945814	-0.01602635	-0.18277334	0.00232881	-0.011472366	0.017156988
323	95	4.553877	0.13720533	0.04715449	0.116797996	0.020958979	-0.00578817	-0.00239688	-0.04451764	0.054377845	0.006468917	0.018825304
324	84	4.430817	-0.0556785	0.04939392	-0.00391379	0.042047279	-0.05911137	-0.11200237	-0.00665801	0.104816579	0.151049569	0.003100098
325	191	5.252273	0.5793485	-0.02004427	-0.16841305	-0.00140897	0.766396852	0.290831578	-0.31111769	0.126709583	0.291157165	0.335644683
326	145	4.976734	-0.2597061	0.20856546	-0.2269273	-0.0606287	-0.30197294	-0.09042358	0.807865494	-0.244345065	0.351971063	0.06744725
327	175	5.164786	-0.1601014	-0.09349419	0.284690623	-0.08169383	-0.43299166	0.03056075	-0.2511766	0.035992717	-0.678736292	0.025632457
328	277	5.624018	-0.0383703	-0.0576365	0.134277702	0.102488624	-0.0125229	0.026557679	0.084890973	0.054169375	0.099979769	0.001472282
329	347	5.849325	-0.2496533	-0.01381332	-0.13907041	0.048339973	-0.04842962	-0.15209651	0.073771331	-0.026967734	0.150470487	0.062326778
330	834	6.726233	0.26893144	-0.08987519	-0.04631624	-0.05006535	0.355057529	-0.00207636	-0.4224903	-0.009553956	-0.074910371	7.23E-02
331	876	6.775366	0.14381897	0.09681532	0.089579377	-0.01667385	-0.05924957	0.085895563	-0.00576766	0.124374026	-0.026538767	0.020683896
332	462	6.135565	-0.0629666	0.05177483	-0.228555	0.032248576	0.146062125	0.080587956	0.238598786	0.041410452	0.345483407	0.003964795
333	192	5.257495	-0.2023873	-0.02266798	-0.23990051	-0.0822798	-0.02209858	0.017466347	0.223855434	-0.069261477	0.115029034	0.040960609

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334	102	4.624973	-0.139648	-0.07285942	0.124435453	-0.08636418	-0.27758826	-0.05354748	0.048517629	-0.016869843	-0.19239299	1.95E-02
335	91	4.51086	0.11221694	-0.05027329	0.130345068	0.044796763	0.07694193	-0.02746344	-0.14874301	-0.002523036	-0.046860675	0.012592642
336	76	4.330733	-0.1164868	0.0403981	-0.05289459	0.046924225	-0.05706607	-0.2442422	-0.07628733	-0.117897231	-0.007008433	0.013569173
337	191	5.252273	0.62757134	-0.04193525	0.550381074	-0.01904205	0.100083459	0.055263725	-0.67845054	0.306138503	-0.327492307	0.393845788
338	308	5.7301	0.53443376	0.22592568	-0.24672078	0.198137187	0.753366041	-0.03869105	0.153510348	-0.095182713	0.850384731	0.28561944
339	332	5.805135	0.01610226	0.19239615	-0.15209632	-0.08881948	-0.11301705	0.076073439	-0.10747515	0.032169211	-0.264396425	0.000259283
340	516	6.246107	0.00583995	0.00579681	-0.03645181	-0.05475468	-0.01825974	0.131651905	0.211315108	0.027955452	0.089358919	3.41E-05
341	618	6.426488	-0.2668712	0.00210238	-0.23717065	-0.01312265	-0.04492558	0.083018534	0.365699736	-0.160101588	0.077654033	0.071220238
342	745	6.613384	-0.4452202	-0.09607363	0.25548487	-0.08538143	-0.69001286	-0.01686483	0.230607039	-0.002185638	-0.444726632	0.198221017
343	723	6.583409	-0.1947335	-0.16027927	0.136628021	0.091974553	-0.07910769	-0.02946683	-0.04684675	0.090416382	-0.006071218	0.03792113
344	501	6.216606	0.09388965	-0.07010405	-0.05981829	0.049186088	0.272998079	0.024818581	-0.08185231	0.084829428	0.251156617	8.82E-03
345	255	5.541264	0.06579391	0.03380027	-0.19226791	-0.02153458	0.202726963	0.054415794	0.068940502	0.018385628	0.235637299	0.004328839
346	135	4.905275	-0.0432296	0.02368581	-0.13266564	-0.06921645	-0.00346621	0.040251816	0.151154984	-0.056365771	0.051071189	0.001868797
347	93	4.532599	-0.1197589	-0.01556265	0.106606094	-0.04775963	-0.25856198	-0.01908867	0.1118106	-0.028908881	-0.156571586	0.014342196
348	87	4.465908	-0.0787191	-0.04311321	-0.11066245	0.038378194	0.113434792	-0.1163839	-0.0530241	-0.257097048	-0.080302447	6.20E-03
349	115	4.744932	-0.0348237	-0.02833886	0.596192774	-0.03983848	-0.64251608	-0.19347389	-0.32328862	0.058172343	-0.714158467	0.001212689
350	310	5.736572	0.79435996	-0.01253653	0.507712069	0.214629399	0.513813814	-0.22593093	-0.53742748	-0.040727426	0.16158984	0.631007743
351	628	6.44254	0.74942307	0.28596959	0.015297149	0.182776345	0.630932683	0.196555803	-0.62758592	0.080077304	-0.113131738	0.561634942
352	675	6.514713	-0.098966	0.26979231	0.00554795	0.005506974	-0.36879927	0.093333066	0.545988341	0.138580953	0.222436956	0.009794267
353	721	6.580639	-0.4056079	-0.03562776	-0.25352764	0.001997262	-0.11445525	-0.15275589	0.259258516	0.08738793	0.384947091	0.164517773
354	1720	7.45008	0.2048366	-0.14601885	-0.42295918	-0.09126995	0.682544672	-0.00227395	-0.42432192	-0.017752451	0.242744251	0.041958032
355	1610	7.383989	0.00489455	0.07374118	-0.18499681	-0.1522653	-0.03611512	-0.02413699	-0.00631652	-0.031017717	-0.049312365	2.40E-05
356	1050	6.956545	0.09691516	0.00176204	0.089195165	-0.06659885	-0.06064089	-0.01540294	-0.06704719	0.026124822	-0.086160326	0.009392549
357	607	6.408529	0.19260932	0.03488946	0.062504214	0.03211026	0.127325904	0.069250796	-0.04278594	0.057279783	0.072568949	0.037098349
358	324	5.780744	0.01397322	0.06933935	-0.04106811	0.022501517	0.008203491	0.083826637	0.192363322	0.042370333	0.159110509	0.000195251
359	204	5.31812	-0.1839043	0.00503036	-0.11377096	-0.01478452	-0.08994824	0.005114822	0.232851769	-0.020093342	0.117695368	3.38E-02
360	232	5.446737	0.09527763	-0.06620556	-0.07478311	-0.04095755	0.195308752	0.142822055	0.014207839	-0.122509374	-0.055814838	0.009077828
361	225	5.4161	-0.2815216	0.03429995	-0.0330825	-0.02692192	-0.30966098	0.223714039	0.396727931	-0.203656729	-0.340303816	0.079254417
362	220	5.393628	-0.3489091	-0.10134778	0.75464196	-0.0119097	-1.01411303	-0.06479404	0.621427885	-0.237822034	-0.565713137	0.121737591
363	194	5.267858	-0.5170637	-0.12560729	0.711951919	0.271671106	-0.83173726	-0.14420309	-0.17998344	0.206900845	-0.66061676	0.267354906
364	452	6.113682	0.23718817	-0.18614294	-0.09401769	0.256302691	0.773651496	-0.10339187	-0.40056413	0.098245332	0.57472457	0.056258228
365	1240	7.122867	0.67716463	0.08538774	-0.38532751	-0.03384637	0.943258032	0.222359019	-0.28719964	-0.160795674	0.272903701	0.458551939

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366	1030	6.937314	-0.4779011	0.24377927	0.194594767	-0.1387179	-1.05499301	0.006931952	0.617663942	-0.002393629	-0.446654649	0.228389434
367	946	6.852243	-0.2564301	-0.17204439	0.004649825	0.070054116	-0.0189814	-0.01848436	0.019255423	-0.025407357	-0.006648969	0.065756384
368	663	6.496775	0.07005708	-0.09231483	0.092069404	0.001673937	0.071976436	0.07499335	-0.05134546	-0.01621362	-0.070575992	0.004907994
369	275	5.616771	-0.1569328	0.02522055	0.182978852	0.033144986	-0.33198724	-0.00573897	0.208314861	0.072895575	-0.045037834	0.024627912
370	165	5.105945	0.007866	-0.05649582	0.013274556	0.065872387	0.116959652	-0.01323108	-0.01594159	0.088238565	0.202487708	6.19E-05
371	141	4.94876	0.12878175	0.00283176	-0.17470911	0.00477884	0.305437938	0.028961848	-0.03675299	0.005384023	0.245107125	0.01658474
372	143	4.962845	0.08523782	0.04636143	0.090513753	-0.06289528	-0.11453264	0.101300324	0.080449577	0.150339006	0.01495562	0.007265487
373	152	5.023881	-0.177672	0.03068562	-0.26744553	0.032584951	0.09167286	0.190942763	0.28138979	0.235488462	0.417608349	0.031567341
374	157	5.056246	-0.2443071	-0.06396192	-0.33146369	-0.09628039	0.05483814	-0.13710416	0.530396563	-0.068204249	0.654134616	0.059685948
375	193	5.26269	-0.1276204	-0.08795055	-0.49121055	-0.11932693	0.332213771	-0.0109676	-0.3808449	-0.151792722	-0.189456248	0.016286966
376	341	5.831882	0.07958948	-0.04594334	0.225328762	-0.1768358	-0.27663173	0.005715618	-0.03046555	-0.108833547	-0.421646451	0.006334486
377	544	6.298949	0.04872255	0.02865221	0.643306401	0.081118354	-0.54211771	0.010136541	0.015876716	0.234062125	-0.302315408	0.002373887
378	812	6.6995	-0.0819525	0.01754012	-0.45400602	0.231590304	0.586103671	-0.02861505	0.028157059	0.007296792	0.65017257	6.72E-03
379	855	6.751101	0.02700332	-0.02950291	-0.24360857	-0.16344217	0.136672641	0.017460302	-0.07948625	-0.019457226	0.020268866	0.000729179
380	538	6.287859	0.05619917	0.0097212	0.066554222	-0.08769909	-0.10777533	0.073713727	0.048500838	0.078940368	-0.054047851	0.003158347
381	218	5.384495	-0.1761736	0.0202317	-0.14908619	0.02395952	-0.02335961	-0.04391907	0.204760353	-0.006041022	0.219278801	3.10E-02
382	140	4.941642	0.06569422	-0.0634225	0.007472704	-0.05367103	0.067972984	-0.05117128	-0.12199743	-0.013927448	-0.016780616	0.00431573
383	112	4.718499	0.07734444	0.02364992	0.122342666	0.002690173	-0.06595797	-0.13892689	-0.14214244	0.030486155	-0.038687356	0.005982163
384	207	5.332719	0.66491175	0.027844	0.080975933	0.04404336	0.600135182	0.236175303	-0.38590803	0.10663192	0.084683765	0.442107641
385	153	5.030438	-0.3218883	0.23936823	-0.1687884	0.029151336	-0.36331676	0.19751835	0.656042509	0.200992382	0.296199779	0.103612059
386	155	5.043425	-0.3065858	-0.11587978	-0.23209172	-0.06076383	-0.01937809	-0.17334835	0.548662084	-0.144320171	0.558312171	0.093994831
387	217	5.379897	-0.0180294	-0.11037088	-0.12123938	-0.08355302	0.130027853	0.037849188	-0.48152319	-0.011544841	-0.400889364	0.000325059
388	350	5.857933	0.02160912	-0.00649058	0.07561001	-0.04364618	-0.09115649	0.052065591	0.105136634	0.00601644	-0.032069004	0.000466954
389	527	6.267201	-0.0309533	0.00777928	0.046286424	0.027219604	-0.05779938	0.080784975	0.14462664	0.010670043	0.016712333	0.000958105
390	680	6.522093	-0.25132	-0.01114318	-0.07785491	0.016663113	-0.14565884	0.01898375	0.224402707	-0.030121104	0.029639009	6.32E-02
391	611	6.415097	-0.1953913	-0.09047521	0.025653157	-0.02802777	-0.15859697	-0.00381533	0.052732639	0.018379265	-0.083669733	0.038177744
392	374	5.924256	-0.053785	-0.07034085	0.053389215	0.009235136	-0.02759825	-0.01165651	-0.01059814	0.077593397	0.051053514	2.89E-03
393	185	5.220356	-0.0064841	-0.01936261	-0.16736493	0.019220118	0.199463525	-0.09468349	-0.0323792	-0.046230605	0.215537214	4.20E-05
394	135	4.905275	0.24809819	-0.00233429	0.062409505	-0.06025137	0.127771594	-0.06068427	-0.2630097	-0.053864502	-0.128418346	0.06155271
395	125	4.828314	0.28650766	0.08931535	0.07347722	0.022467422	0.14618251	-0.01900011	-0.16856741	-0.146238834	-0.149623617	0.082086637
396	145	4.976734	0.24255721	0.10314276	0.631666167	0.026451799	-0.46579992	0.136246554	-0.05277809	0.248605582	-0.406218983	0.058833998
397	143	4.962845	-0.1574813	0.08732059	-0.30579386	0.22739982	0.28839176	0.184197402	0.378462651	0.207914053	0.690571062	0.024800367

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398	156	5.049856	-0.1638398	-0.05669328	-0.29125648	-0.11008579	0.074024181	-0.17432735	0.511659449	-0.182471945	0.577539035	0.026843475
399	225	5.4161	0.05851426	-0.05898232	-0.01712791	-0.10485233	0.029772158	0.092237283	-0.48424264	0.039841251	-0.506866513	0.003423918
400	280	5.63479	-0.2115868	0.02106513	0.020528666	-0.00616605	-0.2593466	-0.05899618	0.256214676	0.054805885	0.110670141	0.044768954
401	492	6.198479	0.04145456	-0.07617123	-0.02940561	0.00739032	0.154421719	-0.07665831	-0.16387828	0.085036815	0.152238569	0.001718481
402	784	6.664409	-0.0022063	0.01492364	-0.23875404	-0.01058602	0.211038054	-0.21813218	-0.21293976	0.019982895	0.236213376	4.87E-06
403	1540	7.339538	0.68165999	-0.00079428	-0.1856217	-0.08595145	0.782124514	0.116677606	-0.60592273	-0.004016138	0.055508041	0.464660348
404	702	6.553933	-0.0336375	0.2453976	-0.05109578	-0.06682381	-0.29476313	0.028227258	0.324104461	-0.012270013	-0.011155939	1.13E-03
405	344	5.840642	-0.0092667	-0.0121095	-0.00615992	-0.01839448	-0.00939177	0.003433808	0.07840905	-0.099666835	-0.034083368	8.59E-05
406	194	5.267858	-0.0231276	-0.00333602	0.235693277	-0.00221757	-0.25770245	-0.03518995	0.009538357	-0.063878175	-0.27685232	0.000534887
407	165	5.105945	0.09405511	-0.00832594	0.272182272	0.08484958	-0.08495164	-0.02526225	-0.09774986	-0.02000012	-0.177439376	0.008846363
408	166	5.111988	0.02392587	0.03385984	0.230429346	0.097985618	-0.14237769	-0.01357729	-0.07017292	0.143417426	-0.055555889	0.000572447
409	245	5.501258	0.17921103	0.00861331	-0.14960726	0.082954565	0.403159534	0.160955098	-0.0377147	0.193892002	0.398381738	3.21E-02
410	361	5.888878	0.26333516	0.06451597	-0.15564779	-0.05385861	0.300608371	0.025614497	0.447097494	-0.183502473	0.538588894	0.069345406
411	295	5.686975	-0.3617246	0.09480066	0.055588544	-0.05603321	-0.568147	0.109825355	0.071151381	0.097091877	-0.509729093	0.130844679
412	325	5.783825	-0.4730795	-0.13022085	-0.20100742	0.020011876	-0.12183938	-0.14856985	0.305070429	-0.062101242	0.269699659	0.223804231
413	761	6.634633	0.22855494	-0.17030863	0.039381832	-0.07236267	0.287119062	-0.03376447	-0.41269402	-0.08069296	-0.17250345	0.052237359
414	1360	7.21524	0.18068263	0.08227978	-0.00209601	0.014177459	0.114676317	0.015420419	-0.09379019	-0.229612824	-0.224147111	0.032646212
415	1180	7.07327	-0.1037216	0.06504575	0.647576995	-0.00075456	-0.81709894	-0.01363251	0.042834496	0.122818533	-0.637813399	0.010758177
416	793	6.675823	0.08573467	-0.03733979	-0.03195562	0.233127718	0.388157796	0.03884003	-0.03786808	0.029712903	0.341162591	0.007350433
417	375	5.926926	-0.0020403	0.03086448	-0.00880338	-0.01150402	-0.03560545	-0.00663778	0.107888972	0.003614535	0.082535842	4.16E-06
418	220	5.393628	0.01994848	-0.00073452	-0.02197124	-0.00316922	0.039485019	-0.0260357	-0.01843829	-0.037042053	0.010040376	0.000397942
419	175	5.164786	0.03751456	0.00718145	0.08935235	-0.00790965	-0.06692889	-0.06294752	-0.07232138	-0.026591842	-0.102894591	0.001407342
420	168	5.123964	-0.0427963	0.01350524	0.022729581	0.032166846	-0.04686431	-0.16214418	-0.17485421	-0.014291886	-0.073866227	0.001831526
421	307	5.726848	0.36027449	-0.01540668	0.170250477	0.008182649	0.213613346	-0.02766104	-0.45040049	0.169426419	-0.039699684	0.129797711
422	835	6.727432	0.93154128	0.12969882	0.250168401	0.061290172	0.612964229	0.092461687	-0.07683623	0.026962629	0.470628941	0.867769149
423	604	6.403574	-0.2202991	0.33535486	-0.34363836	0.090060624	-0.12195493	0.17559254	0.25683802	0.115605636	0.074896191	0.048531671
424	554	6.317165	-0.5882827	-0.07930766	-0.44942554	-0.12370981	-0.18325934	-0.17301836	0.487757056	-0.156389312	0.321126768	0.346076569
425	1650	7.408531	0.40769631	-0.21178178	0.21712719	-0.1617932	0.240557705	0.15882436	-0.48060656	-0.035541544	-0.434414757	0.16621628
426	1780	7.484369	-0.2645152	0.14677067	0.171648496	0.078165788	-0.50476854	0.051368765	0.441178778	0.01623202	-0.098726511	0.069968273
427	1630	7.396335	-0.2016176	-0.09522546	-0.09853555	0.061793458	0.053936912	0.137188973	0.142691013	-0.014350009	0.045088943	0.040649639
428	697	6.546785	-0.407765	-0.07258232	0.081447934	-0.0354728	-0.45210339	0.00972247	0.38108048	0.040884242	-0.039861135	0.166272275
429	352	5.863631	-0.112312	-0.14679539	-0.00193831	0.029321256	0.065742961	-0.02780466	0.027006861	-0.00698714	0.113567339	0.012613984

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430	227	5.42495	0.07383385	-0.04043232	0.018951055	-0.00069779	0.094617322	0.009384889	-0.07723516	-0.027405996	-0.019408723	0.005451437
431	180	5.192957	0.05224505	0.02658019	0.035638834	0.00682238	-0.00315159	0.032784766	0.026069137	-0.066260542	-0.076127765	0.002729545
432	175	5.164786	-0.0220272	0.01880822	-0.04065651	0.01282998	0.012651118	0.117098894	0.091068795	-0.170678081	-0.184057062	0.000485196
433	173	5.153292	-0.2654108	-0.00792978	0.342260769	-0.01463635	-0.61437815	0.155885451	0.325274705	-0.029116887	-0.474105781	0.070442899
434	236	5.463832	-0.0238413	-0.09554789	0.884964212	0.123213877	-0.69004377	-0.07882029	0.433015141	0.097328092	-0.080880242	0.000568409
435	295	5.686975	0.01054699	-0.00858288	-0.2092841	0.318587116	0.547001078	0.242534263	-0.21894526	0.184834253	0.27035581	0.000111239
436	298	5.697093	-0.3832018	0.00379692	-0.55886859	-0.07534228	0.096527641	0.074680857	0.673706286	-0.18212459	0.51342848	0.146843589
437	377	5.932245	-0.4056626	-0.13795263	0.387311493	-0.20119269	-0.85621418	0.024317822	0.207446825	0.167183537	-0.50590164	0.164562167
438	595	6.388561	-0.1562819	-0.14603855	-0.25128941	0.139432137	0.380478142	0.037701318	0.067549506	0.054072384	0.464398713	0.024424047
439	475	6.163315	-0.2945472	-0.0562615	-0.19153668	-0.09046419	-0.13721325	-0.03827899	0.104725884	0.144409445	0.150201066	0.08675808
440	305	5.720312	-0.0179137	-0.10603701	-0.38737673	-0.0689532	0.406546856	-0.09068684	-0.10633052	0.010234179	0.401137347	0.0003209
441	183	5.209486	0.19863891	-0.00644892	-0.1066964	-0.13945562	0.172328611	-0.1372756	-0.25190788	-0.029268061	0.028428275	0.039457418
442	151	5.01728	0.42653771	0.07151001	0.070142158	-0.0384107	0.246474842	-0.04366728	-0.38132112	0.009878831	-0.081300168	0.181934419
443	135	4.905275	0.2979233	0.15355358	0.049632794	0.025251177	0.119988108	0.005759203	-0.12129799	0.03451028	0.027441197	0.088758293
444	142	4.955827	0.14718194	0.10725239	-0.0209258	0.017867806	0.078723156	0.122121045	0.015997785	0.123261994	0.09586189	0.021662522
445	156	5.049856	-0.0860982	0.0529855	-0.25214027	-0.00753329	0.105523329	0.266443975	0.339225124	0.164089948	0.342394426	0.007412892
446	186	5.225747	-0.0975236	-0.03099534	-0.02264926	-0.0907705	-0.13464954	0.066698468	0.740122153	-0.082968729	0.455805411	0.00951086
447	134	4.89784	-0.5679856	-0.03510851	0.010019638	-0.00815373	-0.55105043	0.119991014	0.185273523	0.255299224	-0.230468692	0.322607602
448	140	4.941642	-0.5384391	-0.2044748	-0.36404167	0.00360707	0.033684492	-0.26356022	0.333308373	0.078611428	0.709164512	2.90E-01
449	356	5.874931	0.24997405	-0.19383806	-0.3853795	-0.131055	0.698136607	-0.22674248	-0.73211172	0.025597708	0.218365079	0.062487028
450	1230	7.114769	0.86378193	0.08999066	-0.14846785	-0.13873662	0.783522499	0.122263128	-0.62984023	0.039685598	0.071104743	0.746119216
451	843	6.736967	-0.0679659	0.31096149	-0.27981988	-0.05344843	-0.15255589	0.036532466	0.3396198	-0.040293672	0.110237773	4.62E-03
452	500	6.214608	-0.0201064	-0.02446771	-0.01701799	-0.10073516	-0.07935583	0.03859028	0.101479073	-0.095459827	-0.111926867	0.000404266
453	234	5.455321	-0.0608662	-0.00723829	0.188706968	-0.00612648	-0.24846136	-0.02060058	0.107195224	-0.144500634	-0.265166187	0.003704695
454	134	4.89784	-0.0499105	-0.02191183	0.405210826	0.067934509	-0.365275	-0.06707374	-0.05722384	-0.045965554	-0.40139065	0.00249106
455	125	4.828314	0.16166245	-0.01796779	0.283027136	0.145875897	0.042478996	-0.01009254	-0.18631595	0.006062319	-0.127682094	0.026134747
456	132	4.882802	0.10006746	0.05819848	0.139822839	0.101889769	0.003935906	0.087609764	-0.02803484	0.128548468	0.016839774	0.010013496
457	154	5.036953	-0.0359835	0.03602428	-0.08179325	0.050336222	0.06012173	0.226870448	0.243360454	0.280467342	0.357079078	1.29E-03
458	187	5.231109	-0.0578906	-0.01295404	-0.09264746	-0.02944557	0.018265348	-0.060406	0.630195689	0.070208914	0.77907595	0.00335132
459	168	5.123964	-0.3063116	-0.02084061	-0.53958629	-0.03335308	0.220762236	-0.01575064	-0.16779444	0.126306331	0.195024761	0.093826782
460	300	5.703782	0.10847767	-0.11027217	-0.5115171	-0.19425106	0.536015873	-0.13601862	-0.04375177	-0.277431809	0.350850919	0.011767404
461	574	6.352629	0.17623208	0.03905196	0.237475352	-0.18414616	-0.28444139	-0.13030328	-0.37782951	-0.238676296	-0.770643913	0.031057747

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462	1210	7.098376	0.30445278	0.06344355	0.82059283	0.085491127	-0.49409248	-0.06435828	-0.36195355	0.12869803	-0.662989711	9.27E-02
463	1380	7.229839	0.25888765	0.109603	-0.06456756	0.295413419	0.50926563	0.011453318	-0.17877301	0.038455228	0.357494527	0.067022816
464	841	6.734592	0.12445456	0.09319955	-0.01910105	-0.02324432	0.027111741	-0.00727222	0.031814773	0.040621348	0.106820077	0.015488939
465	447	6.102559	0.12111104	0.04480364	-0.0578229	-0.00687638	0.127253918	-0.02746858	-0.0202006	-0.021684823	0.112837077	1.47E-02
466	290	5.669881	0.14180487	0.04359998	-0.04741499	-0.02081624	0.124803644	0.038133711	-0.07630161	-0.070603939	-0.06023562	0.020108622
467	223	5.407172	0.02851539	0.05104975	0.153579326	-0.0170694	-0.19318309	0.098242211	0.105926976	-0.010623728	-0.196122052	0.000813127
468	178	5.181784	-0.2298353	0.01026554	0.095064085	0.055288557	-0.27987641	0.114749784	0.272895032	0.092220804	-0.029510355	0.052824283
469	223	5.407172	-0.0799105	-0.08274072	-0.03418428	0.034223071	0.071237541	0.37262904	0.3187494	0.238810998	0.256168899	0.006385693
470	182	5.204007	-0.4687786	-0.02876779	-0.05499606	-0.01230634	-0.3973211	-0.08918958	1.035080667	-0.063585262	0.663363883	0.21975338
471	176	5.170484	-0.3663358	-0.1687603	-0.290996	-0.01979858	0.073621945	-0.01408077	-0.24774883	-0.016579617	-0.176625729	1.34E-01
472	383	5.948035	0.27366397	-0.13188088	0.103053785	-0.10475856	0.197732499	0.061496244	-0.03911325	-0.143177498	-0.046054492	0.074891966
473	426	6.054439	-0.3136024	0.09851903	0.167420477	0.037099362	-0.54244257	-0.11106574	0.170822901	-0.137161346	-0.397715272	0.098346479
474	855	6.751101	0.06697777	-0.11289687	0.289230138	0.060271372	-0.04908412	-0.04434188	-0.30851594	-0.067745563	-0.381003738	0.004486022
475	926	6.830874	0.11424204	0.024112	0.245943268	0.10412285	-0.05169037	0.025375968	-0.1231719	0.012056124	-0.188182119	0.013051244
476	526	6.265301	0.00049349	0.04112714	0.118231836	0.088539577	-0.0703259	-0.0409813	0.070488801	-0.007654964	0.033489234	2.44E-07
477	313	5.746203	0.18560473	0.00017766	0.11505549	0.042563461	0.112935043	-0.00855241	-0.11383695	-0.028914296	-0.021263788	0.034449116
478	188	5.236442	0.0830288	0.0668177	0.134714628	0.041419977	-0.07708356	0.019617981	-0.0237567	0.040140749	-0.080317488	0.006893781
479	143	4.962845	-0.0024055	0.02989037	0.027089618	0.048497266	-0.01088818	0.035516985	0.054494392	0.103412854	0.11150208	5.79E-06
480	137	4.919981	-0.0464373	-0.00086597	-0.21834357	0.009752263	0.182524517	0.114714127	0.098658291	0.120789246	0.287257928	0.002156421
481	155	5.043425	-0.1159728	-0.01671742	-0.07591501	-0.07860369	-0.10194403	0.273421732	0.318650352	0.392241095	0.335525685	0.013449684
482	178	5.181784	-0.118237	-0.0417502	-0.44533967	-0.0273294	0.341523518	-0.08241403	0.759504811	-0.093883766	1.089558597	0.013979977
483	183	5.209486	-0.1690367	-0.0425653	-0.34801898	-0.16032228	0.061225295	0.078263799	-0.22892787	-0.014821863	-0.260788238	0.028573408
484	221	5.398163	-0.2644601	-0.06085321	0.259980767	-0.12528683	-0.58887445	-0.26557027	0.217399443	0.064732889	-0.041171841	6.99E-02
485	741	6.608001	0.61671257	-0.09520562	-0.2979223	0.093593076	1.103433567	0.069013483	-0.7376952	-0.116911303	0.17981358	0.380334392
486	997	6.904751	-0.0070145	0.22201652	0.063628886	-0.10725203	-0.39991198	0.069870095	0.19170412	-0.046675668	-0.32475362	4.92E-05
487	718	6.57647	-0.3249557	-0.00252523	0.108529941	0.022906399	-0.40805397	-0.05760419	0.194083596	0.026711546	-0.129654632	0.10559618
488	505	6.224558	0.05807588	-0.11698404	0.000468816	0.039070779	0.213661882	-0.06368671	-0.16001165	-0.043138211	0.074198738	0.003372808
489	324	5.780744	0.27234615	0.02090732	0.176324493	0.000168774	0.075283109	0.009201399	-0.17690754	-0.009002539	-0.119828365	7.42E-02
490	185	5.220356	0.06281869	0.09804461	0.078877358	0.063476817	-0.05062646	0.020590537	0.025559441	0.020650506	-0.025007052	0.003946188
491	143	4.962845	0.00801983	0.02261473	-0.00228519	0.028395849	0.016086138	0.053305855	0.057195935	0.0373863	0.057362518	6.43E-05
492	134	4.89784	-0.0625467	0.00288714	-0.04411542	-0.00082267	-0.02214113	0.142831573	0.14807182	0.120751712	0.103850833	0.003912095
493	146	4.983607	-0.1544868	-0.02251683	-0.11017413	-0.01588155	-0.03767737	0.311467928	0.39675437	0.287812349	0.335421423	0.023866165

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494	152	5.023881	-0.2263622	-0.05561524	-0.1123251	-0.03966269	-0.09808453	-0.11912621	0.86518869	-0.086751614	0.799478749	0.051239841
495	155	5.043425	-0.2097962	-0.08149039	-0.16058487	-0.04043704	-0.00815801	-0.01570449	-0.33090613	0.082382947	-0.240976706	0.044014457
496	366	5.902633	0.40157852	-0.07552664	-0.25123706	-0.05781055	0.670531668	0.118518922	-0.04362357	-0.279547655	0.228841519	1.61E-01
497	376	5.929589	-0.3619916	0.14456827	0.58587694	-0.09044534	-1.18288211	-0.00449585	0.329219227	0.072645772	-0.776521264	0.131037894
498	562	6.331502	-0.2427339	-0.13031696	-0.00666381	0.210915698	0.105162562	-0.03557226	-0.01248847	0.073547468	0.201793811	0.058919752
499	527	6.267201	-0.1297132	-0.08738421	-0.30870788	-0.00239897	0.2639799	-0.09976644	-0.09881182	-0.060635992	0.204298523	1.68E-02
500	386	5.955837	0.16015813	-0.04669676	0.055172088	-0.11113484	0.040547961	-0.13518636	-0.27712899	-0.067038645	-0.168433311	0.025650626
501	270	5.598422	0.38292332	0.05765693	0.258728838	0.019861952	0.086399503	-0.09321402	-0.37551767	0.009685683	-0.18621846	0.146630266
502	214	5.365976	0.43232951	0.13785239	0.059677756	0.093142382	0.327941747	0.063783474	-0.25892785	0.021674249	0.026904675	0.186908809
503	164	5.099866	0.13317508	0.15563863	0.007618838	0.021483992	-0.00859839	0.164483104	0.177176317	0.056111427	0.060206247	0.017735602
504	110	4.70048	-0.3486004	0.04794303	-0.0594194	0.002742782	-0.33438123	0.117000231	0.456897512	0.150349025	0.155865074	1.22E-01
505	110	4.70048	-0.3366344	-0.12549614	-0.14676244	-0.02139098	-0.08576682	0.149458617	0.325000641	0.327860977	0.417636179	0.11332273
506	171	5.141664	0.1175113	-0.12118839	-0.21504408	-0.05283448	0.400909292	-0.22004883	0.415162825	-0.125396008	0.910724936	0.013808905
507	232	5.446737	0.20594274	0.04230407	-0.19930642	-0.07741587	0.285529219	0.006073683	-0.61124674	-0.016531038	-0.348322245	0.042412412
508	510	6.234411	0.45585443	0.07413939	0.381499597	-0.07175031	-0.07153486	0.11601279	0.016871342	0.12475676	-0.04591955	0.207803263
509	438	6.082219	-0.4962719	0.1641076	-0.34389199	0.137339855	-0.17914763	-0.2081689	0.32225775	-0.004732475	0.346546555	0.246285771
510	1170	7.064759	0.29517344	-0.17865787	-0.23059722	-0.12380112	0.580627411	-0.02191826	-0.57824696	-0.03744448	-0.013145763	0.087127357
511	1137	7.036148	0.10174065	0.10626244	-0.12322755	-0.083015	0.035690767	-0.02619816	-0.06088407	-0.105017301	-0.104012443	1.04E-02
512	715	6.572283	0.080636	0.03662663	0.152150222	-0.04436192	-0.15250277	-0.07586214	-0.07277266	-0.142301433	-0.291714724	0.006502165
513	477	6.167516	0.29068139	0.02902896	0.36377715	0.05477408	-0.04735064	0.03908293	-0.21072816	-0.098120026	-0.395281758	0.08449567
514	256	5.545177	-0.0054945	0.1046453	0.410713039	0.130959774	-0.3898931	0.058366722	0.108563696	0.067140499	-0.272555629	3.02E-05
515	162	5.087596	-0.2147899	-0.00197803	0.126516325	0.147856694	-0.19147152	-0.04270302	0.162129782	0.17314011	0.186501387	0.046134712
516	205	5.32301	0.18075909	-0.07732437	-0.33117037	0.045545877	0.634799706	0.158393604	-0.11861949	0.123158138	0.48094475	0.032673848
517	224	5.411646	-0.046872	0.06507327	-0.3198027	-0.11922133	0.088636073	0.343837228	0.439982233	0.15732486	0.342105938	0.002196986
518	230	5.438079	-0.2048592	-0.01687393	0.111635734	-0.11512897	-0.41474993	-0.12829037	0.955103411	-0.231630345	0.437013499	4.20E-02
519	253	5.533389	-0.1280562	-0.0737493	0.195645602	0.040188864	-0.20976364	0.08368521	-0.35636213	0.006393351	-0.643417624	0.016398389
520	407	6.008813	0.00427941	-0.04610023	0.43306171	0.070432417	-0.31224966	0.024568678	0.232458916	0.122118726	0.017759307	1.83E-05
521	608	6.410175	-0.0722664	0.00154059	-0.47145828	0.155902216	0.553553512	0.063455992	0.068246327	-0.219125163	0.339218684	0.005222432
522	697	6.546785	-0.4218057	-0.0260159	0.280414764	-0.16972498	-0.84592959	-0.08405379	0.176266644	-0.023071857	-0.608681009	0.177920088
523	727	6.588926	-0.0853942	-0.15185007	0.096653618	0.100949315	0.070751601	-0.12621967	-0.23348276	-0.027577007	-0.064088491	0.007292163
524	588	6.376727	0.26273342	-0.0307419	0.076604203	0.034795302	0.251666421	-0.10219587	-0.35061021	-0.079854882	-0.076602797	0.069028851
525	394	5.976351	0.34754385	0.09458403	0.27614732	0.027577513	0.004390013	-0.01652836	-0.28387742	0.041139927	-0.221819116	0.120786729

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526	242	5.488938	0.1554088	0.12511579	-0.00521981	0.099413035	0.134925863	0.036174835	-0.04591211	0.061438654	0.114277575	0.024151896
527	177	5.17615	-0.001431	0.05594717	-0.20405043	-0.00187913	0.144793116	0.029665297	0.100485653	-0.044950544	0.170662929	2.05E-06
528	171	5.141664	-0.0252357	-0.00051516	0.171721134	-0.07345815	-0.26989982	0.104096512	0.082403602	0.16673011	-0.124862621	0.00063684
529	161	5.081404	-0.2643281	-0.00908485	-0.04452842	0.061819608	-0.14889526	0.039056446	0.289156979	0.361933924	0.463139193	0.069869366
530	403	5.998937	0.61735484	-0.09515813	-0.1946162	-0.01603023	0.89109894	-0.14082543	0.108490129	-0.135042491	1.005372012	0.381127
531	518	6.249975	0.32638469	0.22224774	-0.12165338	-0.07006183	0.155728501	0.227754464	-0.39118176	0.088089694	-0.375118032	0.106526967
532	621	6.431331	-0.1287087	0.11749849	0.004065436	-0.04379522	-0.29406786	0.119751603	0.632651289	0.025861766	0.244693596	0.016565933
533	726	6.58755	-0.3615945	-0.04633514	-0.06865308	0.001463557	-0.24514276	0.082458119	0.332643341	0.066795781	0.071838239	0.130750607
534	831	6.72263	-0.5077051	-0.13017403	-0.40071546	-0.02471511	-0.00153075	-0.04650193	0.229050329	-0.088477677	0.185543836	2.58E-01
535	746	6.614726	-0.269686	-0.18277385	-0.08112446	-0.14425757	-0.15004526	-0.16630879	-0.12917203	-0.132862815	-0.245771325	7.27E-02
536	688	6.533789	0.31297736	-9.71E-02	0.249596751	-0.0292048	0.131262767	-0.06921731	-0.46196885	-0.107574599	-0.369063374	0.097954829
537	445	6.098074	0.31764516	0.11267185	0.33016666	0.08985483	-0.03533852	0.053811247	-0.1922703	-0.017398272	-0.298818332	0.100898449
538	225	5.4161	-0.0514301	0.11435226	0.147638364	0.118859998	-0.1945607	0.041322298	0.149475687	0.038078774	-0.048328534	0.002645052
539	166	5.111988	-0.0643487	-0.01851483	-0.00135946	0.053149811	0.00867538	0.048911797	0.114784161	0.031226628	0.105774372	0.004140757
540	155	5.043425	-0.0807265	-0.02316554	-0.02397391	-0.00048941	-0.0340765	0.12462425	0.135866103	0.109575276	0.086740633	0.006516774
541	155	5.043425	-0.2112835	-0.02906155	-0.25111173	-0.00863061	0.060259192	0.143173947	0.346178473	0.041112049	0.304375768	0.044640712
542	288	5.66296	0.30282843	-0.07606206	0.5864871	-0.09040022	-0.29799683	-0.16272886	0.397705408	-0.1482373	0.114200135	0.091705061
543	362	5.891644	0.18559339	0.10901824	0.310065457	0.211135356	-0.02235495	0.177132254	-0.45202462	0.239741541	-0.411770277	0.034444906
544	535	6.282267	0.04218347	0.06681362	-0.12227328	0.111623565	0.209266695	0.161406326	0.492034038	0.126054319	0.665948725	0.001779445
545	524	6.261492	-0.4613044	0.01518605	-0.34351481	-0.04401838	-0.176994	0.008004046	0.448350907	0.086798019	0.350150885	0.212801724
546	765	6.639876	-0.2814198	-0.16606957	-0.48231988	-0.12366533	0.243304369	-0.02451718	0.022233462	-0.048949403	0.24110561	0.079197076
547	677	6.517671	-0.198178	-0.10131111	-0.2562017	-1.74E-01	-0.01430037	-0.12149496	-0.06810328	-0.175061879	-0.135970563	0.039274528
548	565	6.336826	0.21830824	-0.07134409	0.297328494	-0.09223261	-0.09990878	-0.02397211	-0.33748601	-0.072860322	-0.486282998	0.047658487
549	300	5.703782	0.07598691	0.07859097	0.301762905	0.107038258	-0.1973287	-0.0048847	-0.0665892	0.056643418	-0.202389784	0.005774011
550	164	5.099866	-0.0520801	0.02735529	-0.04885857	0.108634646	0.078057833	-4.94E-02	-0.01356861	0.043497156	0.157342828	0.002712336
551	130	4.867534	0.00948961	-0.01874883	-0.06113128	-0.01758908	0.071780636	-0.13465994	-0.13710125	0.051486102	0.120825432	9.01E-05
552	195	5.273	0.42276109	0.00341626	-0.07669021	-0.02200726	0.47402778	0.088138865	-0.37405539	0.131183422	0.14301695	1.79E-01
553	264	5.575949	0.2820327	0.15219399	-0.20071931	-0.02760848	0.302949545	0.33409075	0.24483018	0.150709418	0.364398393	0.079542444
554	320	5.768321	0.03431427	0.10153177	0.287687012	-0.07225895	-0.42716347	-0.08906442	0.928029861	-0.171293538	0.418637271	0.001177469
555	320	5.768321	-0.1435842	0.01235314	0.176313719	0.103567324	-0.22868373	0.18618549	-0.24740117	0.186455004	-0.475815385	0.020616423
556	384	5.950643	-0.2833899	-0.05169031	0.040074299	0.063472939	-0.20830098	-0.03914823	0.517181916	0.169901396	0.517930567	0.080309853
557	631	6.447306	-0.0372479	-0.10202038	-0.43823915	0.014426748	0.517438373	-0.05482973	-0.10874509	0.008425312	0.471948323	0.001387406

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558	1155	7.051856	0.1031737	-0.01340925	-0.26734876	-0.1577661	0.226165611	0.024649608	-0.1523048	-0.025807559	0.023403644	0.010644812
559	924	6.828712	-0.15582	0.03714253	-0.18826912	-0.09624555	-0.10093899	-0.08866963	0.068471134	-0.127889435	-0.071687664	0.02427988
560	678	6.519147	0.09035526	-0.05609521	0.207392827	-0.06777688	-0.12871924	-0.04500913	-0.24630452	-0.025233802	-0.35524843	8.16E-03
561	378	5.934894	0.07884421	0.03252789	0.072187566	0.074661418	0.048790164	-0.0112831	-0.12502537	-0.005141789	-0.070093895	0.006216409
562	227	5.42495	0.04689217	0.02838391	-0.04947609	0.025987524	0.093971869	0.02495852	-0.03134194	-5.20E-02	-0.014282746	0.002198876
563	180	5.192957	0.04404651	0.01688118	0.009015126	-0.01781139	0.000338811	0.072237828	0.069329221	-0.141747304	-0.1443171	0.001940095
564	135	4.905275	-0.2789128	0.01585674	0.401623033	0.003245445	-0.69314718	-0.00596628	0.200660634	0.092777753	-0.393742512	0.077792378
565	256	5.545177	0.35989127	-0.10040863	0.267931065	0.144584292	0.336953121	0.414338608	-0.01657301	0.351674473	0.257715979	0.129521725
566	204	5.31812	-0.3537251	0.12956086	0.032598553	0.096455183	-0.41942934	-0.33911432	1.150940579	-0.093752021	0.976873537	0.125121458
567	390	5.966147	0.37254523	-0.12734104	-0.13640499	0.011735479	0.648026745	0.162449521	-0.94198423	0.195984726	-0.260422281	0.13878995
568	564	6.335054	0.1005876	0.13411628	-0.26922043	-0.0491058	0.186585956	0.052223943	0.45124867	-0.041208666	0.544402017	0.010117866
569	837	6.729824	-0.0041481	0.03621154	-0.03538551	-0.09691936	-0.10189349	0.099926031	0.145066509	-0.057715503	-0.114468516	1.72E-05
570	900	6.802395	-0.4227186	-0.00149332	0.098015013	-0.01273878	-0.53197907	-0.06813896	0.277572309	0.025946956	-0.160320841	0.178691007
571	898	6.80017	-0.1145743	-0.15217869	-0.14802902	0.035285405	0.220918856	-0.13376736	-0.18927489	-0.093336449	0.072074878	0.013127262
572	725	6.586172	0.19344758	-0.04124674	0.085837497	-0.05329045	0.09556637	-0.06411976	-0.37157601	-0.047378035	-0.259267915	0.037421966
573	448	6.104793	0.2165163	0.06964113	0.074901996	0.030901499	0.10287467	0.044492925	-0.17811045	-0.011876945	-0.131605652	0.046879306
574	228	5.429346	-0.0699747	0.07794587	0.044547563	0.026964719	-0.16550343	0.017351675	0.123591459	0.026272126	-0.032991515	0.004896461
575	178	5.181784	-0.0149527	-0.0251909	0.041844184	0.016037123	-0.01556891	0.035691878	0.048199098	0.076039819	0.072978128	0.000223585
576	168	5.123964	-0.0555516	-0.00538299	-0.26496721	0.015063906	0.229862502	0.11150459	0.099144105	-0.006280297	0.21122172	3.09E-03
577	208	5.337538	-0.0090422	-0.01999858	0.341896705	-0.09538819	-0.42632857	0.336997579	0.309734971	0.436145903	-0.01744527	8.18E-05
578	250	5.521461	-0.0513966	-0.00325521	-0.33603886	0.123082814	0.410980289	-0.22139417	0.936104386	-0.356962445	1.211516398	0.00264161
579	350	5.857933	0.14483468	-0.01850277	0.353917971	-0.12097399	-0.31155451	0.236023533	-0.6149838	0.170999496	-0.991562348	0.020977084
580	424	6.049733	-0.156819	0.05214048	0.095558222	0.127410469	-0.17710721	0.058487686	0.655620925	0.054972572	0.4749986	0.024592191
581	522	6.257668	-0.2816322	-0.05645483	-0.0039407	0.03440096	-0.18683569	-0.07188619	0.162465793	0.105185296	0.152701589	0.079316683
582	908	6.811244	-0.0205455	-0.10138758	-0.40158266	-0.00141865	0.481006098	-0.08258435	-0.19968385	-0.071725223	0.292181378	0.000422117
583	1004	6.911747	0.13105545	-0.00739638	-0.10884555	-0.14456976	0.102727617	-0.06824438	-0.22940098	-0.140807752	-0.199236729	0.01717553
584	682	6.52503	0.09742033	0.04717996	0.183775201	-0.0391844	-0.17271923	-0.0386488	-0.18956773	-0.067494487	-0.391132645	0.009490721
585	366	5.902633	0.03358483	0.03507132	0.205690481	0.066159072	-0.1410179	-0.01405634	-0.10735778	0.046834658	-0.187484685	0.001127941
586	208	5.337538	-0.0180817	0.01209054	-0.06647598	0.074048573	0.11035235	-0.04052438	-0.03904538	0.018264922	0.130096273	0.000326947
587	183	5.209486	0.122727	-0.0065094	-0.01420511	-0.02393135	0.119510152	-0.00622308	-0.11256773	0.037570398	0.050735893	0.015061915
588	216	5.375278	0.22013336	0.04418172	-0.05277402	-0.00511384	0.223611826	0.219336534	-0.01728633	0.117373252	0.104362216	0.048458698
589	231	5.442418	-0.0567783	0.07924801	-0.00859013	-0.01899865	-0.1464348	0.491530836	0.609268151	0.354734294	0.326036812	0.003223772

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590	196	5.278115	-0.4144004	-0.02044018	-0.04882676	-0.00309245	-0.34822589	-0.20128199	1.365363434	-0.233046493	0.985373038	0.171727677
591	227	5.42495	-0.1836504	-0.14918414	0.137592944	-0.01757763	-0.18963688	0.147043687	-0.55911663	0.248445824	-0.64735137	0.033727483
592	321	5.771441	-0.1099348	-0.06611416	-0.14897803	0.04953346	0.154690805	-0.06541581	0.408454687	0.061565985	0.69012729	0.012085669
593	613	6.418365	0.18549466	-0.03957654	-0.26755057	-0.05363209	0.43898968	0.010592794	-0.18171059	-0.075669669	0.171016624	0.034408269
594	858	6.754604	-0.0737596	0.06677808	-0.01951822	-0.0963182	-0.21733763	-0.06465057	0.029424428	-0.086930897	-0.210193525	5.44E-03
595	932	6.837333	0.08720158	-0.02655344	0.124502674	-0.00702656	-0.01777421	-0.0277206	-0.17958492	-0.071836192	-0.241474713	0.007604116
596	612	6.416732	0.04523803	0.03139257	0.092549314	0.044820963	-0.03388289	0.047977469	-0.07700167	-0.040682948	-0.199544978	0.00204648
597	235	5.459586	-0.3198769	0.01628569	0.031905584	0.033317753	-0.33475044	-0.10326765	0.133270749	-0.014796145	-0.113008189	0.102321245
598	173	5.153292	0.11498205	-0.11515569	-0.01717758	0.01148601	0.258801334	-0.0296101	-0.28685459	-0.042657247	-0.041100403	0.013220872
599	161	5.081404	0.22033281	0.04139354	0.116590645	-0.00618393	0.056164697	0.085856167	-0.08225027	-0.006550609	-0.118492352	0.048546547
600	130	4.867534	-0.1331883	0.07931981	0.209126695	0.041972632	-0.37966217	0.107903881	0.238489352	0.230880563	-0.018196135	0.017739122
601	174	5.159055	0.04720879	-0.04794779	-0.05393936	0.07528561	0.224381546	0.400180532	0.299733002	0.51740088	0.641334896	0.00222867
602	240	5.480639	0.12861965	0.01699517	-0.39368036	-0.01941817	0.485886675	-0.05160118	1.111612589	-0.211875775	1.437224667	0.016543013
603	167	5.117994	-0.4959204	0.04630307	-0.17446791	-0.14172493	-0.50948047	0.090509573	-0.14333661	0.154782829	-0.588543821	0.245937024
604	288	5.66296	-0.0216854	-0.17853134	-0.1044381	-0.06280845	0.198475562	-0.04892001	0.251415479	-0.068858751	0.429952302	0.000470258
605	545	6.300786	0.19691239	-0.00780675	0.176219926	-0.03759771	-0.0090985	0.057437199	-0.13588892	0.01115031	-0.191274308	0.03877449
606	671	6.508769	-0.1908781	0.07088846	-0.07007159	0.063439173	-0.12825582	-0.06773436	0.159547775	-0.068053231	0.030973083	0.036434457
607	653	6.481577	-0.0705696	-0.06871612	0.082841504	-0.02522577	-0.10992072	-0.13821455	-0.188151	-0.029179581	-0.189036754	0.004980064
608	570	6.345636	0.27240791	-0.02540505	0.04297613	0.029822942	0.284659764	0.032287448	-0.38392931	0.050502599	-0.081054391	0.074206068
609	265	5.57973	-0.0300474	0.09806685	-0.30388308	0.015471407	0.191240234	0.031939801	0.089687357	-0.108702792	0.140284998	0.000902846
610	131	4.875197	-0.1904248	-0.01081706	0.109232948	-0.10939791	-0.39823858	-0.03873324	0.088721669	-0.031168525	-0.301952199	0.036261601
611	105	4.65396	-0.0479104	-0.06855293	0.209316169	0.039323861	-0.14934974	-0.07998793	-0.10759233	0.090374912	-0.086579236	0.002295403
612	105	4.65396	-0.0052605	-0.01724773	-0.12652888	0.075353821	0.213869915	-0.14577717	-0.22218869	0.113583032	0.251041423	2.77E-05
613	335	5.814131	0.9571543	-0.00189379	0.044848354	-0.0455504	0.868649333	0.569446997	-0.40493658	0.421242665	0.315508423	0.91614435
614	228	5.429346	-0.2557497	0.34457555	0.122188663	0.016145407	-0.70636853	-0.34900686	1.581797215	-0.05431703	1.170118514	0.065407921
615	352	5.863631	0.18974848	-0.0920699	-0.47112436	0.043987919	0.796930658	0.07362104	-0.96946349	0.095273234	-0.15088064	0.036004485
616	780	6.659294	0.46800915	0.06830945	-0.02060115	-0.16960477	0.250696076	0.139056343	0.204502889	-0.051494749	0.264647873	0.219032562
617	852	6.747587	-0.1865662	0.16848329	0.187066771	-0.00741641	-0.54953271	0.04023609	0.386267619	0.060460209	-0.143040969	0.034806958
618	1252	7.132498	-0.1389144	-0.06716384	-0.18133421	0.067344038	0.176927683	0.049450248	0.111766917	-0.071299326	0.167945026	0.019297214
619	1055	6.961296	-0.1957795	-0.05000919	-0.06704109	-0.06528032	-0.1440095	0.045916985	0.137361799	-0.145489	-0.198053684	0.038329597
620	545	6.300786	-0.3121278	-0.07048061	0.258787512	-0.02413479	-0.52456948	0.041100597	0.127547181	0.033986788	-0.404136111	0.097423753
621	226	5.420535	-0.3484188	-0.112366	-0.02854503	0.093163504	-0.11434426	-0.06096284	0.114168326	0.033620843	0.094407744	0.121395659

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622	148	4.997212	-0.0148483	-0.12543077	-0.18090355	-0.01027621	0.281209777	-0.0222945	-0.16934121	-0.040771832	0.09339123	0.000220473
623	130	4.867534	0.10582419	-0.0053454	-0.04551484	-0.06512528	0.09155915	0.058687259	-0.06192916	-0.08419782	-0.113255088	0.011198758
624	114	4.736198	-0.0818514	0.03809671	-0.00499749	-0.01638534	-0.131336	0.112117345	0.163020164	-0.153449651	-0.233882834	0.006699658
625	133	4.890349	-0.1243903	-0.02946652	0.909296583	-0.0017991	-1.0060195	0.33108449	0.311437071	0.599417892	-0.42624903	0.015472957
626	204	5.31812	0.19746624	-0.04478052	-0.24296224	0.32734677	0.812555768	-0.30019043	0.919679139	-0.367375639	1.6650497	0.038992915
627	307	5.726848	0.31325751	0.07108785	0.180261053	-0.08746641	-0.02555779	0.238563616	-0.83386231	0.077495832	-1.020487886	0.098130268
628	437	6.079933	0.04991012	0.1127727	0.44460869	0.064893979	-0.4425773	0.151208312	0.66267671	0.146375098	0.215266199	0.00249102
629	455	6.120297	-0.3672578	0.01796764	-0.17723792	0.160059128	-0.04792838	0.007850993	0.42002309	0.042353779	0.406597494	0.134878281
630	701	6.552508	-0.1530764	-0.1322128	-0.13196869	-0.06380565	0.047299443	0.003511262	0.021808313	0.052052892	0.117649386	0.023432384
631	586	6.37332	-0.2015759	-0.0551075	-0.18599049	-0.04750873	-0.00798659	-0.09449079	0.009753505	0.048333669	0.144591367	0.040632826
632	425	6.052089	0.0371475	-0.07256731	-0.29652139	-0.06695658	0.339279631	-0.01419118	-0.26247441	0.043263787	0.134260191	0.001379937
633	230	5.438079	0.05536388	0.0133731	-0.33099786	-0.1067477	0.266240935	0.042472401	-0.03941994	-0.064171407	0.120177185	0.003065159
634	102	4.624973	-0.2647995	0.019931	-0.01410592	-0.11915923	-0.38978377	-0.11701886	0.117978891	-0.023467892	-0.178253907	0.070118754
635	91	4.51086	0.02584782	-0.09532781	0.100532977	-0.00507813	0.015564517	-0.18252323	-0.3250524	0.061776062	-0.065188588	0.00066811
636	130	4.867534	0.38336542	0.00930521	-0.07775887	0.036191872	0.488010946	-0.07257994	-0.50700897	0.118018258	0.171600173	0.146969045
637	288	5.66296	0.68910927	0.13801155	-0.11817082	-0.02799319	0.64127535	0.460345893	-0.20161095	0.34850999	0.327828496	0.474871585
638	365	5.899897	0.28737977	0.24807934	0.187592925	-0.0425415	-0.19083399	-0.19616863	1.278738591	-0.315989928	0.968083305	0.082587131
639	365	5.899897	-0.0752099	0.10345672	0.297594636	0.067533453	-0.40872775	0.17522877	-0.54491287	0.251119596	-0.877749799	0.005656522
640	580	6.363028	0.0232503	-0.02707555	0.047414612	0.107134069	0.110045302	0.058404097	0.486746582	0.159166645	0.697554432	0.000540576
641	756	6.628041	-0.132945	0.00837011	-0.3488949	0.01706926	0.224649049	-0.04698271	0.162233602	0.008264203	0.442129568	0.017674373
642	1215	7.102499	-0.0254331	-0.0478602	-0.14542258	-0.12560216	0.042247512	-0.10752008	-0.13050754	0.003696065	0.022956119	0.000646843
643	1726	7.453562	0.38194976	-0.00915592	-0.19149706	-0.05235213	0.530250613	0.121852885	-0.2986669	-0.099463985	0.010266847	0.14588562
644	670	6.507278	-0.3833226	0.13750191	0.035290129	-0.06893894	-0.62505354	-0.02522254	0.338480235	-0.014938083	-0.276288849	0.14693618
645	356	5.874931	-0.116442	-0.13799612	0.052595686	0.012704446	-0.01833712	-0.00219726	-0.07006261	0.04470779	-0.041494676	0.01355874
646	198	5.288267	-0.0859703	-0.04191912	-0.25155949	0.018934447	0.226442795	-0.02702677	-0.00610351	-0.123177751	0.124188306	0.007390885
647	144	4.969813	-0.1201729	-0.03094929	0.024555427	-0.09056142	-0.20434042	-0.12938409	-0.07507437	-0.192129716	-0.342160418	0.01444152
648	182	5.204007	0.1896134	-0.04326223	0.364197149	0.008839954	-0.12248156	-0.02458809	-0.35940025	-0.076399939	-0.533693657	0.035953243
649	264	5.575949	0.16832004	0.06826083	0.654653806	0.131110973	-0.42348361	0.205012813	-0.06830025	0.484574624	-0.212222054	0.028331637
650	798	6.682109	0.96715325	0.06059522	0.273010779	0.23567537	0.869222621	-0.11383126	0.569480035	-0.206493299	1.346040622	0.9353854
651	693	6.54103	0.03736333	0.34817517	-0.07144936	0.09828388	-0.1410786	0.300767279	-0.31619796	0.184451336	-0.573592496	0.001396018
652	695	6.543912	-0.3989886	0.0134508	0.022087782	-0.02572177	-0.4602489	-0.07567107	0.835464663	0.061477997	0.512364823	0.159191866
653	1635	7.399398	0.31258773	-0.14363588	-0.12629775	0.007951602	0.590472965	0.160047853	-0.21019741	-0.049455489	0.170772213	0.097711091

Appendix B

654	1690	7.432484	-0.3075349	0.11253158	-0.02416145	-0.04546719	-0.44137226	0.027402438	0.444577369	-0.113179034	-0.137376359	0.094577734
655	1558	7.351158	-0.1715503	-0.11071258	0.362852273	-0.00869812	-0.4323881	0.086382187	0.076117883	0.128266194	-0.314386206	0.029429498
656	700	6.55108	-0.4103351	-0.0617581	-0.36415643	0.130626818	0.146206268	0.003311762	0.239950519	-0.026550041	0.356294984	0.168374875
657	404	6.001415	-0.0445627	-0.14772063	-0.1106199	-0.13109631	0.082681524	0.163318068	0.009199339	-0.002312909	-0.073750114	0.001985834
658	173	5.153292	-0.3193507	-0.01604257	-0.08167175	-0.03982316	-0.26145958	0.170177231	0.453661301	-0.028449234	-0.006424748	0.101984891
659	96	4.564348	-0.4702183	-0.11496626	-0.11416423	-0.02940183	-0.27048967	0.145056731	0.472714532	-0.13619378	-0.079025651	0.221105286
660	66	4.189655	-0.5569336	-0.1692786	0.180132734	-0.04109912	-0.60888684	0.146482382	0.402935364	-0.0258822	-0.378316055	0.310175015
661	83	4.418841	-0.2481964	-0.20049609	0.159904042	0.064847784	-0.14275655	0.551836916	0.406895504	0.215802961	-0.071895001	0.061601444
662	103	4.634729	-0.1183917	-0.0893507	0.918795583	0.057565455	-0.89027111	-0.07666584	1.532880323	-0.119822383	0.599452669	1.40E-02
663	82	4.406719	-0.4248234	-0.04262101	0.035495161	0.33076641	-0.08693114	0.349545271	-0.21296067	0.316597135	-0.332839953	0.180474919
664	61	4.110874	-0.843481	-0.15293642	-0.37903913	0.012778258	-0.29872723	-0.28685839	0.970959086	-0.079653756	0.879436487	0.711460258
665	242	5.488938	0.65233688	-0.30365317	0.296958347	-0.13645409	0.522577624	0.115480632	-0.79682885	0.168471424	-0.221260432	0.425543409
666	313	5.746203	0.05995783	0.23484128	-0.29215819	0.106905005	0.22417974	0.105827766	0.320779532	0.028844672	0.467976177	0.003594941
667	243	5.493061	-0.2080272	0.02158482	-0.16297276	-0.10517695	-0.17181617	0.132954381	0.293966017	0.090928618	0.080124088	0.043275301
668	98	4.584967	-0.514054	-0.07488978	-0.38981832	-0.05867019	-0.10801607	0.012208224	0.369317726	0.003486065	0.252579494	0.264251494
669	37	3.610918	-0.5114435	-0.18505943	-0.04233456	-0.1403346	-0.42438411	-0.22824213	0.033911734	0.171913756	0.009683515	0.261574457
670	34	3.526361	0.29130348	-0.18411966	-0.3033832	-0.01524044	0.763565895	-0.16884432	-0.63400593	0.179133928	0.477538211	0.084857716
671	35	3.555348	0.38531072	0.10486925	-0.44670742	-0.10921795	0.61793094	-0.195984	-0.46901199	0.152691296	0.497594244	0.148464352
672	45	3.806662	0.39644751	0.13871186	-0.5290869	-0.16081467	0.626007878	-0.18834263	-0.5444	0.154191981	0.424142489	1.57E-01
673	122	4.804021	0.86557851	0.1427211	-0.23578656	-0.19047129	0.768172689	0.397568633	-0.52317396	0.580880964	0.428311057	0.749226163
674	271	5.602119	0.86622872	0.31160826	-0.1124721	-0.08488316	0.582209396	-0.00769241	1.104357314	-0.080700887	1.613558235	0.750352203
675	145	4.976734	-0.4486253	0.31184234	-0.40358223	-0.04048996	-0.39737534	0.173368374	-0.02136781	0.367942391	-0.224169131	0.201264631
676	261	5.56452	0.06610957	-0.1615051	-0.80130698	-0.1452896	0.883632048	0.041192473	0.481578816	-0.301956195	1.022062196	0.004370475
677	335	5.814131	-0.1964637	0.02379944	0.619720039	-0.28847051	-1.12845374	-0.05370443	0.114423536	0.12155856	-0.838767209	0.038598001
678	666	6.50129	0.19302745	-0.07072695	0.056959937	0.223099214	0.429893674	0.054449677	-0.14917898	0.111397649	0.337662665	0.037259597
679	553	6.315358	-0.0814314	0.06948988	-0.19762581	0.020505577	0.067210078	0.048973249	0.151249104	0.13995198	0.309437913	0.006631077
680	322	5.774552	-0.0792338	-0.02931531	-0.48835128	-0.07114529	0.367287509	0.127419574	0.136036803	0.012850762	0.388755501	0.006277994
681	117	4.762174	-0.3769171	-0.02852417	-0.48587133	-0.17580646	-0.03832805	0.039663776	0.353943261	-0.240254878	0.035696562	0.142066483
682	56	4.025352	-0.336303	-0.13569015	0.276738304	-0.17491368	-0.65226486	-0.0524439	0.110177155	-0.17773086	-0.667374661	0.113099723
683	50	3.912023	0.00303409	-0.12106909	0.366045185	0.099625789	-0.14231622	-0.00059584	-0.1456775	-0.206298946	-0.493696833	9.21E-06
684	48	3.871201	-0.0461953	0.00109227	0.376625131	0.131776267	-0.29213642	0.081005711	-0.0016551	-0.198255397	-0.573052628	0.002134005
685	55	4.007333	-0.1911421	-0.0166303	0.822299588	0.135585047	-0.86122638	0.332992215	0.225015863	0.418493298	-0.550709435	0.036535319

الخلاصة

ان توليد السلاسل الزمنية لجريان الانهار من السلاسل الزمنية التاريخية مهم في عمليات التصميم والتخطيط في منظومة الموارد المائية. تناولت هذه الدراسة طريقتان لتوليد السلاسل الزمنية للجريان الشهري لنهر الزاب الكبير احد روافد نهر دجلة. الطريقة الاولى تم استخدام نموذج بارما (PARMA). حيث تم تطبيق نموذج بارما لأول مرة في العراق في هذه الدراسة حسب علم المؤلف على بيانات الجريان الشهري لنهر الزاب الكبير للفترة من شهر تشرين الاول 1933 (October) لغاية شهر ايلول 1992 (September). عند بناء نموذج بارما تم استخدام تحويل بوكس- كوكس (Box-Cox) كافضل تحويل لكل فصل لجعل البيانات طبيعية (Normality) ثم نمذجتها (Standardization) بواسطة طرح المعدل للبيانات الطبيعية والقسمة على الانحراف المعياري. استخدمت دالتي الارتباط الذاتي الدورية (PeACF) والارتباط الذاتي الجزئي الدورية (PePACF) لتحديد نوع النموذج لكل فصل. كما استخدمت دالة الاحتمال الشرطية (Conditional Maximum Likelihood) لتخمين معاملات النموذج استنادا الى اقل مجموع مربعات. حيث تم اقتراح ثمانية نماذج من هذا النوع لكل فصل وهي $PARMA(0,2)$, $PARMA(0,1)$, $PARMA(2,0)$, $PARMA(1,0)$, $PARMA(2,1)$, $PARMA(1,2)$, $PARMA(2,2)$, $PARMA(1,1)$. تم اختيار النموذج $PARMA(1,0)$ كافضل نموذج ولكل فصل بواسطة استخدام معياري (AIC) و (SIC) حيث اعطى هذا النموذج اقل قيمة لمعياري (AIC) و (SIC) من باقي النماذج الاخرى. كما تم استخدام اختبار عجز ملائمة بورتمانتيو (Portmanteau) كفحص للدقة. استخدم هذا النموذج لايجاد القيم المستقبلية للجريان الشهري لنهر الزاب الكبير ولعشر سنوات للفترة من 1993 الى 2002.

اما الطريقة الثانية فهي تطبيق نماذج الانحدار الذاتي - التكاملي- المتوسط المتحرك - الموسمية التضاعفية (SARIMA) لنفس بيانات الجريان الشهري لنهر الزاب الكبير للفترة من 1933 الى 1992. عند بناء هذا النموذج تم استخدام اللوغارتم الطبيعي لجعل البيانات طبيعية ومن ثم استخدام الفرق البسيط والفصلي. واستخدمت دالتي الارتباط الذاتي (ACF) والارتباط الذاتي الجزئي (PACF) لتحديد نوع النموذج. كما استخدمت دالة الاحتمال الغير شرطية (unconditional Maximum Likelihood) لاختيار افضل معاملات مخمنة للنماذج استنادا الى اقل مجموع مربعات. تم اقتراح اربعة نماذج من هذا النوع وهي $SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)_{12}$, $SARIMA(0,1,2)(0,1,1)_{12}$, $SARIMA(1,1,0)(1,1,0)_{12}$, $SARIMA(2,1,0)(1,1,0)_{12}$. تم اختيار نموذج $SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)_{12}$ بواسطة استخدام معياري (AIC) و (SIC) حيث اعطى هذا النموذج اقل قيمة لمعياري (AIC) و (SIC) من باقي النماذج الاخرى. كما تم استخدام اختبار عجز ملائمة بورتمانتيو (Portmanteau) كفحص للدقة. استخدم هذا النموذج لايجاد القيم المستقبلية للجريان الشهري لعشر سنوات من 1993 الى 2002.

تم مقارنة القيم المستقبلية للجريان الشهري لكلا الطريقتين مع القيم التاريخية للفترة من 1993 الى 2002 بواسطة استخدام اقل خطأ تنبؤ ولوحظ ان نموذج $SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)_{12}$ هو افضل من نموذج $PARMA(1,0)$ في تمثيل البيانات الاصلية لنهر الزاب الكبير. لذلك تم استخدام نموذج $SARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)_{12}$ لايجاد القيم المستقبلية للجريان الشهري لعشر سنوات للفترة من 2003 الى 2012.



وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي

جامعة بابل

كلية الهندسة

قسم الهندسة المدنية

النماذج التصادفية للجريان الشهري لنهر الزاب الكبير

رسالة

مقدمة الى كلية الهندسة – جامعة بابل

كجزء من متطلبات نيل شهادة الماجستير

في علوم هندسة الموارد المائية

من قبل

أنيس كاظم ادريس السعدي

(دبلوم عالي هندسة مدنية)

باشراف

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شباط 2010 م